# FILED Court of Appeals Division II State of Washington 6/22/2020 2:45 PM IN COURT OF APPEALS OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON DIVISION TWO

STATE OF WASHINGT	ON,)	
	)	No.
Respondent,	)	
	)	MOTION TO MODIFY
V.	)	COMMISSIONER'S
	)	RULING DENYING
	)	EMERGENCY MOTION
	)	TO STAY SENTENCE
Appellant.	)	UNDER RCW 9.94A.585(3)
	)	AND FOR REVIEW OF
	)	TRIAL COURT'S DENIAL
	)	OF STAY UNDER RAP
	)	8.2(b)

### I. IDENTITY OF MOVING PARTY AND RELIEF SOUGHT

the appellant, moved for this Court to exercise its authority under RCW 9.94A.585(3) and order placed on conditional release or bond. Alternatively, he asked that this Court overrule the trial court's denial of a stay and instruct that request be granted, or at least reconsidered. RAP 8.2(b). Commissioner Schmidt denied motion, providing only two sentences in support. asks this Court to modify the Commissioner's ruling and grant him his requested relief.

#### II. GROUNDS FOR RELIEF AND ARGUMENT

a. Background on appeal and trial court's denial of an appeal bond.

Following a jury trial in Pierce County, was convicted of one count of first degree theft and two counts of second degree theft. Based on aggravating factors, the court imposed an exceptional sentence upward on count one for a total sentence length of ten years.

Appellate counsel filed a motion in the trial court seeking an appeal bond. App. I. **Constitution** argued an appeal bond was appropriate primarily for three reasons. First, **Constitution** was not a danger to the community. He is appealing convictions for theft, a non-violent offense, and his criminal history consists of non-violent offenses. App. I (app. A). Second, **Constitution** who is incarcerated at the Monroe Correctional Complex, is at an increased risk of death or serious illness from COVID-19 due to his health condition, age, and status as an African-American. Inmates and staff at the facility have tested positive for COVID-19. Third, **Constitution** has a home to reside at and a supportive wife, where he could social distance and stay safe.

The prosecution opposed **contraction** request, contending that **contraction** had not shown COVID-19 posed a high risk and implied that Mr.

was actually safer from COVID-19 in prison. The State argued an appeal bond should be completely denied. App. II.

filed a reply. App. III. He also filed additional evidence to further substantiate his position that COVID-19 posed a significant risk of death or serious illness to him. App. IV.

Notwithstanding that counsel's communication with **manual** had been hampered by the pandemic, the prosecution moved to strike the additional evidence submitted by **manual** App. V.

Without holding a hearing or hearing oral argument from the parties, the trial court denied request to set an appeal bond. App. VI. The trial court found that an appeal bond was inappropriate, concluding that (1) posed a serious risk to the safety of members of the community if he were released; and (2) a stay of the sentence would create significant delay and this delay will unduly diminish the deterrent effect of the punishment. App. VI. at 1-2. As for

argument that an appeal bond was appropriate given the unique circumstances created by the pandemic to **manual** health, the trial court concluded this did not matter. App. VI at 3. Recharacterizing argument, the trial court concluded that **manual** had not proved that Washington State was failing in its constitutional duty to provide for **manual** safety and welfare. App. VI. at 3. In a separate order, the trial court denied the State's motion to strike the additional evidence showing that the Department of Corrections considered COVID-19 to present an elevated risk to **manual** health. App. VII.

filed emergency motion seeking to stay his sentence and for review of the trial court's decision pursuant to RAP 8.2(b). The State filed a response, which again misrepresented the record and asserted that had not shown he was at a severe risk of serious illness or death should he contract COVID-19. Three days later, before had an opportunity to file a reply and without hearing oral argument, Commissioner Schmidt issued a ruling denying request. In denying the motion, Commissioner provided a two sentence explanation, stating: "Given the Appellant's extensive criminal history, the delay resulting from the stay would reduce the deterrent effect of the sentence. RCW 9.95.062(1)(b). His physical condition does not place him at such increased risk of COVID-19 infection as to warrant release pending appeal." App. IX. b. As a 53-year-old African-American male with high blood pressure and other health conditions, is at a high risk of death or serious illness from COVID-19. His incarceration at the Monroe Correctional Complex creates a significant risk that he will become infected.

Washington remains in throes of a pandemic from COVID-19.

Over 100,000 lives across the country have been lost.<sup>1</sup> While Washington is in the process of slowly reopening its economy and society,<sup>2</sup> COVID-19 will not disappear anytime soon.

Contrary to the State's repeated assertions to the contrary, the evidence indisputably shows that COVID-19 poses a grave risk to **mathematical states in the contracts it. Mathematical states is a** *53-year-old* African American. App. VIII. The Department of Corrections' *own guide*, which was last updated on May 15, 2020 and remains in effect until rescinded, states that those who are "[a]ged 50 years or older" "should be considered at high risk." App. X at p.6.<sup>3</sup> It notes that the "National Institute of Corrections

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> <u>https://www.nytimes.com/interactive/2020/05/24/us/us-</u> <u>coronavirus-deaths-</u> <u>100000.html?action=click&module=Top%20Stories&pgtype=Homepage</u> (last accessed June 22, 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Washington is implementing a four-phased approach to recovery. <u>https://www.governor.wa.gov/sites/default/files/SafeStartWA\_4May20\_1</u> <u>pm.pdf?utm\_medium=email&utm\_source=govdelivery</u> (last accessed June 22, 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> WA State DOC COVID-19 Screening, Testing, and Infection Control Guideline Version 18, available at

recognizes that incarcerated population ages 50 and above are considered elderly." <u>Id.</u> at p. 6 n.\*\*.

Consistent with the Department of Corrections' guide, healthcare staff from the Department have identified as being at an increased risk from COVID-19. App. IV, VIII. In addition to his age, he suffers from high blood pressure and takes medications to address this condition. App. VIII. Having high blood pressure increases the odds of having worse symptoms or dying from COVID-19.<sup>4</sup> has medical complications from past injuries and suffers from joint pain and severe foot problems. App. VIII. He has extensive dental care and eyecare needs. App. VIII. Among other medications, he takes pain medications. App. VIII. The has extensive dental care and eyecare needs. App. VIII. Among other medications, he takes pain medications. App. VIII. Me has extensive dental care and eyecare needs. App. VIII. Among other medications, he takes pain medications. App. VIII. Me has extensive dental care and eyecare needs. App. VIII. Among other medications, he takes pain medications. App. VIII. Me has an African-American male. App. VIII. African-Americans have suffered disproportionately from COVID-19.<sup>5</sup> In sum, means health, age, and status as an African-American place him at a high risk from COVID-19.

https://www.doc.wa.gov/news/2020/docs/wa-state-doc-covid-19screening-testing-infection-control-guideline.pdf (last accessed June 22, 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> <u>https://www.webmd.com/lung/coronavirus-high-blood-pressure#1</u> (last accessed June 22, 2020)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> <u>https://www.npr.org/sections/health-</u> <u>shots/2020/04/18/835563340/whos-hit-hardest-by-covid-19-why-obesity-stress-</u> <u>and-race-all-matter</u> (last accessed June 22, 2020)

State Reformatory. Due to his incarceration, **Mathematical Problem** risk of contracting COVID-19 is substantially increased. As of submission, ten staff members and 19 incarcerated individuals at the Monroe Correctional Complex have tested positive for COVID-19. App. XI.<sup>6</sup> Tragically, a corrections officer at the Monroe Correctional Complex died from COVID-19.<sup>7</sup>

The current situation at Coyote Ridge Corrections Center is a stark reminder that the danger from COVID-19 has not passed. There has been an outbreak at that facility. As of writing, 40 staff members and 96 inmates at the facility have tested positive.<sup>8</sup> Tragically, as the Department of Corrections recently reported, an incarcerated person named Victor Bueno died from COVID-19 on June 17, 2020.<sup>9</sup> Mr. Bueno, who was

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> <u>https://www.doc.wa.gov/news/covid-19.htm#resources</u> (last accessed June 22, 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> <u>https://www.kiro7.com/news/local/department-corrections-officer-dies-covid-19/S62PL3YXURERRL4XUIVZU3473Q/</u> (last accessed June 22, 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> <u>https://www.doc.wa.gov/news/covid-19.htm#status</u> (last accessed June 22, 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> <u>https://www.doc.wa.gov/news/2020/06182020p.htm</u> (last accessed June 22, 2020).

serving a sentence for violating a no-contact order, was only three months away from his estimated release date.<sup>10</sup>

The news story additionally states that Coyote Ridge has "17 individuals in isolation, meaning the individuals have symptoms and are separated from healthy people, as of June 17, 2020; and, 1,784 individuals in quarantine as of June 17, 2020, meaning they were exposed but do not have symptoms and are separated from healthy people."<sup>11</sup> Until recently, only those with symptoms were being tested; only now is testing being expanding.<sup>12</sup>

This evidence establishes that **COVID-19**. App. VIII. It is overcrowded and there is virtually no social distancing. App. VIII.

If granted an appeal bond, declares he would abide by any conditions of release. App. VIII. He is married to a supportive wife who lives in Pierce County, where he could also reside if released. App. VIII. The risk of COVID-19 to would be significantly mitigated if he were at home rather than imprisoned at a facility where COVID-19 may spread further or where an outbreak occur, like at Coyote

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> <u>Id.</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> <u>https://www.spokesman.com/stories/2020/jun/16/with-117-</u> <u>cases-confirmed-and-fraction-of-inmates-t/</u> (last access June 18, 2020).

c. This Court should exercise its authority under RCW 9.94A.585(3) and order that a stay be grant while appeal is pending.

"Pending review of the sentence, the sentencing court or <u>the court</u> of appeals may order the defendant confined or placed on conditional release, including bond." RCW 9.94A.585(3) (emphasis added). By its plain language, this provision grants this Court authority to order

release pending review. <u>State v. Portomene</u>, No. 81264-5-I, 2020 WL 2114633, at \*3 (Wash. Ct. App. Apr. 29, 2020) (unpublished)<sup>13</sup>; <u>see</u> RAP 8.2(a) ("The conditions under which a defendant in a criminal case or a juvenile in a juvenile offense proceeding may be released pending review, or may obtain a stay of execution of sentence, are set forth in the criminal rules, juvenile court rules, and <u>in statutes</u>.") (emphasis added).

In its ruling, the commissioner failed to address **request** under RCW 9.94A.585(3). App. IX. As argued, this Court should exercise this authority for two reasons. First, due to **request** health and incarceration, he is placed at an unnecessary and increased risk of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Cited for persuasive authority. GR 14.1.

death or serious illness from COVID-19. Second, he is not a flight risk and does not pose a danger to the community.

It is appropriate take into account the risk to **COVID-19** in consideration of a stay. As the Massachusetts Supreme Court has reasoned, "[i]n these extraordinary times, a judge deciding whether to grant a stay should consider not only the risk <u>to others</u> if the defendant were to be released and reoffend, but also the health risk <u>to the</u> <u>defendant</u> if the defendant were to remain in custody." <u>Christie v.</u> <u>Commonwealth</u>, 484 Mass. 397, 401, 142 N.E.3d 55 (2020). "In evaluating this risk, a judge should consider both the <u>general</u> risk associated with preventing COVID-19 transmission and minimizing its spread in correctional institutions to inmates and prison staff and the <u>specific</u> risk to the defendant, in view of his or her age and existing medical conditions, that would heighten the chance of death or serious illness if the defendant were to contract the virus." Id. at 401-02.

Here, is at high risk of serious illness. COVID-19 has infected staff members and inmates at the Monroe Correctional Complex. An outbreak is possible like at Coyote Ridge. is not a danger to anyone's safety. The convictions he is appealing, along with his criminal history, are non-violent. He has a place to stay with his wife in Pierce

County. He would be monitored. If he disobeys a condition of release, he would again be confined.

In its response to **motion**, the State painted **motion** as a kind of super criminal, who poses a danger to the community and is not deserving of release while he exercises his constitutional right to appeal his convictions and sentence. The State's characterizations, which appear to have persuaded the commissioner to rule against **motion** should be rejected.

First, the State exaggerates the amount of money that the jury found constituted theft from the purported victim, Melvin Mesick. As the judgment and sentence shows, restitution was ordered at \$11,829.68, not an amount "more than \$14,000," as the State represented in its response. Further, the money at issue was money that Mr. Mesick loaned or paid

While the jury appears to have found this money obtained without authorization or through deception, **will likely be raising a** sufficiency of the evidence challenge, along with other legal challenges, to this determination in his appeal. A mere breach of contract or a failure to pay back a debt, as appears to be the case here, do not constitute the crime of theft. <u>State v. Pike</u>, 118 Wn.2d 585, 595, 826 P.2d 152 (1992). Second, criminal history concern petty or non-violent crimes, much of which is ancient history. App. I (app. A). For example, that has a significant number of "convictions" for driving on a suspended license in the 1990s does not show he is a danger to the community. App. I (app. A). His felony convictions are all non-violent and largely concern theft or possession of a controlled substance. App. I (app. A). Further, that has a nearly *20-year-old conviction* for escape in the second degree under RCW 9A.76.120 does not establish that he is likely to flee if released. App. I (app. A).

Thus, the commissioner's reliance on **criminal** history to deny a stay was unwarranted.

It was also *legal error* because the commissioner relied on a statute that does not apply to the Court of Appeals. Based on **statute** criminal history, the commissioner found that "the delay resulting from the stay would reduce the deterrent effect of the sentence." RCW 9.95.062(1)(b). This statute states that "[n]otwithstanding CrR 3.2 or RAP 7.2, an appeal by a defendant in a criminal action shall not stay the execution of the judgment of conviction, if the court determines by a preponderance of the evidence that . . . [t]he delay resulting from the stay will unduly diminish the deterrent effect of the punishment." RCW 9.95.062(1)(b). By its plain language, this statute does not apply to the Court of Appeals because the provisions referred to, CrR 3.2 and RAP 7.2, apply to the trial court, not the Court of Appeals. The statute does not refer to RCW 9.94A.585(3), which is an independent grant of authority to *the Court of Appeals*. Thus, the commissioner erred by failing to address

request that this Court exercise its authority, independent of that from the trial court, and grant him a conditional release or bond.

Further, while appellate counsel has not been able to fully review the record in **appeal** yet, there are issues of merit to present in his appeal. A skim of the record shows there are issues concerning the sufficiency of the evidence to convict **appendix** of theft and whether the trial court erred by admitting prior bad acts evidence under ER 404(b). There are likely other issues. Regardless, even if his appeal unsuccessful,

at this time. Conditions may improve significantly by the time his appeal is resolved.

For these reasons, this Court should order that **Example** be released on personal recognizance or granted an appeal bond. Prior to being found guilty, bail was set at \$150,000 with conditions. App. I (App. C). **Example** submits bond up to this amount would be appropriate. **Example** is amenable to standard conditions of release. The sentence should be stayed until the appellate mandate is issued. *d. Alternatively, this Court should reverse the trial court's order refusing to stay the sentence or grant an appeal bond.* 

A trial court has authority to stay a sentence, including granting an

appeal bond. RAP 7.2(f); CrR 3.2(h). Whether to grant a stay is

discretionary. State v. Johnson, 105 Wn.2d 92, 96, 711 P.2d 1017 (1986).

A statute, however, requires a trial court to deny a stay if the prosecution

shows by a preponderance of the evidence any one of four grounds:

Notwithstanding CrR 3.2 or RAP 7.2, an appeal by a defendant in a criminal action shall not stay the execution of the judgment of conviction, if the court determines by a preponderance of the evidence that:

(a) The defendant is likely to flee or to pose a danger to the safety of any other person or the community if the judgment is stayed; or

(b) The delay resulting from the stay will unduly diminish the deterrent effect of the punishment; or

(c) A stay of the judgment will cause unreasonable trauma to the victims of the crime or their families; or

(d) The defendant has not undertaken to the extent of the defendant's financial ability to pay the financial obligations under the judgment or has not posted an adequate performance bond to assure payment.

RCW 9.95.062(1); State v. Cole, 90 Wn. App. 445, 447, 949 P.2d 841

(1998). A party can object to a denial of a stay by motion in the appellate

court. RAP 8.2(b).

In this case, the trial court found that the prosecution had met its burden to prove by a preponderance grounds (a) and (b). App. VI at 2. On ground (a), the trial court found that **meaning** "poses <u>a serious risk</u> to the safety of members of the community within the meaning of RCW 9.95.062(1)(a) if he were to be released on bond or on his own recognizance." App. VI at 2 (emphasis added). The trial court erred. The standard is not a "serious risk," it is whether the evidence shows by a preponderance that it is "likely" (meaning more probable than not) that

poses a danger to the safety of the community. RCW 9.95.062(1)(a). A serious risk (e.g., infection from COVID-19 in prison) may exist but still not be likely to come to fruition. <u>See State v. Rich</u>, 184 Wn.2d 897, 904, 365 P.3d 746 (2016) ("A "risk," of course, is not a certainty."). Regardless, the prosecution did not prove that would not obey conditions of release that would mitigate any risk to the community.

As for ground (b), the trial court also erred in determining that a stay would "create significant delay and this delay will unduly diminish the deterrent effect of the punishment." App. VI at 2. Again, the trial court erred. The standard requires that the deterrent effect be "unduly" (i.e. excessively) diminished by a stay. RCW 9.95.062(1)(b). The evidence did not show this by a preponderance. Indeed, a conditional release would

have a deterrent effect against unlawful behavior because if **sector** violates the conditions of release, the stay may be revoked. Moreover,

is not a young man for whom punishment might ordinarily need to be immediately imposed for it to have a deterrent effect. **Example 1** has already served part of his sentence. This punishment has a deterrent effect even if the appeal delays him from serving the full sentence (assuming he is unsuccessful in his appeal).

The trial court's decision on RCW 9.95.062(1) was manifestly unreasonable and not supported by the evidence. <u>Washington State</u> <u>Physicians Ins. Exch. & Ass'n v. Fisons Corp.</u>, 122 Wn.2d 299, 339, 858 P.2d 1054 (1993) ("A trial court abuses its discretion when its order is manifestly unreasonable or based on untenable grounds.").

Further, the trial court erred by reading RCW 9.95.062 in a vacuum and in a world where COVID-19 does not endanger (along with others, including corrections officers, from overcrowding in prisons). The Massachusetts Supreme Court recognized this reality and instructed its lowers courts to consider not merely the risk that the defendant poses from release, but the health risk to the defendant if he remains in prison. <u>Christie</u>, 484 Mass. at 401-02. RCW 9.95.062 should likewise be read in a flexible manner. The trial court's failure to do so was error.

Rather, the court appears to have placed the burden on to prove by a preponderance of the evidence that his conditions of confinement violated either the state or federal constitutions. App. VI. at 3. But the question is not whether "the Department of Corrections is continuing to use all appropriate and reasonable means to protect all person committed to its custody and care." App. VI. at 3. The question is whether the significant risk to the feature of the health from COVID-19 weighs in favor of an appeal bond, and whether this risk outweighs any risk of harm to others by releasing <u>Christie</u>, 484 Mass. at 401-02. The trial court's failure to apply the correct standard was an abuse of discretion. <u>State v. Quismundo</u>, 164 Wn.2d 499, 504, 192 P.3d 342, 344 (2008) ("the trial court based its ruling on an erroneous view of the law and therefore abused its discretion.").

Accordingly, if the Court does not exercise its authority and grant an appeal bond, the Court should remand for hearing with instruction to the trial court to apply the correct standard.

## III. CONCLUSION

The Court should exercise its authority under RCW 9.94A.585(3) and grant request for a stay of his sentence by an appeal bond. Alternatively, the trial court's refusal to order a stay should be

reversed. If not, remand for a new hearing is appropriate. The commissioner's ruling should modified.

Respectfully submitted this 22nd day of June, 2020.

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Richard W. Lechich – WSBA #43296 Washington Appellate Project – #91052 Attorney for Appellant

# Appendix I



1		will be issues of merit to raise in the appeal. Without the benefit of the transcripts, there
2		appears to be potential issues concerning the sufficiency of the evidence and the
3		admission of prior bad acts evidence under ER 404(b).
4	3.	An appeal bond has not been set in this case.
5	4.	Washington State is in the throes of a pandemic from COVID-19, also known as the
6		coronavirus. As the Washington Supreme Court recognized in its order addressing the
7		pandemic on March 20, 2020, we are in a state of emergency and measures are necessary
8		to mitigate crisis. IN THE MATTER OF THE STATEWIDE RESPONSE BY
9		WASHINGTON STATE COURTS TO THE COVID-19 PUBLIC HEALTH
10		EMERGENCY. Available at
11		http://www.courts.wa.gov/content/publicUpload/Supreme%20Court%20Orders/Supr
12		eme%20Court%20Emergency%20Order%20re%20CV19%20031820.pdf.
13	5.	COVID-19 can cause serious illness and death. Older adults or persons with underlying
14		medical conditions are at a greater risk.
15	6.	who was born on September 24, 1966, is 53 years old. As recounted by his
16		trial counsel in the defense sentencing brief, "physical health is likely to
17		rapidly decline as he approaches age 60." App. B (defense sentencing brief), p. 12. Thus,
18		the danger of COVID-19 to his health is significant. And even people who are younger
19		or in good health are at risk of serious illness or death from COVID-19.
20	7.	is currently housed at the Monroe Correctional Complex-WA State
21		Reformatory.
22	8.	Several staff members and inmates at the Monroe Correctional Complex have tested
23		positive for COVID-19. https://www.doc.wa.gov/news/2020/04072020p.htm;
24		https://www.doc.wa.gov/news/covid-19.htm. On April 8, 2020, due to the conditions
25		and the news about the positive tests, over 100 inmates at the minimum security unit at
	MOTION APPEAL -	AND ORDER FOR BAIL ON 2 WASHINGTON APPELLATE PROJECT 610 MELBOURNE TOWER 1511 THIRD AVENUE SEATTLE, WASHINGTON 98101 (206) 587-2711

1	Monroe engaged in a demonstration that caused a disturbance.
2	https://www.doc.wa.gov/news/2020/04082020p.htm;
3	https://www.king5.com/article/news/crime/coronavirus-disturbance-at-monroe-
4	corrections-complex/281-d41aff45-3a6c-409e-aca6-fc35160d7b62
5	9. To mitigate the risk of illness or death due to COVID-19, is asking this Court
6	to stay his sentence pending resolution of his appeal. This Court has authority to do so.
7	RAP 7.2(f); CrR 3.2(h).
8	10. As recognized recently by the Massachusetts Supreme Court, in considering a stay of a
9	sentence pending appeal, "a judge must give careful consideration not only to the risks
10	posed by releasing the defendant flight, danger to others or to the community, and
11	likelihood of further criminal acts but also, during this pandemic, to the risk that the
12	defendant might die or become seriously ill if kept in custody." <u>Christie v.</u>
13	<u>Commonwealth</u> , SJC-12927, 2020 WL 1545877, at *1 (Mass. Apr. 1, 2020).
14	11. In this case, was convicted of theft, a non-violent offense. His criminal
15	history consists of non-violent offenses. App. A (judgment and sentence).
16	12. has a supportive wife and place to reside.
17	13. The risk to the community or of flight is minimal and does not justify denial of an appeal
18	bond.
19	14. To mitigate the risk of death or serious illness to a stay of his sentence is
20	appropriate while exercises his state constitutional right to appeal.
21	15. Given the unique circumstances, contends that personal recognizance is
22	appropriate. Standard conditions are appropriate and reasonable.
23	16. Alternatively, bail in an amount between \$0 and \$150,000 is appropriate. Prior to being
24	found guilty, bail was set at \$150,000 with conditions. App. C.
25	
	MOTION AND ORDER FOR BAIL ON APPEAL - 3

1	DATED this 10th day of April, 2020.	
2		WASHINGTON APPELLATE PROJECT
3		
4		/s/
5	-	Richard Lechich (WSBA 43296) Counsel for Appellant
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	MOTION AND ORDER FOR BAIL ON APPEAL - 4	Washington Appellate Project 610 Melbourne Tower 1511 Third Avenue Seattle, Washington 98101 (206) 587-2711

1	THE SUPERIOR COURT OF WASHINGTON FOR	
2 3	STATE OF WASHINGTON,	
4		ase No. oA No.
5 6	v. ) C	ONDITIONS OF RELEASE PENDING PPEAL
7	Defendant/Appellant.	
8		
9 10	THIS MATTER having come on regularly bet	ore the above entitled Court, upon application
11	of the defendant for an order approving his release pu	rsuant to RAP 7.2(f) and CrR 3.2(h) on bail
12	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the above-r	amed defendant/appellant <b>may/may not</b> be
13 14	released from custody upon satisfactory posting of bar	l in the amount of \$, and
15 16	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED the defendant conditions of his release	comply with the following terms and
17		
18		
19 20	by previous order of this Court, and the same	is hereby confirmed.
21		
22		
23		
24 25		
	MOTION AND ORDER FOR BAIL ON APPEAL - 5	Washington Appellate Project 610 Melbourne Tower 1511 Third Avenue Seattle, Washington 98101 (206) 587-2711

1	DONE IN OPEN COURT this day of .	April, 2020.
2		
3		
4		Honorable Jerry T. Costello Pierce County Superior Court Judge
5	Presented by:	
6		
7	<u>/s/</u> Richard Lechich (WSBA 43296)	_
8	Attorney for	
9	Approved as to form:	
10		
11	Kristie Barham (WSBA 32764) Pierce County Deputy Prosecuting Attorney	_
12	There county Deputy Trosecuting Attorney	
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	MOTION AND ORDER FOR BAIL ON APPEAL - 6	Washington Appellate Project 610 Melbourne Tower 1511 Third Avenue Seattle, Washington 98101 (206) 587-2711

# Appendix A



930 Tacoma Avenue S. Room 946 Tacoma, Washington 98402-2171 Telephone: (253) 798-7400

4444 11111 1 []·3. YOU, THE DIRECTOR, ARE COMMANDED to receive the defendant for 2 classification, confinement and placement as ordered in the Judgment and Sentence. (Sentence of confinement or placement not covered by Sections 1 and 2 above). 3 4 By direction of the Honorable Dated: 12-20-19 munumm 5 SEAL MILLION SEAL VODGE 6 JERRY T. COSTELLO **KEVIN STOCK** ส่ ประโล n é CLERK 7 22 By 8 Y DEPUT CO/ ACE 9 CERTIFIED COPY DELIVERED TO SHERIFF 10 DEC 23 2019 Date 11 12 ឃ្មាំ<sub>ម</sub>ម ស្រុកក STATE OF WASHINGTON IN OPEN COURT **SS**: 13 DEC 2 0 2019 County of Pierce I, Kevin Stock, Clerk of the above entitled 14 PIERCE COUN Court, do hereby certify that this foregoing Clerk instrument is a true and correct copy of the 15 DEPUT original now on file in my office. IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I hereinto set my 16 hand and the Seal of Said Court this day of 17 KEVIN STOCK, Clerk 18 0111 By:\_ Deputy n n n n 19 mkr 20 21 22 23 24 ម្ខេករ F F H H H 25 26 27 28 Office of Prosecuting Attorney WARRANT OF COMMITMENT -2 930 Tacoma Avenue S. Room 946 Tacoma, Washington 98402-2171 Telephone: (253) 798-7400 ปปปป

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(F) Firearm, (D) Other deadly weapons, (V) VUCSA in a protected zone, (VH) Veh. Hom, See RCW 46.61.520, (JP) Javenile present, (SM) Sexual Motivation, (SCF) Sexual Conduct with a Child for a Fee. See RCW 9.94A.533(8). (If the crime is a drug offense, include the type of drug in the second column.)

as charged in the ORIGINAL Information

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- [] Current offenses encompassing the same criminal conduct and counting as one crime in determining the offender score are (RCW 9.94A.589):
- Other current convictions listed under different enuse numbers used in calculating the offender score are (list offense and cause number):

#### 2.2 CRIMINAL HISTORY (RCW 9.94A.525):

	CRIME	DATE OF SENTENCE	SENTENCING COURT	DATE OF CRIME	ADULT JUV	TYPE OF CRIME
1	FTC		DISTRICT COURT I (TACOMA)	11-17-1989	A	MISD
2	FTC		DISTRICT COURT I (TACOMA)	11-29-1989	A	MISD
3	FTC		DISTRICT COURT I (TACOMA)	02-13-1990	A	MISD
4	FTC		DISTRICT COURT I (TACOMA)	04-18-1990	A	MISD
5	FTAS		DISTRICT COURT I (TACOMA)	11-26-1990	A	MISD
Q	NVOL		DISTRICT COURT I (TACOMA)	01-10-1991	A	MISD
7	DWLS/FTAS		TACOMA MUNICIPAL COURT	07-16-1991	A	MISD
8	DWLS/FTAS		DISTRICT COURT 1 (TACOMA)	08-10-1991	A	MISD
9	DWLS/FTAS		TACOMAMUNICIPAL COURT	10-22-1991	A	MISD
10	NVOL		DISTRICT COURT 1 (TACOMA)	02-22-1992	A	MISD
11	DWLS/FTAS		TACOMA MUNICIPAL COURT	06-12-1992	A	MISD
12	DWLS/FTAS		TACOMAMUNICIPAL COURT	07-24-1992	A	MISD
13	THEFT 3		DISTRICT COURT 1 (TACOMA)	09-18-1992	A	MISD
14	DWLS		TACOMA MUNICIPAL COURT	08-28-1993	A	MISD
15	DWLS		DISTRICT COURT 1 (TACOMA)	11-18-1993	A	MISD
16	DWLS		DISTRICT COURT 1 (TACOMA)	11-22-1993	A	MISD
17	DWLS		DISTRICT COURT 1 (TACOMA)	11-29-1993	A	MISD
18	DWLS		TACOMA MUNICIPAL COURT	12-01-1993	A	MISD
19	DWLS		DISTRICT COURT 1 (TACOMA)	12-21-1993	A	MISD
20	DWLS		DISTRICT COURT I (TACOMA)	07-28-1994	A	MISD
21	CITY LIC VIO		FIRCREST MUNICIPAL	11-20-1995	A.	MISD
22	THEFT 3		DISTRICT COURT 1 (TACOMA)	03-27-1996	A	MISD
23	THEFT 3		DISTRICT COURT I (TACOMA)	03-27-1996	A	MISD
24	THEFT		DISTRICT COURT I (TACOMA)	04-02-1996	A	MISD

JUDGMENT AND SENTENCE (JS) (Felony) (7/2007) Page 2 of 12 Office of Prosecuting Attorney 930 Tacoma Avenue S. Room 946 Tacoma, Washington 98402-2171 Telephone: (253) 798-7400

25	DWLS		DISTRICT COURT I (TACOMA)	04-05-1996	A	MIST
26	DWLS		TACOMAMUNICIPAL	06-13-1996	A	MIST
27	DWLS	1	TACOMA MUNICIPAL COURT	07-23-1996	A	MIST
28	DWLS	1	TACOMA MUNICIPAL COURT	08-04-1996	A	MIS
29	THEFT 3		LAKEWOOD MUNI COURT	09-15-1996	A	MIST
30	DWLS	1	DISTRICT COURT 1 (TACOMA)	09-23-1996	A	MIST
31	DWLS		LAKEWOOD MUNI COURT	10-24-1996	A	MIS
32	DWLS		TACOMA MUNICIPAL COURT	08-25-1997	A	MIS
33	THEFT 3		DISTRICT COURT 1 (TACOMA)	12-05-1997	A	MIS
34	DWLS/FALSE STATEMENTS		DISTRICT COURT I (TACOMA)	12-07-1997	A	MIS
35	DWLS		DISTRICT COURT I (TACOMA)	12-26-1998	A	MIS
36	THEFT 3		LAKEWOOD MUNI COURT	02-12-1999	A	MS
37	DWLS 3		LAREWOOD MUNI COURT	12-01-1999	A	MIS
38	DWLS 3		LAREWOOD MUNI COURT	12-14-1999	A	MIS
39	DWLS 3		LAKEWOOD MUNI COURT	02-21-2000	A	MIS
40	THEFT 3		LAKEWOOD MUNI COURT	06-30-2001	A	MIS
41	THEFT 3		LAKEWOOD MUNI COURT	12-15-2004	A	MIS
42	THEFT 3		LAKEWOOD MUNI COURT	06-28-2005	A	MIS
43	CRIM TRSP 1		SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	05-27-2016	A	MIS
44	FAILURE TO OBTAIN BUSINESS LIC		SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	05-27-2016	A	MIS
45	THEFT IN THE SECOND DEGREE	07-22-1993	SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	02-10-1993	A	NV
46	THEFT IN THE SECOND DEGREE	09-16-1993	SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE	08-19-1993	A	N7
47	THEFT IN THE SECOND DEGREE	07-08-1999	SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	11-26-1997	A	NV
48	UDCSCOCAINE	04-06-2000	SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	02-11-2000	A	NV
49	CONSPUDCS (COCAINE) W/SCHOOL ENHANCEMEN T	03-08-2002	SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	09-19-2001	A	NV
50	ESCAPE 2	03-08-2002	SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	09-19-2001	A	NV
51	UPCS COCAINE	02-22-2007	SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	06-26-2005	A	NV
52	THEFT I	02-20-2007	SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	09-27-2005	A	אע
53	ORGANIZED CRIME - LEADING	02-20-2007	SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	09-27-2005	A	אע
54	THEFT 2	02-20-2007	SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	09-27-2005	A	אע
55	THEFT 2	02-20-2007	SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	09-27-2005	A	N₹
56	THEFT 2	02-20-2007	SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	09-27-2005	A	אע
57	THEFT 2	02-20-2007	SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	09-27-2005	A	NV

JUDGMENT AND SENTENCE (JS) (Felony) (7/2007) Page 3 of 12 Office of Prosecuting Attorney 930 Tacoma Avenue S. Room 946 Tacoma, Washington 98402-2171 Telephone: (253) 798-7400

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58	THEFT 2	02-20-2007	SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE	09-27-2005	A	NV
59	THEFT 2	02-20-2007	SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	09-27-2005	A	NV
60	THEFT 2	02-20-2007	SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	09-27-2005	A	NV
61	UPCS	02-04-2011	SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	04-21-2010	A	NŸ
62	UPCS		SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	08-19-2015	A	אע
63	UPCS	10-26-2015	SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	08-19-2015	A	NV
64	THEFT 2		SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	03-05-2018	A	NA
65	THEFT 2		SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	03-06-2018	A	N¥

[ ] The court finds that the following prior convictions are one offense for purposes of determining the offender score (RCW 9.94A 525):

2.3 SENTENCING DATA:

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COUNT NO.	OFFENDER SCORE	seriousness Level	STANDARD RANGE (not including enhancements)	PLUS ENHANCEMEN IS	IOTAL STANDARD RANGE (including enhancements)	MAXIMUM TERM
1	9+	II	43-57 MONTHS	NONE	43-57 MONTHS	10 YEARS
2	9+	I	22-29 MONTHS	NONE	22-29 MONTHS	5 YEARS
3	9+	I	22-29 MONTHS	NONE	22-29 MONTHS	5 YEARS

2.4[] EXCEPTIONAL SENTENCE. Substantial and compelling reasons exist which justify an exceptional sentence:

[] within [] below the standard range for Count(s)

[X] above the standard range for Count(s) I fr 

[] The defendant and state stipulate that justice is best served by imposition of the exceptional sentence above the standard range and the court finds the exceptional sentence furthers and is consistent with the interests of justice and the purposes of the sentencing reform act.

 $[\mathbf{P}]$  Aggravating factors were [] stipulated by the defendant, [] found by the court after the defendant waived jury trial, 💢 found by jury by special interrogatory.

Findings of fact and conclusions of law are attached in Appendix 2.4. [Abry's special interrogatory is attached. The Prosecuting Attorney 🕅 did [ ] did not recommend a similar sentence.

2.5 ABILITY TO PAY LEGAL FINANCIAL OBLIGATIONS. The court has considered the total amount owing, the defendant's past, present and future ability to pay legal financial obligations, including the defendant's financial resources and the likelihood that the defendant's status will change. The court finds that the defendant has the ability or likely future ability to pay the legal financial obligations imposed herein RCW 9.94A 753.

[]) The following extraordinary circumstances exist that make restitution inappropriate (RCW 9.94A.753):

X The following extraordinary circumstances exist that make payment of nonmandatory legal financial obligations inappropriate:

Defendent is indisent

2.6 [ ] FELONY FIREARM OFFENDER REGISTRATION. The defendant committed a felony firearm offense as defined in RCW 9.41.010.

[] The court considered the following factors:

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у. У	2	[] the defendant's criminal history.
M C)	3	[ ] whether the defendant has previously been found not guilty by reason of insanity of any offense in this state or elsewhere.
	4	[] evidence of the defendant's propensity for violence that would likely endanger persons.
		[ ] other:
	5	[ ] The court decided the defendant [ ] should [ ] should not register as a felony firearm offender.
មជាមុម		III. JUDGMENT
interna interna	7	3.1 The defendant is GUILTY of the Counts and Charges listed in Paragraph 2.1.
đ)	8	3.2 [ ] The court DISMISSES Counts [ ] The defendant is found NOT GUILTY of Counts
	9	,
() (1	10	IV. SENTENCE AND ORDER
О Л	11	IT IS ORDERED:
5.	12	4.1 Defendant shall pay to the Clerk of this Court: (Pierce CountyClerk, 930 Tacoma Ave#110, Tacoma WA 98402)
if) Ruuu Ehren S	12	IASS CODE RTNRIN \$ 11,829.68 Restitution to: Melvin Mesick
0I		RTNRIN \$ 11, 829. 68 Restitution to: Melvin Mesick
<{	14	(Name and Addressaddress may be withheld and provided confidentially to Clerk's Office).
	15	PCV \$ 500.00 Crime Victim assessment
	16	DNA     \$
	17	FRC \$ 29000 Criminal Filing Fee Wained
	18	<i>FCM</i> \$ Fine
11 PAG FFFF		JFR \$ hry Fee
	20	OTHER LEGAL FINANCIAL OBLIGATIONS (specify below)
		Other Costs for:
	21	\$ Other Costs for:
	22	\$ 12,329.65 TOTAL
	23	[] The above total does not include all restitution which may be set by later order of the court. An agreed
ካካሌ፣	,24	restitution order may be entered. RCW 9.94A.753. A restitution hearing:
14.17	25	[] shall be set by the prosecutor. [] is scheduled for
	26	RESITIUTION. Order Attached
	27	[] The Department of Corrections (DOC) or clerk of the court shall immediately issue a Notice of Payroll Deduction. RCW 9.94A.7602, RCW 9.94A.760(8).
	28	
<b></b>	,	JUDGMENT AND SENTENCE (JS)       Office of Prosecuting Attornal Avenue S. Ro         (Felony) (7/2007) Page 5 of 12       Tacoma. Washington 9840         Telephone: (253) 798-7400       Telephone: (253) 798-7400
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torney loom 946 402-2171 Telephone: (253) 798-7400

	[X] All payments shall be made in accordance with the policies of the clerk, commencing immediately, unless the court specifically sets forth the rate herein: Not less than \$ per month commencing RCW 9.94.760. If the court does not set the rate herein, the defendant shall report to the clerk's office within 24 hours of the entry of the judgment and sentence to set up a payment plan.
	The defendent shall report to the clerk of the court or as directed by the clerk of the court to provide financial and other information as requested. RCW 9.94A.760(7)(b)
	[] COSTS OF INCARCERATION. In addition to other costs imposed herein, the court finds that the defendant has or is likely to have the means to pay the costs of incarceration, and the defendant is ordered to pay such costs at the statutory rate. RCW 10.01.169.
	COLLECTION COSTS The defendant shall pay the costs of services to collect unpaid legal financial obligations per contract or statute. RCW 36.18.190, 9.94A 780 and 19.16.500.
	<b>INTEREST</b> The restitution obligations imposed in this judgment shall bear interest from the date of the judgment until payment in full, at the rate applicable to civil judgments. No interest shall accrue on non-restitution obligations imposed in this judgment. RCW 10.82.090.
	COSTS ON APPFAL An award of costs on appeal against the defendant may be added to the total legal financial obligations. RCW, 10.73.160.
4.1b	FLECTRONIC MONITORING REIMBURSEMENT. The defendant is ordered to reimburse (name of electronic monitoring agency) at
4.2	[X] DNA TESTING. The defendant shall have a blood/biological sample drawn for purposes of DNA identification analysis and the defendant shall fully cooperate in the testing. The appropriate agency, the county or DOC, shall be responsible for obtaining the sample prior to the defendant's release from confinement. RCW 43.43.754.
	[ ] HIV TESTING. The Health Department or designee shall test and counsel the defendant for HIV as soon as possible and the defendant shall fully cooperate in the testing. RCW 70.24.340.
4.3	NO CONTACT The defendant shall not have contact with <u>Melvin</u> <u>Mesican</u> (name, DOB) including, but not limited to, personal, verbal, telephonic, written or contact through a third party for <u>10</u> years (not to exceed the maximum statutory sentence). [] Domestic Violence No-Contact Order, Antiharassment No-Contact Order, or Sexual Assault Protection
4.4	Order is filed with this Judgment and Sentence. OTHER: Property may have been taken into custody in conjunction with this ease. Property may be returned to the rightful owner. Any claim for return of such property must be made within 90 days. After
	9 days, if you do not make a claim, property may be disposed of according to law.
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	4.2 4.3

JUDGMENT AND SENTENCE (JS) (Felony) (7/2007) Page 6 of 12

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មមមថ 1113-51	And the second			
ψ マ・2 I↑ ○ 3		4.4a	Property may have been taken into custody in conjunction with this case. Property may be returned to the rightful owner. Any claim for return of such property must be made within 90 days unless forfeited by agreement in which case no claim may be made. After 90 days, if you do not make a claim, property may be disposed of according to law.	12
4		4.40	BOND IS HEREBY EXONERATED	
5		4.5	CONFINEMENT OVER ONE YEAR. The defendant is sentenced as follows:	
90 <b>0</b> 9			(a) CONFINEMENT. RCW 9.94A.589. Defendant is sentenced to the following term of total confinement in the custody of the Department of Corrections (DOC):	
권() 여기 (Y) 전)			120 months on Count 1 months on Count	
8			66 months on Count 2 months on Count	
( <b>7</b> )			60 months on Count 3 months on Count	
()1 () 10 ()] 11	Cts	I,	It Concurrent w/ lack other & Concurrent w/ Cont F Actual number of months of total confinement ordered is: 20 months	
			(Add mandatory firearm, deadly weapons, and sexual motivation enhancement time to run consecutively to other counts, see Section 2.3, Sentencing Data, above).	
учжя Иг п п			[ ] The confinement time on Count(s) contain(s) a mandatory minimum term of	
N 13			CONSECUTIVE/CONCURRENT SENTENCES. RCW 9.94A.589. All counts shall be served	
··· 14 15			concurrently, except for the portion of those counts for which there is a special finding of a firearm, other deadly weapon, sexual motivation, VUCSA in a protected zone, or manufacture of methamphetamine with juvenile present as set forth above at Section 2.3, and except for the following counts which shall be served	
3			consecutively: <u>Consecutive</u> TD 18-1-01156-8 bais Server now-	
16 17			The sentence herein shall run consecutively to all felony sentences in other cause numbers imposed prior to the commission of the crime(s) being sentenced. The sentence herein shall run concurrently with felony	
18 ULUL PPPP 19			sentences in other cause numbers imposed after the commission of the crime(s) being sentenced except for the following cause numbers. RCW 9.94A.589:	
ULLI			sentences in other cause numbers imposed after the commission of the crime(s) being sentenced except for	
ULLL 			sentences in other cause numbers imposed after the commission of the crime(s) being sentenced except for the following cause numbers. RCW 9.94A.589:	
исьц прод 19 20			sentences in other cause numbers imposed after the commission of the crime(s) being sentenced except for the following cause numbers. RCW 9.94A.589:	×
20 21		4.6	<ul> <li>sentences in other cause numbers imposed after the commission of the crime(s) being sentenced except for the following cause numbers. RCW 9.94A.589:</li> <li>Confinement shall commence immediately unless otherwise set forth here:</li> <li>(c) Credit for Time Served. The defendant shall receive credit for eligible time served prior to sentencing if that confinement was solely under this cause number. RCW 9.94A.505. The jail shall</li> </ul>	×
20 21 22		4.6	<ul> <li>sentences in other cause numbers imposed after the commission of the crime(s) being sentenced except for the following cause numbers. RCW 9.94A.589:</li> <li>Confinement shall commence immediately unless otherwise set forth here:</li> <li>(c) Credit for Time Served. The defendant shall receive credit for eligible time served prior to sentencing if that confinement was solely under this cause number. RCW 9.94A.505. The jail shall compute time served. No fire Served on This Cak. Defendent Serve's &lt;</li> </ul>	×
20 21 22 23 24		4.6	sentences in other cause numbers imposed after the commission of the crime(s) being sentenced except for the following cause numbers. RCW 9.94A.589: Confinement shall commence immediately unless otherwise set forth here: (c) Credit for Time Served. The defendant shall receive credit for eligible time served prior to sentencing if that confinement was solely under this cause number. RCW 9.94A 505. The jail shall compute time served. No fire Gend on This Cak. Defendant Serves < [] COMMUNITY PLACEMENT (pre 7/1/00 offenses) is ordered as follows: Sertence on 15-1-01156-8.	×
чськ прил 19 20 21 22 23 Ниц 24 Лиц 24		4.6	<ul> <li>sentences in other cause numbers imposed after the commission of the crime(s) being sentenced except for the following cause numbers. RCW 9.94A.589:</li></ul>	×
чьь прил 19 20 21 22 23 Ниць 24 Лопов 25		4.6	sentences in other cause numbers imposed after the commission of the crime(s) being sentenced except for the following cause numbers. RCW 9.94A.589:	
чен прил 19 20 21 22 23 Ниц 24 лопо 25 26		4.6	<pre>sentences in other cause numbers imposed after the commission of the crime(s) being sentenced except for the following cause numbers. RCW 9.94A.589:</pre>	×

Count(s)	36 months for Serious Violent Offenses
Count(s)	18 months for Violent Offenses
Count(s)	12 months (for crimes against a person, drug offenses, or offense involving the unlawful possession of a firearm by a street gang member or associate)
Note: combined term of confis statutory maximum RCW 9.9	nement and community custody for any particular offense cannot exceed t 94A.701.
approved education, employm defendant's address or employ issued prescriptions; (5) not us own, use, or possess firearms affirmative acts as required by additional conditions imposed to electronic monitoring if imp are subject to the prior approv Community custody for sex or statutory maximum term of the result in additional confinement The court orders that during the [ ] consume no alcohol. [ ] have no contact with:	assigned community corrections officer as directed; (2) work at DOC- tent and/or community restitution (service); (3) notify DOC of any change orment; (4) not consime controlled substances except pursuant to lawfully nlawfully possess controlled substances while in community custody; (6) or ammunition; (7) pay supervision fees as determined by DOC; (8) perfor y DOC to confirm compliance with the orders of the court; (9) abide by an by DOC under RCW 9.94A.704 and .706 and (10) for sex offenses, subm posed by DOC. The defendant's residence location and living arrangement al of DOC while in community placement or community custody. Iffenders not sentenced under RCW 9.94A.712 may be extended for up to be sentence. Violation of community custody imposed for a sex offense m nt. he period of supervision the defendant shall:
	olunteer capacity where he or she has control or supervision of minors und
	g crime-related treatment or counseling services:
[] undergo an evaluation for	treatment for [ ] domestic violence [ ] substance abuse
	r management and fully comply with all recommended treatment.
[] mental health [] ange	
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	2 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
[] comply with the following	; crime-related prohibitions:
<ul> <li>[] comply with the following</li> <li>[] Other conditions:</li> <li></li></ul>	2 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7

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**FROVIDED**: That under no circumstances shall the total term of confinement plus the term of community custody actually served exceed the statutory maximum for each offense

- 4.7 [] WORK FTHIC CAMP. RCW 9.94A.690, RCW 72.09.410. The court finds that the defendant is eligible and is likely to qualify for work ethic camp and the court recommends that the defendant serve the sentence at a work ethic camp. Upon completion of work ethic camp, the defendant shall be released on community custody for any remaining time of total confinement, subject to the conditions below. Violation of the conditions of community custody may result in a return to total confinement for the balance of the defendant's remaining time of total confinement. The conditions of community custody are stated above in Section 4.6.
- 4.8 OFF LIMITS ORDER (known drug trafficker) RCW 10.66.020. The following areas are off limits to the defendant while under the supervision of the County Jail or Department of Corrections:

#### **V. NOTICES AND SIGNATURES**

- 5.1 COLLATERAL ATTACK ON JUDGMENT. Any petition or motion for collateral attack on this Judgment and Sentence, including but not limited to any personal restraint petition, state habeas corpus petition, motion to vacate judgment, motion to withdraw guilty plea, motion for new trial or motion to arrest judgment, must be filed within one year of the final judgment in this matter, except as provided for in RCW 10.73.100. RCW 10.73.090.
- 5.2 LENCTH OF SUPERVISION. For an offense committed prior to July 1, 2000, the defendant shall remain under the court's jurisdiction and the supervision of the Department of Corrections for a period up to 10 years from the date of sentence or release from confinement, whichever is longer, to assure payment of all legal financial obligations unless the court extends the criminal judgment an additional 10 years. For an offense committed on or after July 1, 2000, the court shall retain jurisdiction over the offender, for the purpose of the offender's compliance with payment of the legal financial obligations, until the obligation is completely satisfied, regardless of the statutory maximum for the crime. RCW 9.94A 760 and RCW 9.94A 505. The clerk of the court is authorized to collect unpaid legal financial obligations at any time the offender remains under the jurisdiction of the court for purposes of his or her legal financial obligations. RCW 9.94A 760(4) and RCW 9.94A 753(4).
- 5.3 NOTICE OF INCOME-WITHHOLDING ACTION. If the court has not ordered an immediate notice of payroll deduction in Section 4.1, you are notified that the Department of Corrections or the clerk of the court may issue a notice of payroll deduction without notice to you if you are more than 30 days past due in monthly payments in an amount equal to or greater than the amount payable for one month. RCW 9.94A 7602. Other income-withholding action under RCW 9.94A may be taken without further notice. RCW 9.94A 760 may be taken without further notice. RCW 9.94A 7606.

#### 5.4 **RESITTUTION HEARING**.

[ ] Defendant waives any right to be present at any restitution hearing (sign initials): \_\_\_\_\_

- 5.5 CRIMINAL ENFORCEMENT AND CIVIL COLLECTION. Any violation of this Judgment and Sentence is punishable by up to 60 days of confinement per violation. Per section 2.5 of this document, legal financial obligations are collectible by civil means. RCW 9.94A.634.
- 5.6 FIREARMS. You must immediately surrender any concealed pistol license and you may not own, use or possess any firearm unless your right to do so is restored by a court of record. (The court clerk shall forward a copy of the defendant's driver's license, identicard, or comparable identification to the Department of Licensing along with the date of conviction or commitment.) RCW 9.41.040, 9.41.047.

5.7	SEX AND KIDNAPPING OFFENDER R	EGISTRATION. RCW 9A.44.130, 10.01.200.
	N/A	
5.8		elony in the commission of which a motor vehicle was used. Itely forward an Abstract of Court Record to the Department of 's driver's license. RCW 46.20.285.
5.9	-	rt-ordered mental health or chemical dependency treatment, ndant's treatment information must be shared with DOC for and supervision. RCW 9.94A-562.
5.10	OTHER:	
		· · ·
	DONE IN OPEN COURT and in the presen	ce of the defendant this date: 12 - 20 - 19.
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	Λ	JUDGE JUM Gran
	()	Print name JERRY T. COSTELLO
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TXJ	ity Prosecuting Attorney	Attorney for Defendant
Print	name: Sven Nelson	Print name / Mr. 5 Jan Vechtur
WSE	3 # <u>24235</u>	WSB# 47370 FH
ć	$\frown$	IN ODEPT
(		DE COURT
	ndant	UEC 20 2010
Print	iname:	PIERCE COUL
		PIERCE COUNTY, Clerk
	g Rights Statement: I acknowledge that I have red to vote, my voter registration will be cance	lost my right to vote because of this felon tonuterion. If I am
confin registe	ement in the custody of DOC and not subject to	am not under the authority of DOC (not serving a sentence of o community custody as defined in RCW 9.94A.030). I must re- may be revoked if I fail to comply with all the terms of my legal t of legal financial obligations
My rig dischar the rig	t to vote may be permanently restored by one rge issued by the sentencing court, RCW 9.94A ht, RCW 9.92.066; c) a final order of discharge	e of the following for each felony conviction: a) a certificate of A.637; b) a court order issued by the sentencing court restoring e issued by the indeterminate sentence review board, RCW the governor, RCW 9.96.020. Voting before the right is restored
	ass C felony, RCW 29A.84.660. Registering to	o vote before the right is restored is a class C felony, RCW
े Defenc	iant's signature:	
JUDGA	JENT AND SENTENCE (JS)	Office of Prosecuting At 930 Tacoma Avenue S. B
	) (7/2007) Page 10 of 12	Tacoma, Washington 9 Telephone: (253) 798-7

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4	I, KEVIN STOCK Clerk of this Court, certify that the Sentence in the above-entitled action now on record in	e foregoing is a full, true and correct copy ( n this office.	of the Judgment and
5	WITNESS my hand and seal of the said Supe	erior Court affixed this date:	<u> </u>
6 црпа 7	Clerk of said County and State, by:	¥0	_, Deputy Clerk
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λη <b>Ι, Ι, Ι</b> ι	JUDGMENT AND SENTENCE (JS) (Felony) (7/2007) Page 11 of 12		Office of Prosecuting Attorney 930 Tacoma Avenue S. Room 946 Tacoma, Washington 98402-2171 Telephone: (253) 798-740 <b>6</b>
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# Appendix B

		E-FIL IN COUNTY CLE PIERCE COUNTY	RK'S OFFICE			
1		December 16 2	2019 8:30 AM			
2		KEVIN S CO	тоск			
3		NO:				
4						
5		THE STATE OF WASHINGTON				
6	IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF PIERCE					
7	STATE OF WASHINGTON,	Case No.:				
8	Plaintiff,					
9	vs.	SENTENCING BRIEF				
10	¥5.					
11						
12	Defendant           To: Pierce County Superior Court Clerk					
13 14	And: Pierce County Prosecuting Attorney					
14	COMES NOW the Defendant, by and through the undersigned attorney					
16	of record, and submits the following sentencing brief in the afore-captioned case which was put					
17	to a jury on November 4, 2019. Said jury convicted of one count of Theft in the first					
18	degree and two counts of theft in the second degree on November 14, 2019. Furthermore, the					
19	jury found that these crimes were perpetrated against a victim who was "particularly vulnerable"					
20	and that they constituted "major economic offens	es."				
21	The Defense requests that the Court give	an exceptional up concurrent				
22	sentence of 60 months on counts two and three.	The Defense further requests a consecutive				
23	prison-based DOSA sentence of 25/25 on count o					
25	85 months in custody followed by 25 months of c					
26	In the alternative, the Defense requests the					
27		to 120 months on				
28	count 1, concurrent with all other counts.					
	SENTENCING BRIEF - 1	LAW OFFICE OF CHRIS VAN VECHTEN 705 S 9 <sup>th</sup> St., Space 206, Tacoma, WA, 98405 (253) 666-8987 Chris@soundlawyering.com				

1	In support of this brief, counsel submits the following declaration.
2	DATED this 15 day of December, 2019
3	
4	China VIII
5	Chris Van Vechten, Attorney for Defendant
6	WSBA # 47320
7 8	FACTS AND DECLARATION OF COUNSEL
9	I, Chris Van Vechten, hereby certify and declare as follows:
10	Summary of Jury Trial & the relevant Procedural Posture.
11	The State accused of stealing \$14,679.68 from Melvin Mesick between May
12	
13	11, 2018 and July 19, 2018. The total sum was divided into three counts by month: one count of
14	theft in the first degree and two counts of theft in the second degree. The State presented dual
15	theories for how perpetrated these crimes that were both first challenged via
16	Knapstad motion on June 3, 2019, before the Honorable Frank Cuthbertson, and subsequently
17	via jury trial which began November 4, 2019, before the Honorable Jerry Costello. The State's
18	principal theory was that had committed theft by deception via a landscaping scheme.
19 20	The secondary theory the State presented was that was guilty of theft under the prong
21	of "wrongful taking of property" prefaced on the fact that, per orders from the Department of
22	Corrections and the Pierce County Superior Court, he was not permitted to be operating a
23	landscaping business without prior approval. Therefore, any proceeds from said business were
24	wrongfully obtained. Both theories were challenged before Judge Cuthbertson on June 3, 2019,
25	per the Knapstad motion. Both theories were allowed to proceed to trial.
26	
27	At trial, Judge Costello granted the State's motion to admit evidence and the testimony of
28	a minor witness to a previous conviction from 2005 via Gerald Buettner over the Defense's

objection. This ultimately resulted in the admission of 9 detailed theft convictions, followed by a tenth to further impeach scredibility upon taking the witness stand.

Gerald Buettner's testimony was largely consistent with his previous testimony against as expressed in written statements he prepared in 2006 and testimony he gave in 2012, except that for the first time he claimed that **against** had told him he had mailed him a reimbursement check for \$5,000 and that it must have been lost in the mail. Previously, Mr. Buettner had testified that **against** had agreed to send him a certified check in the mail and never done so, but Mr. Buettner never testified that **against** had in fact claimed to have done so in either 2006 or 2012. At least, if he did, Defense Counsel has not found it in the transcripts or sworn statements. Nevertheless, Defense Counsel elected not to attempt impeachment by citing the omission from Mr. Buettner to comment on the 2012 case in a context that the Court's pretrial rulings had made extremely problematic.

Specifically, Judge Costello had denied the Defense's efforts to admit evidence that the DOC condition preventing **and the problem of the business of landscaping came in the** wake of an acquittal in 2012, fearing such evidence would invite the jury to engage in improper speculation per ER 403. The Defense argued that such evidence was admissible primarily to (1) better explain **and the problem of the problem** 

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**SENTENCING BRIEF - 3** 

1 This issue was revisited during the trial when Deputy Prosecutor Sven Nelson cross 2 examined Defense witness Stephen Morrison concerning the loan for legal expenses he had 3 made to Inquiring as to what had told him to procure the loan, Mr. 4 had said he had been accused of this thing before and Morrison testified that 5 acquitted. Mr. Nelson seized on the acquittal statement, implying through his questioning that 6 7 Mr. Morrison had been duped. The Defense moved again for the admission of evidence of the 8 acquittal, arguing that Mr. Nelson's question and subsequent comment had surely opened the 9 door on this issue. The motion was again denied. 10 Subsequently, during cross examination of Mr. Nelson asked approximately 11 when he had been released from prison following the Buettner case. answered in 12 13 2010. Mr. Nelson then asked when the DOC condition preventing him from engaging in 14 landscaping had been put into place. The purpose of this question was to set up the argument 15 Mr. Nelson later delivered in closing that s previous convictions were not affected by 16 the interference of law enforcement but were rather a reflection of 's conduct. The 17 correct answer to Mr. Nelson's question was 2015, but – later explaining that he 18 19 believed the question could not be honestly answered otherwise – responded "well, I had just 20 come off an acquittal..." Defense Counsel objected and the jury was removed. Judge Costello 21 for violating his clear instructions regarding this topic and invited both reprimanded 22 sides to move for a mistrial. Neither side felt that mistrial was in their best interest and the trial 23 continued to verdict. 24 25 's intent, the primary issue at trial was the value of the damage he Aside from 26 caused Mr. Mesick. During trial Mr. Mesick himself finally acknowledged - for the first time -27

**SENTENCING BRIEF - 4** 

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LAW OFFICE OF CHRIS VAN VECHTEN 705 S 9<sup>th</sup> St., Space 206, Tacoma, WA, 98405 (253) 666-8987 Chris@soundlawyering.com that he had wrongly assigned a \$1550 cash withdrawal on July 2, 2018 to But it was those sums in count 1 which were of primary importance.

At trial, Mr. Mesick testified that he had given \$6398 for the month of May. According to Detective Schieferdecker, in October of 2018, he had admitted had earned \$1600 of that via landscaping services. During his interview with Defense Counsel in January of 2019, Mr. Mesick had actually claimed had earned "nothing," though private investigator Jeremy Pawloski thought this might have been a statement of dissatisfaction rather than an actual estimate of value. Regardless, at trial, Mr. Mesick again reassessed the value of work and determined that had earned only \$1200. For his part, testified that he felt he had earned at least \$1600. Michael Booker – a witness for the Defense – testified that he estimated the value of the work that he personally did over the course of two days was "about a thousand" for which he was paid \$100 by as a favor. The difference in estimates was significant because \$6398 minus \$1200 equals \$5198: a theft in the first degree; whilst \$6398 minus \$1600 equals \$4798: a theft in the second degree. disputed the claim that he had somehow benefited from a \$30 Additionally, stop payment fee on a check that Mr. Mesick had given him that was incurred on May 14, 2018. The State seemed willing to concede to that in their closing argument. Also, did not feel responsible for the \$400 Mr. Mesick gave to Mr. Wilson on an unspecified date in May that promptly resulted – by all accounts – in the termination of said person from s crew. Speaking with those jurors who remained following verdict about this issue, Defense Counsel was informed that it was the opinion of the jury that – but for Mr. Wilson would not have even been there - and thus was responsible for any thefts committed by Mr. Wilson. Without evidence that Mr. Wilson was operating as part of a criminal conspiracy under **SENTENCING BRIEF - 5** LAW OFFICE OF CHRIS VAN VECHTEN 705 S 9th St., Space 206, Tacoma, WA, 98405

(253) 666-8987 Chris@soundlawyering.com

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Is direction, Defense Counsel disputes the validity of this conclusion by the jury. In hindsight, it was perhaps error to even admit this \$400 sum into evidence given that Mr. Wilson was not called as a witness and his statements to Mr. Mesick were surely hearsay. Defense Counsel does not recall whether he objected or – if he did not – why he did not. Had this been admitted into evidence, could not have been convicted of theft 1 unless the jury believed that by working he was also committing a theft because the work was unauthorized. Finally, could not have never received an \$800 in branch withdrawl from Mr. Mesick on May 21, 2019. Presumably, the jury just did not believe him. Defense Counsel was unable to determine how the jury concluded there was proof

beyond reasonable doubt with regard to the shifting value of Mr. Mesick's estimate of source of source of source of source of source of source of the source

#### 'S CRIMINAL HISTORY & OFFENDER SCORE

s criminal history is inexcusably long and – strangely enough – has been entirely confined to conduct in Pierce County. By Defense Counsel's calculations, has been convicted of 23 felonies, all in Pierce County Superior Court, since 1993. Of these, 16 have been felony theft counts. Of these 16 theft convictions, 14 have concerned fact patterns similar to the case at bar. Of these 14, eight are derived from the Buettner case that was brought into evidence at trial under ER 404(B); two were derived from the Grimes case – for which has been imprisoned throughout the entire procedural posture of this case; and three counts are before the Court for sentencing.

**SENTENCING BRIEF - 6** 

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1 has also been convicted of five separate felony drug possession offenses 2 between 2000 and 2015. Defense Counsel represented in the unlawful possession of 3 a controlled substance case that was filed under cause number and has represented 4 him three times since in Pierce County Superior Court. 5 His offender score appears to be 23. 6 7 **HIMSELF** 8 It would be fair to say that the bulk of solution is life has been defined by his 9 experience in the criminal justice system. While generally considered a pleasant, nonviolent 10 offender. has had legal spats with CCOs and guards from time to time. In 2003, he 11 was a plaintiff in a lawsuit brought via his then attorney Thomas Olmstead concerning an injury 12 13 he sustained when he was hit by a car while working for a Cedar Creek Corrections work crew. 14 According to the complaint, requested medical assistance following the collision but 15 after a cursory check was denied treatment. See Pierce County 16 has frequently complained of pain to jail staff, CCOs, Superior Court 17 and attorneys ever since. 18 19 Multiple people who have spent extensive time with have questioned his 20 ability to fully appreciate the consequences of his actions or to distinguish between his ambitions 21 and reality. This includes several of his victims, his family members, his friends and his lawyers. 22 His most recent prior lawyer – Michael J Underwood – actually filed a 10.77 competency 23 evaluation in this case. 24 25 Defense Counsel has never questioned so competency, but like many of his 26 previous attorneys he has been concerned about so accurately interpret the 27 world around him and the effect of his actions. Additionally, there is obvious obsessive 28 LAW OFFICE OF CHRIS VAN VECHTEN **SENTENCING BRIEF - 7** 705 S 9th St., Space 206, Tacoma, WA, 98405 (253) 666-8987 Chris@soundlawyering.com

compulsivity surrounding that probably distracts and limits his ability to function with others. If nothing else, it makes him very difficult to work with and often causes him to get distracted from the bigger picture. Defense Counsel could easily imagine **failing** failing to achieve tasks or satisfy expectations because of getting sidetracked by day-to-day issues like cleanliness and minor legal or technical procedures.

Furthermore, Defense Counsel believes these problems have been compounded by persistent drug usage. During his 10.77 evaluation, **Self**-reported consuming alcohol starting at the age of 8 and marijuana at the age of 9. He first started experimenting with cocaine at the age of 10, and became a compulsive user by the age of 21. All five of his drug convictions have been centered around cocaine, but **Self**-reported also been punished for methamphetamine use while on DOC supervision, and has self-reported also using Adderall and Percocet. Mr. Mesick commented at several points during the investigation that he suspected **Self** was using drugs during their relationship.

has been married three times, and has five children, four of whom he maintains relationships with as adults. **Second Second** is 53 years old, and – by DOC's admission – has the benefit of a stable home life with a committed wife who has a solid legitimate source of income and no prior criminal history. It is astounding to the parties involved why **Second** has felt the need to engage in the business of landscaping: legitimately or otherwise. There is no essential need for money, housing, transportation, or anything else motivating his actions.

testified at trial that the purpose of the loans he received from Mr. Mesick and others was to pay legal expenses, including bail and attorney fees, in addition to stuff related to the landscaping business he was running. Mr. Morrison corroborated some of that by testifying to the nature of the loan he gave **manual**. Mr. Mesick was actually present for some of the

SENTENCING BRIEF - 8

LAW OFFICE OF CHRIS VAN VECHTEN 705 S 9<sup>th</sup> St., Space 206, Tacoma, WA, 98405 (253) 666-8987 Chris@soundlawyering.com purchases he made with Mr. Mesick's money and it was exclusively related to the landscaping business. By the State's own admission, there is no evidence that **state and used** the money he borrowed for anything other than what he said he needed it for. It is very unlikely that much, if any, of the money **state and procured** from Mr. Mesick went to drugs.

Nevertheless, it is the opinion of Defense Counsel based on his years of experience working with the second drug use and long-term drug damage has played a significant role in the second damage has played a significant role

It has long been the hope of his family that would be directed to mental health treatment at some point during his lengthy history with the criminal justice system. The professional who reviewed him for 10.77 purposes on November 30, 2018, diagnosed with Narcissistic Personality Disorder. This is a condition that is primarily treated via psychotherapy rather than a medication regimen, which is something the criminal justice system is not presently well equipped to serve. Defense Counsel is including statements from the Mayo Clinic regarding this condition with his brief in hopes that they might be useful to some future professional responsible for the monitoring and supervision of

has a committed group of supporters in his immediate family and church community. However, many of them are reluctant to speak before the Court, as they have very strong feelings about what has happened to **strong** over the years. This is especially true of his wife – who despite never having even been accused of a crime before – has had to live like an offender just by virtue of being married to **strong**. This has included being forced out of her own home at late hours of the night during surprise raids for evidence of illegal landscaping. It included being forced to sit by the side of the road when **strong** got pulled over, just for

**SENTENCING BRIEF - 9** 

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LAW OFFICE OF CHRIS VAN VECHTEN 705 S 9<sup>th</sup> St., Space 206, Tacoma, WA, 98405 (253) 666-8987 Chris@soundlawyering.com driving a vehicle assigned to someone else – as referenced by Mr. Mesick in this case. It has included watching her husband get acquitted at trial – just to have his sentence revoked anyway.

Yet, it is Defense Counsel's belief that this trial has been good for all the parties concerned, in that – despite the exclusion of evidence **considered** believes the jury should have considered; and the failure of Defense Counsel to better challenge the actual sums of money lost vs money earned – **constant**'s story was largely told. And after it was told, for the first time in his long history, a jury found him guilty of theft.

Throughout Defense Counsel's representation of **sectors** he has denied any intent to steal from any of his customers and viewed his failures primarily as a function of bad luck and state interference. At times, **sectors** has not even been able to understand how anyone could even believe he was guilty of these things. And his belief in his own innocence had previously been reinforced by a series of jury acquittals and amendments by the State to non-theft charges in the 9 years prior to the Grimes case in 2018. The resolution of the Grimes case – 18-1-01156-8 – which was concluded without even interviewing the complaining witness until after the plea, solidified **sectors** belief in his own innocence and that he was the victim of a police/DOC conspiracy.

But no matter how came to sincerely believe this – and it is sincere – regardless of whether it is the result of damage caused by narcotics, or a mental health issue, or simply by virtue of having repeated it to himself so many times before – the fact that a jury has now heard his case and convicted him as charged of theft, has been therapeutic in the sense that it has deprived him of a belief that Defense Counsel suspects has motivated **set and set and set** 

SENTENCING BRIEF - 10 VECHTEN

#### LAW OFFICE OF CHRIS VAN

place where he can examine his complicated history from the perspective of someone other than himself, and that Court should take advantage of that for the benefit of the community.

#### ARGUMENT FOR CONSECUTIVE SENTENCE WITH DOSA

Generally, when the Court sentences an offender for two or more offenses within the same cause number, the sentences are to be served concurrently pursuant to RCW 9.94.589(1)(a). The Court may, however, impose consecutive sentences under the exceptional sentence provision of RCW 9.94A.535. Because the jury found that Mr. Mesick was particularly vulnerable by virtue of the fact that he periodically used a cane, and that the theft constituted a "major economic offense," the Court has the authority to impose consecutive sentences on the three counts.

RCW 9.94A.660 outlines the requirements and exclusions for a prison-based DOSA sentence. **The sentence** meets all these pre-requisites, having never having been convicted (or even charged) with a violent or sex offense, nor a crime involving a weapons enhancement. He was granted a DOSA following conviction in February of 2007 on the Buettner case, but it appears that within 7 months of his release in 2009, he was facing drug possession charges again. *See* 

was 42 at the time. He is 53 today.

The Defense recommends the Court sentence **and to** 60 months in custody on counts 2 and 3, to be served concurrent to each other. The Defense asks the Court to then impose a consecutive 25/25 prison based DOSA on count 1. This would calculate to 85 months in custody, followed by 25 months of community supervision.

With virtually no credit for any time thus served on this cause number, the proposed sentences invites the Court to consider what the will be at the conclusion of the

envisioned sentence, instead of what he presently is and has been.

VECHTEN

First, from the community's perspective, we are considering the fate of a 53 year-oldman. While the average annual cost to housing an individual inmate in 2018 in Washington State ranged from more than \$31,000 to more \$44,000 per year depending on the institution, the cost of housing and providing healthcare to inmates over the age of 50 is more than twice as high as those below. *See*, <u>"This isn't what prisons were designed for: State struggles with gaining inmates</u>" K5 News, July 11, 2019. <u>https://www.king5.com/article/news/local/this-isnt-whatprisons-were-designed-for-state-struggles-with-aging-inmates/281-14c3ad99-3ca9-4634-844d-00c64f0a9182. *See also* <u>https://www.doc.wa.gov/docs/publications/reports/200-AR001.pdf.</u></u>

With a proposed sentence of 85 months in custody, would not transition to community custody until well into age 58. Given a lifetime of poor health choices, poor genetics (many of his siblings have already passed away) multiple car accidents, and a lifetime of working with his hands, sphysical health is likely to rapidly decline as he approaches age 60. Simultaneously, the cost to the State of housing and caring for him will become unjustifiably high for a nonviolent offender.

Although has been convicted of theft multiple times, most cases have concerned sums of significantly less value than the case at bar. In fact, most of converse of significantly less value than the case at bar. In fact, most of converse of significantly less value than the case at bar. In fact, most of converse of significantly less value than the case at bar. In fact, most of converse of significantly less value than the case at bar. In fact, most of converse of significantly less value than the case at bar. In fact, most of converse of significantly less value than the case at bar. In fact, most of converse of significantly less value than the case at bar. In fact, most of converse of significantly less value that the second degree was that which was in excess of only \$250. At least 8 of his 14 felony theft convictions would be considered misdemeanor theft 3s today. Of those remaining 6, two are from the Grimes case currently on appeal, one is for Charlotte Buettner (from 2005) and the remaining 3 are before the Court. Therefore, the scale of converse solution is a damage can easily become deceptive. Defense counsel does not believe that the cumulative non-interest value of all of converse of states of the cost of just 24 months of incarceration.

Second, by sentencing **and the problem on count 1 to DOSA**, the court would be placing **and back under the supervision of the Department of Corrections, who have demonstrated a willingness and ability to aggressively monitor him.** They could force him to seek mental health counseling in addition to drug treatment and easily revoke his probation should he fail to comply. Defense counsel is skeptical that, even if **and the supervised** wanted to return to the landscaping business, he would physically able to do so by the time he approaches age 60. Though **and his family are not fond of the Department of Corrections, basic economics combined with and the start record, suggests that it is in the community's interest that <b>and the supervised**. Again, while Defense Counsel is skeptical **and bis family are not fond of the probatical and bis formed and bis family are not formed of the probation of Corrections, basic economics combined with <b>and the supervised**. Again, while Defense Counsel is skeptical **and bis formed and bis formed bis most recent blow, it would be nice if someone forced him into therapy**.

#### **ARGUMENT & SENTENCE IN THE ALTERNATIVE**

Defense Counsel does not consider DOSAs to be "gifts" as some attorneys do. Rather, they reflect the Legislature's belief that criminal behavior is often not the result of a moral failing but rather a chemical/mental impediment that is treatable and correctable. Defense Counsel is one of many people who views **and the set of the** 

Such is apparently typical of someone with a narcissistic personality disorder. But this condition can be treated and controlled if efforts are made to do so.

VECHTEN

705 S 9<sup>th</sup> St., Space 206, Tacoma, WA, 98405 (253) 666-8987 Chris@soundlawyering.com

is capable of empathizing with the pain of others. At one time in his life, he was either inspired or confused enough to join the military. This suggests that, at one time in his life, he wanted to be more than what he ultimately became. He has always attracted decent people around him who were willing to overlook his past to be his friend, and often his support. But should the Court feel that DOSA is inappropriate for someone with this record, after having been convicted at trial on all counts, with all enhancements, then the Defense requests a sentence of 120 months or less in custody. This presumes a statutory maximum on count 1 concurrent to all other counts. Anything beyond that – even with second – would be unjustifiably harsh.

Again, was convicted of theft in the first degree because the State alleged he received \$5168 (excluding the cancellation fee and the value of his labor) in the month of May. This is only \$168 above the threshold for conviction on a Theft in the first degree. Defense Counsel is confident that, with a different defendant, or without so much damaging evidence from previous cases admitted into evidence, Mr. Mesick's shifting estimate alone for the value of s work would have been too much for the State to overcome to prove the requisite value for a theft in the first degree.

Again, while his history is lengthy, it largely reflects a time when our statutes were woefully out of touch with the realities of inflation. In fact, three of the restitution claims for his theft in the second-degree convictions from 2007 are for sums of less than \$250. Less than 2 years later, \$750 became the minimum sum to prosecute a theft 2. *See* Senate Bill 6167 (2009 Session). Again, 8 of his former felony theft convictions would qualify as misdemeanors today.

### SENTENCING BRIEF - 14

#### LAW OFFICE OF CHRIS VAN

1	Again, description is non-violent. He told the truth as he sincerely views it at trial, and he					
2	went to trial fully aware that the jury would be exposed to an uncommonly transparent view of					
3	his criminal history.					
4						
5	While Defense Counsel recognizes the Court has the authority to impose more than 120					
6	months in this case by running count 1 consecutively to other counts, Defense Counsel believes					
7	anything more would be unjust for the individual and the community at large.					
8	CONCLUSION					
9	For these reasons, the Defense asks the Court to impose one of the two aforementioned					
10	suggested sentences.					
11	Respectfully submitted this 5 day of Jacuta, 2019.					
12	Cholin Mill					
13	Christopher Van Vechten					
14	WSBA # 47320 Attorney for Defendant					
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28	SENTENCING BRIEF - 15 LAW OFFICE OF CHRIS VAN					
	VECHTEN 705 S 9 <sup>th</sup> St., Space 206, Tacoma, WA, 98405 (253) 666-8987 Chris@soundlawyering.com					

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STATE OF WA DEPARTMENT OF OFFICE OF CORRECTIO 514 South 12 Tacoma, Washingto Phone 253.207.4700 DATE: 11/2x/19	CORRE ONAL OPE 3 <sup>th</sup> Street on, 98402-215	CTIONS RATIONS	
TO:			it.
Pierce County Clerk's office Pierce County DAC's Office Defense Attorney of Record <u>Chris</u>	253.798.34 253.798.6 Van	715	
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Name Date Received:H	earing Date:	12/20/19	

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### CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY CONSENT FOR RELEASE OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION (DOSA, COURTS, AND DOC)

hereby consent to communication between the Department of

Corrections Treatment Program and DOC staff, the ISRB, Court of Jurisdiction, and DOC contract providers whose job functions require this information and the following, if applicable:

The office of the Prosecuting Attorney of Lierce

Department of

erce County.

The purpose of the disclosure is to inform the parties listed above of my attendance and progress in any treatment that may be recommended. The extent of information to be disclosed and shared is:

Chemical Dependency screening and diagnosis

HB Attendance and cooperation with the treatment program

R-B Prognosis and recommendations for additional treatment

14. Other pertinent treatment information requested, as it relates to the DOSA sentence

Monthly progress reports

TEB Drug/Alcohol test results

I understand that my records are protected under the federal regulations governing Confidentiality of Alcohol and Drug Abuse Patent Records, 42 CFR, Part 2, and that recipients of this information may re-disclose it only in connection with their official duties between the parties noted above, and cannot be further disclosed without my written consent unless otherwise provide for in the regulations.

I understand that this consent will remain in effect and cannot be revoked by me until there has been a formal and effective termination or revocation of my release from confinement, probation, parole, community supervision, or other proceeding under which I was mandated into treatment, OR

(Specify other time when consent can be r	evoked and/or expires.)		
All Ra		$\frac{11/24}{\text{Dete}}$	3/19 [19
Signature of witness		Position pate	11

The records contained herein are protected by the Federal Confidentiality Regulations 42 CFR Part 2. The Federal Rules prohibit further disclosure of this information to parties outside of the Department of Corrections unless such disclosure is expressly permitted by the written consent of the person to whom it pertains or as otherwise permitted by 42 CR Part 2.



### CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY DRUG DEPENDENCE SCREEN



Instructions for administering the Drug Dependence Screen

The screen may be administered by a CCO or Designee and may be done in the following manner:

1. Provide the offender with a copy and ask that it be completed, in the presence of DOC/CD staff, and turn upon completion, or

2. Read the screen to the offender and circle the appropriate answers for them.

The CCO/Designee who administers the screen is responsible to complete the scoring. Do not provide the offender with a copy of the Scoring Guidelines.

Du	ring the last 12 months or before being incarcerated (if applicable)	NO	YES
1.	Did you use larger amounts of drugs (including alcohol) or use them for a longer time than you had planned or		
	intended?		×
2.	Did you try to cut down on your drugs/alcohol use and were unable to do it?		×
3.	Did you spend a lot of time getting drugs/alcohol, using them, or recovering from their use?		X
4.	Did you <u>get so high or sick</u> from drugs/alcohol that it:		
	a. <u>Kept you</u> from doing work, going to school, or caring for children?		X,
	b. <u>Caused an accident</u> or put you or others in danger?		X
	Did you spend less time at work, school, or with friend so that you could use drugs?		X
6.	In the last months before incarceration, did your drug/alcohol use cause:		
	a. <u>Emotional or psychological</u> problems?		×,
	b. Problems with <u>family, friends, work, or police?</u>		X
	c. <u>Physical health</u> or medical problems?		V
7.	Did you increase the amount of a drug/alcohol you were taking so that you could get the same effects as befor	esП	1×
8.	Did you ever keep taking a drug/alcohol to avoid withdrawal or keep from getting sick?	×	
9.	Did you get sick or have withdrawal when you quit or missed taking a drug/alcohol?		X
(D)		,	^
		61	> /

DOC#/Target Agency#

Date

10. Which drugs/alcohol caus 0. None 3. Marijuana	1. Alcohol 4. Cocaine or crack	2. Inhalants 5. Other stimulo	ants		Worst Drug Next Drug Next Drug Next Drug	# <u>me</u>	ohal Hay/c	back	
6. Tranquilizers or sedatives	7. Hallucinogens 8	3. Opiatęs				10	10000	<u> </u>	
11. How often did you use each before incarceration?	ch type of drug during the	ast 12 months	or.	NEVER	ONLY A FEW TIMES	1-3 TIMES A MONTH	1-5 TIMES A MONIH	DAILY	
A Alcohol and other drug B. Marijuana/Hashish C. Hallucinogens/LSD/Psy D. Crack/Freebase E. Heroin and Cocaine (n F. Cocaine (by itself) G. Heroin (by itself) H. Street Methadone (nor I. Other Opiates/Opium/ J. Methamphetamine/Sp K. Tranquilizers/Barbiturat	chedelics/PCP/Mushrooms nixed together as speedba 	/Peyote	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ROXXXX OX					Øγ
12. In the <u>last 12 months or</u>	before entering prison, how drugs with a needle?	v often did yo	u inject	×					
		Not at a	I Slig	htiy M	<b>Noderately</b>	Conside	rably	Extremely	
13. How serious do <u>you</u> think	your drug/alcohol problem	ns 🗆		]		, L		A	
are?		Never	1 11	me	2 Times	3 Tim	es	4 or More	
14. How many times before r alcohol treatment program ( MEETINGS)			[	]	Ø				
MEETINOS		Not at a	I Slig	htly N	Aderately	Conside	rably	Extreptely	
15. How important is it for you to get drug/alcohol									
The records contained herein are protected Department of Corrections unless such disclo								outside of the	)

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5 E



THIS MATTER having come on before the undersigned judge of the above entitled court and restitution having been ordered pursuant to a criminal conviction and RCW 9.94A.753 which provides in part that restitution be ordered for easily ascertainable damage for injury or loss of property and actual expenses incurred for treatment for injury to persons and lost wages resulting from injury, but that the amount of restitution shall not exceed double the amount of the offender's gain or the victim's loss from the commission of the crime; and the files of the Prosecuting Attorney having reflected that the following persons or entities should receive restitution; Now, Therefore, IT IS HEREBY

ORDERED that restitution in the above entitled matter be, and the same is hereby set in the sum of \$31,297.00 and the Clerk of the above entitled Court is hereby directed to disburse said funds as they are received in the manner following:

> Office of Prosecuting Attorney 946 County-City Building Tacoma, Washington 98402-2171 Telephone: (253) 798-7400

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118 4/19/2807 80828 1 2 **ANNABELLE TESSMAN** \$500.00 Unite CHARLOTTE BUETINER \$25,000.00 3 ..... ANN WERNER \$2,000.00 4 CHRISTINA RAFINE \$675.00 \$1,200.00 HELGA DARWIN 5 JEAN NEWMILLER \$260.00 ARNE JOHANSEN \$142.00 6 \$220.00 NORMAN BARRINGHAM MARY STALEY \$1,150.00 7 WILMA THOMPSON \$150.00 8 4423 9 e reg 10 DONE IN OPEN COURT this 13th 11 day of 2007. 12 13 14 Presented by: 1 1. 1. 4. 4. 15 Kathryn J. Nelson APR 1 3 2001 r r r -16 KARÉN D. PLAT 17 **Deputy Prosecuting Attorney** WSB # 17290 18 being fully-advised I have a I, 19 right to be brought before the Court for a full Restitution Hearing, and to have an attorney 20 present to represent me, and that the Court will appoint an attorney if I cannot afford one, hereby waive these rights and agree to entry of this order. Lt. LL 21 - F : " <u>4-13-07</u> Date 22 Signature of Defendant 23 24 itness or Attorney for Defendant 25 26 27 28 Office of Prosecuting Attorney 946 County-City Building Tacoma, Washington 98402-2171 Telephone: (253) 798-7400

ORDER SETTING RESTITUTION AND DISBURSEMENT-2

## MAYO CLINIC

### Narcissistic personality disorder

### Overview

Narcissistic personality disorder — one of several types of personality disorders — is a mental condition in which people have an inflated sense of their own importance, a deep need for excessive attention and admiration, troubled relationships, and a lack of empathy for others. But behind this mask of extreme confidence lies a fragile self-esteem that's vulnerable to the slightest criticism.

A narcissistic personality disorder causes problems in many areas of life, such as relationships, work, school or financial affairs. People with narcissistic personality disorder may be generally unhappy and disappointed when they're not given the special favors or admiration they believe they deserve. They may find their relationships unfulfilling, and others may not enjoy being around them.

Treatment for narcissistic personality disorder centers around talk therapy (psychotherapy).

### Symptoms

Signs and symptoms of narcissistic personality disorder and the severity of symptoms vary. People with the disorder can:

- · Have an exaggerated sense of self-importance
- · Have a sense of entitlement and require constant, excessive admiration
- Expect to be recognized as superior even without achievements that warrant it
- Exaggerate achievements and talents
- · Be preoccupied with fantasies about success, power, brilliance, beauty or the perfect mate
- · Believe they are superior and can only associate with equally special people
- · Monopolize conversations and belittle or look down on people they perceive as inferior
- Expect special favors and unquestioning compliance with their expectations
- Take advantage of others to get what they want
- Have an inability or unwillingness to recognize the needs and feelings of others
- · Be envious of others and believe others envy them

- Behave in an arrogant or haughty manner, coming across as conceited, boastful and pretentious
- Insist on having the best of everything for instance, the best car or office

At the same time, people with narcissistic personality disorder have trouble handling anything they perceive as criticism, and they can:

- Become impatient or angry when they don't receive special treatment
- Have significant interpersonal problems and easily feel slighted
- React with rage or contempt and try to belittle the other person to make themselves appear superior
- Have difficulty regulating emotions and behavior
- Experience major problems dealing with stress and adapting to change
- · Feel depressed and moody because they fall short of perfection
- Have secret feelings of insecurity, shame, vulnerability and humiliation

#### When to see a doctor

People with narcissistic personality disorder may not want to think that anything could be wrong, so they may be unlikely to seek treatment. If they do seek treatment, it's more likely to be for symptoms of depression, drug or alcohol use, or another mental health problem. But perceived insults to self-esteem may make it difficult to accept and follow through with treatment.

If you recognize aspects of your personality that are common to narcissistic personality disorder or you're feeling overwhelmed by sadness, consider reaching out to a trusted doctor or mental health provider. Getting the right treatment can help make your life more rewarding and enjoyable.

### Causes

It's not known what causes narcissistic personality disorder. As with personality development and with other mental health disorders, the cause of narcissistic personality disorder is likely complex. Narcissistic personality disorder may be linked to:

- Environment mismatches in parent-child relationships with either excessive adoration or excessive criticism that is poorly attuned to the child's experience
- Genetics inherited characteristics
- Neurobiology the connection between the brain and behavior and thinking

### **Risk factors**

Narcissistic personality disorder affects more males than females, and it often begins in the teens or early adulthood. Keep in mind that, although some children may show traits of narcissism, this may simply be typical of their age and doesn't mean they'll go on to develop narcissistic personality disorder.

Although the cause of narcissistic personality disorder isn't known, some researchers think that in biologically vulnerable children, parenting styles that are overprotective or neglectful may have an impact. Genetics and neurobiology also may play a role in development of narcissistic personality disorder.

### Complications

Complications of narcissistic personality disorder, and other conditions that can occur along with it, can include:

- Relationship difficulties
- Problems at work or school
- · Depression and anxiety
- · Physical health problems
- Drug or alcohol misuse
- · Suicidal thoughts or behavior

### Prevention

Because the cause of narcissistic personality disorder is unknown, there's no known way to prevent the condition. However, it may help to:

- · Get treatment as soon as possible for childhood mental health problems
- Participate in family therapy to learn healthy ways to communicate or to cope with conflicts or emotional distress
- · Attend parenting classes and seek guidance from therapists or social workers if needed

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## MAYO CLINIC

### Narcissistic personality disorder

### Diagnosis

Some features of narcissistic personality disorder are similar to those of other personality disorders. Also, it's possible to be diagnosed with more than one personality disorder at the same time. This can make diagnosis of narcissistic personality disorder more challenging.

Diagnosis of narcissistic personality disorder typically is based on:

- Signs and symptoms
- · A physical exam to make sure you don't have a physical problem causing your symptoms
- A thorough psychological evaluation that may include filling out questionnaires
- Criteria in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-5), published by the American Psychiatric Association

### Treatment

Treatment for narcissistic personality disorder is talk therapy (psychotherapy). Medications may be included in your treatment if you have other mental health conditions.

#### **Psychotherapy**

Narcissistic personality disorder treatment is centered around talk therapy, also called psychotherapy. Psychotherapy can help you:

- Learn to relate better with others so your relationships are more intimate, enjoyable and rewarding
- Understand the causes of your emotions and what drives you to compete, to distrust others, and perhaps to despise yourself and others

Areas of change are directed at helping you accept responsibility and learning to:

- Accept and maintain real personal relationships and collaboration with co-workers
- Recognize and accept your actual competence and potential so you can tolerate criticisms or failures
- Increase your ability to understand and regulate your feelings

- Understand and tolerate the impact of issues related to your self-esteem
- Release your desire for unattainable goals and ideal conditions and gain an acceptance of what's attainable and what you can accomplish

Therapy can be short term to help you manage during times of stress or crisis, or can be provided on an ongoing basis to help you achieve and maintain your goals. Often, including family members or significant others in therapy can be helpful.

### **Medications**

There are no medications specifically used to treat narcissistic personality disorder. However, if you have symptoms of depression, anxiety or other conditions, medications such as antidepressants or anti-anxiety drugs may be helpful.

### Lifestyle and home remedies

You may feel defensive about treatment or think it's unnecessary. The nature of narcissistic personality disorder can also leave you feeling that therapy is not worth your time and attention, and you may be tempted to quit. But it's important to:

- Keep an open mind. Focus on the rewards of treatment.
- Stick to your treatment plan. Attend scheduled therapy sessions and take any medications as directed. Remember, it can be hard work and you may have occasional setbacks.
- Get treatment for alcohol or drug misuse or other mental health problems. Your addictions, depression, anxiety and stress can feed off each other, leading to a cycle of emotional pain and unhealthy behavior.
- Stay focused on your goal. Stay motivated by keeping your goals in mind and reminding yourself that you can work to repair damaged relationships and become more content with your life.

### **Preparing for your appointment**

You may start by seeing your doctor, or your doctor may refer you to a mental health provider, such as a psychiatrist or psychologist.

#### What you can do

Before your appointment, make a list of:

- Any symptoms you're experiencing and for how long, to help determine what kinds of events are likely to make you feel angry or upset
- Key personal information, including traumatic events in your past and any current major stressors
- Your medical information, including other physical or mental health conditions with which you've been diagnosed

- Any medications, vitamins, herbs or other supplements you're taking, and the dosages
- Questions to ask your mental health provider so that you can make the most of your appointment

Take a trusted family member or friend along, if possible, to help remember the details. In addition, someone who has known you for a long time may be able to ask helpful questions or share important information.

Some basic questions to ask your mental health provider include:

- What type of disorder do you think I have?
- Could I have other mental health conditions?
- What is the goal of treatment?
- What treatments are most likely to be effective for me?
- How much do you expect my quality of life may improve with treatment?
- · How often will I need therapy sessions, and for how long?
- Would family or group therapy be helpful in my case?
- Are there medications that can help my symptoms?
- I have these other health conditions. How can I best manage them together?
- Are there any brochures or other printed materials that I can have? What websites do you recommend?

Don't hesitate to ask any other questions during your appointment.

#### What to expect from your mental health provider

To better understand your symptoms and how they're affecting your life, your mental health provider may ask:

- What are your symptoms?
- When do these symptoms occur, and how long do they last?
- · How do your symptoms affect your life, including school, work and personal relationships?
- How do you feel and act when others seem to criticize or reject you?
- Do you have any close personal relationships? If not, why do you think that is?
- What are your major accomplishments?
- What are your major goals for the future?
- How do you feel when someone needs your help?
- How do you feel when someone expresses difficult feelings, such as fear or sadness, to you?
- · How would you describe your childhood, including your relationship with your parents?
- Have any of your close relatives been diagnosed with a mental health disorder, such as a personality disorder?

- Have you been treated for any other mental health problems? If yes, what treatments were most effective?
- Do you use alcohol or street drugs? How often?
- Are you currently being treated for any other medical conditions?

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# Appendix C

E-FILED IN OPEN COURT CDPJ

December 03 2018 2:58 PM

Pierce County Clerk

#### SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF PIERCE

STATE OF WASHINGTON,	Plaintiff	No.
	Defendant	ORDER ESTABLISHING CONDITIONS OF RELEASE PENDING PURSUANT TO CrR 3.2 (orecrp)
Arresting Agency : TACOMA POLICE DEP.	ARTMENT	
Incident Number : Charges		

- IHEFT IN THE FIRST DEGREE
- THEFT IN THE SECOND DEGREE
- THEFT IN THE SECOND DEGREE

THE COURT HAVING found probable cause, establishes the following conditions that shall apply pending in this cause number or until entry of a later order; IT IS HEREBY ORDERED

#### **Release Conditions:**

Defendant shall be released upon execution of a surety bond in the amount of \$150,000.00 or posting cash in the amount of \$150,000.00.

### \*\*\*NEW BAIL\*\*\*

Bail issue reserved.

#### Conditions that take effect upon release from custody:

- Defendant is to reside/stay only at this address
- Travel is restricted to the following counties **Pierce, King, Thurston, and Kitsap Counties**.
- The defendant is not to drive a motor vehicle without a valid license and insurance.

#### Conditions that take effect immediately:

- Defendant is to have no violations of the criminal laws of this state, any other state, any political subdivision of this state or any other state, or the United States, during the period of his/her release.
- That the Defendant have no contact with the alleged victim(s), witness(es), co-defendant(s). and/or **Melvin Mesick and his residence**.

This includes any attempt to contact, directly or indirectly, by telephone and/or letter at their residence or place of work.

- Defendant shall not possess weapons or firearms.
- Defendant shall not consume or possess alcohol, marijuana, nonprescription drugs or knowingly associate with any known drug users or sellers, except in treatment
- Remain in contact with the defense attorney.
- Other: Prohibited from doing yard work or to offer landscaping services unless he is an employee of a licensed business and is authorized by the business to conduct the work.


Dated : December 3, 2018.

#### Electronically Signed By /s/STEPHANIE A AREND JUDGE/COMMISSIONER

I agree and promise to appear before this court or any other place as this court may order upon notice delivered to me at my address stated below. I agree to appear for any court date set by my attorney and I give my attorney full authority to set such dates. I understand that my failure to appear for any type of court appearance will be a breach of these conditions of release and a bench warrant may be issued for my arrest. I further agree and promise to keep my attorney and the office of the Prosecuting Attorney informed of any change of either my address or my telephone number.

I have read the above conditions of release and any other conditions of release that may be attached. I agree to follow said conditions and understand that a violation will lead to my arrest. FAILURE TO APPEAR AFTER HAVING BEEN RELEASED ON PERSONAL RECOGNIZANCE OR BAIL IS AN INDEPENDENT CRIME, PUNISHABLE BY 5 YEARS IMPRISONMENT OR \$10,000 OR BOTH (RCW 10.19).

Address: , WA USA Phone: (253) 589-0639

Defendant

# Appendix II

# IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON IN AND FOR PIERCE COUNTY

NO.

STATE OF WASHINGTON,			
Plaintiff,			
v.			
	Defendant.		

STATE'S RESPONSE TO MOTION FOR RELEASE AND TO STAY SENTENCE PENDING RESOLUTION OF APPEAL

COMES NOW the State of Washington, by and through Kristie Barham, Deputy Prosecuting Attorney, and hereby responds to **second second**'s "Motion and Order for Release and to Stay Sentence Pending Resolution of Appeal" (hereafter, Motion). In December 2019, this Court sentenced **second** to an exceptional sentence of 120 months in prison based on the aggravating circumstances of committing a major economic crime against an elderly, vulnerable victim. **Second** now seeks a stay of his sentence and release from prison either on personal recognizance or an appeal bond based on COVID-19.

First, RCW 9.95.062(1) precludes his release. The community—particularly the elderly, vulnerable members of the Pierce County community—will be at risk if **second** is released. Second, **second** does not show a high probability of success on appeal to justify a stay of his sentence. Third, **second** has not shown that he is in a category of people who are

## I. FACTS RELEVANT TO MOTION

#### A. <u>Conviction and Sentencing</u>

On November 14, 2019, a jury convicted **Convertised** of theft in the first degree and two counts of theft in the second degree. Appendix (App.) A (Verdict Forms).<sup>1</sup> The jury returned special verdict forms finding the following aggravating factors on all three counts: (1) that the defendant knew, or should have known, that the victim was particularly vulnerable or incapable of resistance; and (2) that the crime was a major economic offense or series of offenses. App. A. The victim testified at trial about his health issues and the difficulty he had ambulating. App. B at 4 (State's Sentencing Memorandum); *see also* App. C (Information/Declaration of Probable Cause). The crimes involved a complicated scheme where **Convert** built up the victim's trust over time and repeatedly solicited more moncy. App. B at 4. There were more than forty transactions over a two-month period. *Id.* at 4-5. After **Convert** was found guilty at trial, this Court entered an order for a no-bail hold pending sentencing. App. D (Order Establishing Conditions Pending Sentencing).<sup>2</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> All appendices refer to the Appendix attached to this response unless otherwise noted.

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  This revoked the former condition of release allowing to remain in the community on a \$150,000 bond. See Motion, App. C. The State has no information on whether previously requested an appeal

has a lengthy criminal history dating back more than thirty years. *See* Motion, App. A (Judgment and Sentence). Prior to the convictions for these current offenses, had nineteen felony convictions and forty-four misdemeanor convictions. *Id.* One of these convictions was for felony escape in the second degree. *Id.* 

At sentencing, **1** had an offender score of 9+ with a standard range sentence of 43-57 months on Count I (theft in the first degree), and 22-29 months for Counts II and III (theft in the second degree). *Id.* On December 20, 2019, this Court sentenced **1** to an exceptional sentence above the standard range based on the aggravating factors found by the jury. *Id.* The Court sentenced **1** to 120 months on Count I, 60 months on Count II, and 60 months on Count III, all concurrent, for a total of 120 months in prison. *Id.* The Court ran the 120-month sentence consecutive to the sentence in Pierce County Superior Court Cause No. 18-1-01156-8, which **1** was serving at the time of sentencing in this case. *Id.* 

The facts and procedural history of Pierce County Cause No. 18-1-01156-8 are worth mentioning as they are relevant to **second** is motion. On September 6, 2018, **second** pled guilty to two counts of theft in the second degree in exchange for the State's recommendation of a 22-month sentence. App. E (Declaration of Probable Cause/Plea of Guilty/Judgment and Sentence, Cause No. 18-1-01156-8). The State agreed to set over sentencing, and **second** is prior bail bond in the amount of \$75,000 was deemed a continuing bond. *See id.*; App. F (Bail and Bench Warrant Documents, Cause No. 18-1-01156-8). **Second** was released to the community pending sentencing. On September 19, 2018, less than two weeks after his release pending sentencing, **second** committed two additional thefts and was subsequently charged in Lakewood Municipal Court for two counts of theft in the third degree. App. E, F. A bench warrant was issued for his arrest. App. F. On October 15, 2018, the court placed **second** on a no-bail hold pending sentencing. *Id.* On January 4, 2019, the court sentenced

bond on this case as the State has not received any transcripts from the trial or sentencing. See Motion at 1 ("Appellate counsel is awaiting copies of the transcripts.").

to 22 months in prison for these offenses. App. E. Despite pleading guilty, he is currently appealing these convictions.

## B. <u>Motion for Appeal Bond</u>

argues that this Court should release him on his personal recognizance and that "[s]tandard conditions are appropriate and reasonable." Motion at 3. In the alternative, he argues that bail in an amount between \$0 and \$150,000 is appropriate. *Id.* **(10)** is motion is based on the COVID-19 pandemic. He argues that the virus can cause serious illness and death and that "[o]lder adults or persons with underlying medical conditions are at greater risk." *Id.* at 2. **(10)** argues that the danger of COVID-19 to his health is significant because he is 53 years old and his "physical health is likely to rapidly decline as he approaches age 60." *Id.* He asserts that he is housed at Monroe Correctional Complex (MCC) where several staff members and inmates have tested positive for COVID-19. *Id.* To mitigate the risk of illness or death due to COVID-19, **(10)** asks this Court to stay his sentence pending resolution of his appeal. *Id.* at 2-3.

has not shown that he is in a category of people who are at higher risk for more severe complications from COVID-19. He is not in the category of "older adults" as identified by the Centers for Disease Control (CDC), and he has not identified *any* underlying health condition that places him at higher risk.

#### II. <u>ARGUMENT</u>

# A. <u>RCW 9.95.062(1) limits the Court's discretion to grant a stay and</u> precludes release pending appeal in <u>scase</u>.

argues that this Court may stay his sentence pending resolution of the appeal pursuant to RAP 7.2(f) and CrR 3.2(h). Motion at 3. But application of these rules to the facts of his case demonstrates that his sentence should not be stayed. "A defendant who has been found guilty of a felony and is awaiting sentencing shall be detained unless the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that the defendant is not likely to flee or to pose a danger to the safety of any other person or the community if released." RCW 10.64.025(1). Here, after was convicted of three felonies, this Court imposed a no-bail hold pending sentencing and revoked his conditional release. App. D.

"There is no right to release pending appeal." *State v. Cole*, 90 Wn. App. 445, 447, 949 P.2d 841 (1998); *State v. Blilie*, 132 Wn.2d 484, 493, 939 P.2d 691 (1997); *State v. Smith*, 84 Wn.2d 498, 499, 527 P.2d 674 (1974) (a convicted felon does not have a constitutional right to bail pending appeal). Rather, the right to release pending appeal is controlled by statutes that have been incorporated into various court rules. *See, e.g.*, CrR 3.2.(h), RAP 7.2(f); RCW 9.95.062; RCW 9.95.064. Trial courts have broad discretion in deciding whether to release a defendant pending appeal. *Cole*, 90 Wn. App. at 447.

The right to bail after verdict and pending appeal is governed by CrR 3.2(h), which provides:

(h) Release After Finding or Plea of Guilty. After a person has been found or pleaded guilty, and subject to RCW 9.95.062, 9.95.064, 10.64.025, and 10.64.027, the court may revoke, modify, or suspend the terms of release and/or bail previously ordered.

CrR 3.2(h). After review is accepted by an appellate court, the trial court maintains the authority, subject to RCW 9.95.062 and .064, to fix conditions of release. RAP 7.2(f).

RCW 9.95.062 limits a court's discretion to grant a stay by precluding a stay when certain circumstances are present. RCW 9.95.062 provides that notwithstanding CrR 3.2 or RAP 7.2, an appeal by a defendant in a criminal action shall *not* stay the execution of the judgment of conviction if the court determines the following by a preponderance of the evidence:

(a) The defendant is likely to flee or to pose a danger to the safety of any other person or the community if the judgment is stayed; or

(b) The delay resulting from the stay will unduly diminish the deterrent effect of the punishment; or

(c) A stay of the judgment will cause unreasonable trauma to the victims of the crime or their families; or

(d) The defendant has not undertaken to the extent of the defendant's financial ability to pay the financial obligations under the judgment or has not posted an adequate performance bond to assure payment.

RCW 9.95.062(1). Thus, this statute *precludes* release if *any* of the above factors are found by the trial court. *Cole*, 90 Wn. App. at 447. Moreover, there is no authority requiring a trial court to grant a stay whenever the requirements of RCW 9.95.062(1) are not met. However, at least two of the factors in RCW 9.95.062(1) are present in this case.

is likely to flee or pose a danger to the safety of the community if the judgment is stayed and he is released. First, for the has a prior 2002 felony conviction for escape in the second degree. Motion, App. A. **Second Knowingly escaped from custody while on electronic** home detention and subsequently pled guilty to this crime. App. G (Amended Information/Judgment and Sentence, Cause No. 01-1-04866-1). And he has failed to appear for court on criminal cases on more than forty occasions. *See* App. H (Case History).

Second, he is likely to pose a danger to the community if released. has been repeatedly and consistently committing crimes since 1989—for thirty years. *See* Motion, App. A. He has twenty-three felony convictions and forty-four misdemeanor convictions. *Id.* Of these convictions, ten are misdemeanor thefts and sixteen are felony thefts. *Id.* Thus, he has a lengthy history of committing crimes against members of the community and poses a danger to the community. And his most recent crimes demonstrate that he preys on vulnerable, elderly victims. He also has numerous convictions for both possession and delivery of controlled substances and appears to support his drug addiction by committing crimes against the community. *See id.* 

Further, conceded the following at sentencing: (1) that his criminal history is "inexcusably long and—strangely enough—has been confined to conduct in Pierce County"; (2) that "there is obvious obsessive compulsivity surrounding that probably distracts and limits his ability to function with others"; (3) that he has "been punished for methamphetamine use while on DOC supervision"; and (4) that "five of his drug convictions" have been centered around cocaine." Motion, App. B at 6-8 ( Sentencing Brief). These statements reveal the danger poses to the community if released. His "inexcusably long" criminal history has been committed against the citizens of Pierce County, and this is the community that will be at risk if he is released back into the community. And he has a lengthy and persistent history of drug use that has not abated even while on DOC supervision. Id. at 8. The victim of the current crimes suspected that was using drugs during their encounters. Id. In light of 's persistent criminal history for the past thirty years, including his willingness to continue to violate the law even while under supervision from the State, there is simply no reason to believe that the community will be safe if he is released.

At sentencing, conceded that fourteen of his sixteen felony theft convictions involved similar fact patterns to this case. *Id.* at 6. The victim in this case, Melvin Mesick, was 75 years old and used a cane to walk due to a knee injury. App. C.<sup>3</sup> offered to do lawn work at Mr. Mesick's residence and defrauded him out of more than \$14,000 over a three-month period. *Id.* Further, at the time committed some of the thefts against Mr. Mesick, he was on community custody for a similar crime involving an 81-year-old victim. *Id.* One of scommunity custody conditions prohibited him from doing yard work or offering services to anyone unless he was employed by a licensed business. *Id.* He was not so employed when he committed the crimes against Mr. Mesick. *Id.* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The State is relying on the probable cause declaration for a brief summary of the facts of this case because it has not yet received copies of the trial transcripts for the appeal.

s 2018 convictions for two counts of theft in the second degree committed in Pierce County Cause No. 18-1-01156-8 reveal a similar fact pattern against another vulnerable victim—90-year-old Mrs. Grimes. *See* App. E. **Constant** offered to do yard work for Mrs. Grimes and subsequently defrauded her out of \$3,650—draining her bank account and leaving her unable to pay her bills. *Id.* At the time **Constant** committed this offense, he was on probation with DOC and prohibited from doing any work or employment in landscaping or maintenance without the prior authorization of his Community Corrections Officer. *Id.* 

Thus, has a recent history of not only preying on vulnerable, elderly victims in Pierce County but also of committing crimes while on DOC supervision. Further, when the trial court released in 2018 pending sentencing on another case, he committed additional crimes within just two weeks of his release. App. E, F. **Sector** poses a serious risk to the safety of the community if his judgment is stayed and he is released to prey upon more victims. RCW 9.95.062(1)(a) precludes his release, and this Court should not stay execution of the judgment.

RCW 9.95.062(1)(b) also precludes services is release because the delay resulting from the stay will unduly diminish the deterrent effect of the punishment. In light of services repeated failure to comply with DOC conditions when he committed the most recent crimes, including the crimes for which he is currently incarcerated, appellate release will diminish the deterrent effect of the sentence and will jeopardize the public's interest in a safe community. Further, the longer punishment is deferred, the weaker the link between the offense and the punishment and, hence, the weaker the deterrent effect. RCW 9.95.062(1)(b) provides another reason that this Court should not stay execution of the judgment.

Moreover, has not shown that he has a high probability of success on appeal. An order of release pending appeal is designed "to protect an appealing defendant who claims to have been erroneously convicted from serving a possibly undeserved sentence." State v. Perry, 10 Wn. App. 159, 169, 516 P.2d 1104 (1973), review denied, 83 Wn.2d 1011 (1974). The has not shown that he was erroneously convicted and is serving an undeserved sentence. He claims only that he anticipates, without reading any of the transcripts, that there will be "issues of merit to raise in the appeal." Motion at 1-2. His only elaboration on this speculative claim is that there appear to be "potential issues concerning the sufficiency of the evidence and the admission of prior bad actions evidence under ER 404(b)." *Id.* at 2 (emphasis added). But this amounts to mere speculation. And without any indication of what issues will be raised on appeal, it is unclear whether any challenges will impact his guilt or alter the length of his sentence. There is no basis to stay sentence where he has not shown a high probability of success on appeal.

#### B. DOC is taking all necessary steps to protect inmates from COVID-19.

For many weeks now, DOC leadership, emergency operations managers, and health services staff have focused intensely on implementing measures to mitigate the risk COVID-19 poses to the incarcerated population. Following Washington Department of Health and CDC guidance, DOC has implemented COVID-19 screening for incarcerated individuals and staff; developed testing protocols, obtained test kits, and administered tests to incarcerated individuals; isolated individuals with COVID-19 symptoms and quarantined asymptomatic individuals who may have been exposed to COVID-19; suspended visitation; put in place special precautions for vulnerable populations; imposed extra sanitation and hygiene requirements; worked on implementing social distancing guidelines; and taken numerous other steps to address the evolving situation. In the last several months, DOC has updated policies so frequently that it is difficult to describe every single step taken in this unprecedented effort.<sup>4</sup> DOC created a page on its public website to share these planning documents, daily updates, and COVID-19 resources.<sup>5</sup>

Within a few days of the announcement of the first case of COVID-19 in the United States, DOC and its Communicable Disease and Infection Prevention Program began working diligently to prepare for and manage the risk of COVID-19 to incarcerated individuals and staff. According to DOC's website, in early February, DOC began supporting the Department of Heath (DOH) response to COVID-19 by providing members of the agency Department Incident Management Team. An advanced contingency planning team launched in late February to support the agency response. And on March 2, 2020, DOC officially opened its Emergency Operations Center in response to COVID-19, which includes representatives from health services staff. *Id.* 

Incarcerated individuals have been largely sheltered from the pandemic and its ripple effect. While the virus raged on for months in Washington State, due to the up-to-date protocols implemented by DOC, including quarantine, testing, and distribution of hygiene supplies, there were no cases of COVID-19 in the prison population until the recent cases in a single facility. As of the writing of this brief, five staff members and ten inmates at MCC have tested positive for COVID-19. The incidence of the virus inside DOC facilities (0.039%) is significantly less than the incidence in Washington State as a whole (0.14%). *Id.*<sup>6</sup>

As of March 13, 2020, visitation at all correctional facilities has been suspended to protect the health and safety of all employees, incarcerated individuals, and the public. DOC

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> DOC recently documented these efforts in a 153-page report to the Washington State Supreme Court in Colvin, et al. v. Inslee, No. 98317-8. <u>http://www.courts.wa.gov/content/Briefs/A08/983178%20Report.pdf</u> <sup>5</sup> See <u>https://www.doc.wa.gov/news/covid-19.htm</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> As of April 13, 2020, DOC had eight incarcerated individuals out of its population of approximately 18,000 who have tested positive, or 0.039% of its overall population; in comparison, approximately 0.14% of the total population of Washington State have tested positive. As of April 11, 2020, there have been 10,411 positive cases in Washington, which has an estimated population of 7.6 million people.

has implemented enhanced screening protocols for all employees, contract staff, incarcerated individuals, and others entering DOC facilities and field offices consistent with recommendations from DOH and the CDC. Pursuant to DOC Health Services guidance, incarcerated individuals who show symptoms are directed to wear a surgical mask to immediately prevent potential spread of the virus and placed in isolation. Their cellmates are immediately quarantined until they can be evaluated by a medical provider. And anyone testing positive or who is suspicious for the virus are required to remain in isolation until symptom-free for fourteen days. *Id.* 

All DOC locations have instituted intensive cleaning protocol focusing on sanitizing high touch surfaces, increased personal hygiene, and posting of DOH COVID-19 and hygiene related materials in public areas and areas visible to the incarcerated population. Hand sanitizer was authorized in prison facilities for use by employees and contract staff and are placed in areas where soap and water are not readily available. Incarcerated individuals also have access to hand sanitizer in supervised locations. DOC is also providing free access to sanitation products for individuals inside prisons. *Id.* Thus, DOC is taking all necessary steps to protect inmates from the virus.

who is 53 years old, appears to portray himself as a person in the category of people more susceptible to the virus. But provides no support for implying that he falls into the category of "older adults" who may be at higher risk for more severe complications from COVID-19. The CDC guidelines identify the higher risk individuals as those over the age of 65.<sup>7</sup> at age 53, does not fall into this risk group.

The CDC also indicates that people with "serious underlying medical conditions" may be at higher risk.<sup>8</sup> The CDC has identified these serious medical conditions as including chronic lung disease, severe asthma, serious heart condition, severe obesity, diabetes,

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> See <u>https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/need-extra-precautions/people-at-higher-risk.html</u>
 <sup>8</sup> Id.

chronic kidney disease with dialysis, liver disease, and immunocompromised conditions such as cancer treatment, smoking, bone marrow or organ transplantation, immune deficiencies, poorly controlled HIV or AIDS, and prolonged use of corticosteroids and other immune weakening medications.<sup>9</sup> does not fall into this risk group either. In fact,

has not presented any information regarding a qualifying "serious underlying medical condition"—or *any* current medical condition. *See* Motion. Instead, he presents an argument made by his trial attorney at sentencing, which speculates without any medical documentation that his physical health may decline as he approaches age 60. *See* Motion at

2. At sentencing, s attorney argued in the sentencing brief:

Given a lifetime of poor health choices, poor genetics (many of his siblings have already passed away) multiple car accidents, and a lifetime of working with his hands, **set approaches** by the physical health is likely to rapidly decline as he approaches age 60.

Motion, App. B at 12. First, this former opinion by states is attorney was not supported by any medical documentation or other supporting facts and amounts to mere speculation. Second, this opinion expressed by his attorney does not identify any underlying medical condition that would place in a high-risk group. The provided no information to show that his particular circumstances place him at higher risk for complications from the virus. And DOC is taking all necessary steps to protect incarcerated individuals from the virus.

# C. <u>The Governor has issued an emergency proclamation and commutation</u> <u>order allowing the expeditious release of certain incarcerated individuals</u> <u>to further protect the health of the inmate population.</u>

On February 29, 2020, Governor Inslee declared a State of Emergency and subsequently issued numerous orders to reduce the spread of COVID-19 in Washington State. *See e.g.* Proclamations 20-05, 20-6, 20-7, 20-8, 20-14, 20-25, 20-25.1.<sup>10</sup> The Governor

<sup>9</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> <u>https://www.governor.wa.gov/office-governor/official-actions/proclamations</u>

has been recently evaluating options to exercise his discretionary emergency power and constitutional clemency authority to further mitigate the COVID-19 risk to incarcerated individuals and is doing so in a manner that does not jeopardize public safety.<sup>11</sup>

On April 15, 2020, the Governor issued an emergency proclamation focused on reducing the prison population in light of COVID-19. App. I (Proclamation 20-50).<sup>12</sup> The Governor also directed DOC "to continue to explore actions to identify other incarcerated individuals for potential release through Rapid Reentry, furlough, commutation, or emergency medical release, as eligible and needed." *Id.* The proclamation gives the Governor and DOC greater authority to more quickly and expeditiously release individuals from DOC facilities. Thus, the State has taken additional steps to protect the health of incarcerated individuals by focusing on the early release of certain vulnerable populations, including nonviolent offenders who are due to be released in the coming months.<sup>13</sup>

#### III. <u>CONCLUSION</u>

For the foregoing reasons, this Court should deny s motion for release on bail pending resolution of the appeal.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED this 16th day of April, 2020.

MARY E. ROBNETT Pierce County Prosecuting Attorney

s/ Kristie Barham KRISTIE BARHAM, WSB #32764 Deputy Prosecuting Attorney Pierce County Prosecutor's Office 930 Tacoma Ave. S., Rm 946 Tacoma, WA 98402-2171 Telephone: (253) 495-8506 kristie.barham@piercecountywa.gov

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> DOC has limited authority to release an incarcerated individual prior to the expiration of a sentence. The power to release inmates for medical reasons rests with the Governor and the Secretary of DOC. *See* RCW 9.94A.728.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> <u>https://www.governor.wa.gov/office-governor/official-actions/proclamations</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> <u>https://www.governor.wa.gov/news-media/inslee-issues-new-orders-reduce-prison-populations-during-covid-19-outbreak</u>

Certificate of Service:

The undersigned certifies that on this day she delivered by E-file to the attorney of record for the defendant/appellant true and correct copies of the document to which this certificate is attached. This statement is certified to be true and correct under penalty of perjury of the laws of the State of Washington. Signed at Tacoma, Washington on the date below.

4-16-20S/ Therese KahnDateSignature

# **APPENDIX** A

54108084 VRD 11-18-19	FILED IN OPEN COURT NOV 1 4 2019 PIERCE COUNTY, Clerk DEPUTY
SUPERIOR COURT OF WASHIN	NGTON FOR PIERCE COUNTY
STATE OF WASHINGTON,	
Plaintiff,	CAUSE NO.
νs.	VERDICT FORM I
Defendant.	
We, the jury, find the defendant,	Guilty (Write in
"Not Guilty" or "Guilty") of the crime of The	oft in the First Degree as charged in Count I.
	PRESIDING IVIBOR

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11/18/2019



54108103 VRD 11-18-19	HOV 1 4 2019 PIERCE COUNTY By W DEPUTY
SUPERIOR COURT OF WASHIN	GTON FOR PIERCE COUNTY
STATE OF WASHINGTON,	
Plaintiff,	CAUSE NO.
vs.	VERDICT FORM III
Defendant.	<u>.</u>
We, the jury, find the defendant, "Not Guilty" or "Guilty") of the crime of The	ft in the Second Degree as charged in Count III.
	PRESIDING JUROR

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11/18/2019

54108094 SPV 11-18-19	NOV 1 4 2019 PIERCE COUNTY, Clerk DEPUTY
SUPERIOR COURT OF WASHIN	GTON FOR PIERCE COUNTY
STATE OF WASHINGTON,	
Plaintiff,	CAUSE NO.
VS.	
	SPECIAL VERDICT FORM COUNT I
Defendant.	

We, the jury, having found the defendant guilty of Theft in the First Degree or the lesser included charge of Theft in the Second Degree, return a special verdict by answering as follows:

QUESTION 1:

Did the defendant know, or should the defendant have known, that the victim was

particularly vulnerable or incapable of resistance?

ANSWER: Yes (Write "yes" or "no") QUESTION 2:

Was the crime a major economic offense or series of offenses?

ANSWER: <u>Yes</u> (Write "yes" or "no")

ding Juror

DATE

11/14/19

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11/18/2019

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## SUPERIOR COURT OF WASHINGTON FOR PIERCE COUNTY

STATE OF WASHINGTON,	
Plaintiff,	CAUSE NO.
VS.	
	SPECIAL VERDICT FORM COUNT II
Defendant.	

We, the jury, having found the defendant guilty of Theft in the Second Degree,

return a special verdict by answering as follows:

QUESTION 1:

Did the defendant know, or should the defendant have known, that the victim was

particularly vulnerable or incapable of resistance?

ANSWER: 105 (Write "yes" or "no")

**QUESTION 2:** 

Was the crime a major economic offense or series of offenses?

ANSWER: Yes (Write "yes" or "no")

11/14 DATE

Juror Pres

54108108 SPV 11-1B-19	NOV 1 4 2019 By DEPUTY
SUPERIOR COURT OF WASHIN	NGTON FOR PIERCE COUNTY
STATE OF WASHINGTON,	
Plaintiff,	CAUSE NO.
٧S.	
	SPECIAL VERDICT FORM COUNT
Defendant.	

We, the jury, having found the defendant guilty of Theft in the Second Degree,

return a special verdict by answering as follows:

QUESTION 1:

Did the defendant know, or should the defendant have known, that the victim was

particularly vulnerable or incapable of resistance?

ANSWER: Yes (Write "yes" or "no")

QUESTION 2:

Was the crime a major economic offense or series of offenses?

ANSWER: \_\_\_\_\_\_ (Write "yes" or "no")

11/14/19 DATE

Presiding Juror

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# **APPENDIX B**

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COMES NOW THE STATE OF WASHINGTON, by and through Deputy Prosecuting Attorney Sven K. Nelson, and hereby submits this sentencing memorandum.

#### I. PROCEDURAL FACTS

The defendant was charged on October 25, 2018 with one count of Theft in the First Degree and 2 counts of Theft in the Second Degree. All three counts are charged with multiple aggravators alleging that the defendant knew or should have known that the victim was particularly vulnerable or incapable of resistance and/or the current offense was a major economic offense or series of offenses. An Amended Information was entered as trial commenced that added the alternative means of "color or aid of deception" to each of the three counts of theft.

Jury selection in this matter began on November 4, 2019. On November 14, 2019 the jury found the defendant guilty as charged. On each count the jury also returned a finding as to both aggravating circumstances, concluding that the defendant knew or

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STATE'S SENTENCING MEMORANDUM - 1

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eri Ci should have known that the victim was particularly vulnerable or incapable of resistance

and that the current offense was a major economic offense or series of offenses.

# II. REQUEST FOR EXCEPTIONAL SENTENCE AND ARGUMENT:

The defendant has a lengthy criminal history dating back thirty years:

5	JURISDICTION	CRIME	OFFENSE DATE	SENTENCING DATE
6	Pierce Co. District	FTC	11-17-89	
_	Pierce Co. District	FTC	11-29-89	
7	Pierce Co. District	FTC	2-13-90	
8	Pierce Co. District	FTC	4-18-90	
0	Pierce Co. District	FTAS	11-26-90	
9	Pierce Co. District	NVOL	1-10-91	
	Tacoma Muni. Ct.	DWLS/FTAS	7-16-91	
0	Pierce Co. District	DWLS/FTAS	8-10-91	
	Tacoma Muni. Ct.	DWLS/FTAS	10-22-91	
1	Pierce Co. District	NVOL	2-22-92	
2	Tacoma Muni. Ct.	DWLS/FTAS	6-12-92	
2	Tacoma Muni. Ct.	DWLS/FTAS	7-24-92	
3	Pierce Co. District	Theft 3	9-16-92	
	Tacoma Muni. Ct.	DWLS	8-28-93	
4	Pierce Co. District	DWLS	11-18-93	
	Pierce Co. District	DWLS	11-22-93	
5	Pierce Co. District	DWLS	11-29-93	
	Tacoma Muni. Ct.	DWLS	12-1-93	
6	Pierce Co. District	DWLS	12-21-93	
7	Pierce Co. District	DWLS	7-28-94	
1	Fircrest Muni.	City License	11-20-95	
8		Violation		
	Pierce Co. District	Theft 3 (2x)	3-27-96	
9	Pierce Co. District	Theft	4-2-96	
	Pierce Co. District	DWLS	4-5-96	
0	Tacoma Muni. Ct.	DWLS	6-13-96	
1	Tacoma Muni. Ct.	DWLS	7-23-96	
	Tacoma Muni Ct.	DWLS	8-4-96	
ż	Lakewood Muni.	Theft 3	9-15-96	
	Pierce Co. District	DWLS	9-23-96	
3	Lakewood Muni.	DWLS	10-24-96	
	Tacoma Muni.	DWLS	8-25-97	
24	Pierce Co. District	Theft 3	12-5-97	
	Pierce Co. District			
25		Statement		

STATE'S SENTENCING MEMORANDUM - 2

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JURISDICTION	CRIME	OFFENSE DATE	SENTENCING DATE
<sup>1</sup> Pierce Co. District	DWLS	12-26-98	
2 Lakewood Muni.	Theft 3	2-12-99	
Lakewood Muni	DWLS	12-1-99	
3 Lakewood Muni	DWLS 3	12-14-99	
Lakewood Muni	DWLS 3	2-21-00	
Lakewood Muni	Theft 3	6-30-01	
Lakewood Muni	Theft 3	12-15-04	
Lakewood Muni	Theft 3	6-28-05	
Pierce County	Crim.	5-27-16	
Superior	Trespass 1		
Pierce Co Sup.	Failure to	5-27-16	
	obtain		
3	business		
	License		
Pierce Co. Sup.	Theft 2	2-10-93	7-22-93
Pierce Co, Sup.	Theft 2	8-19-93	9-16-93
Pierce Co. Sup.	Theft 2	11-26-97	7-8-99
Pierce Co. Sup.	UDCS	2-11-00	4-6-00
	Cocaine		
Pierce Co. Sup.	Consp UDCS	9-19-01	3-8-02
	Cocaine w/		
3	school		2
	enhancement		
Pierce Co. Sup.	Escape 2	9-19-01	3-8-02
Pierce Co. Sup.	UPCS	6-26-05	2-22-07
5	Cocaine		
Pierce Co. Sup.	Theft 1	9-27-05	2-20-07
Pierce Co. Sup.	Inciting	9-27-05	2-20-07
7	Criminal		
	Profiteering		
Pierce Co. Sup.	Theft 2	9-27-05	2-20-07
Pierce Co. Sup.	Theft 2	9-27-05	2-20-07
9 Pierce Co. Sup.	Theft 2	9-27-05	2-20-07
Pierce Co. Sup.	Theft 2	9-27-05	2-20-07
<sup>D</sup> Pierce Co. Sup.	Theft 2	9-27-05	2-20-07
Pierce Co. Sup.	Theft 2	9-27-05	2-20-07
Pierce Co. Sup.	Theft 2	9-27-05	2-20-07
2 Pierce Co. Sup.	UPCS	4-21-10	2-4-11
Pierce Co. Sup.	UPCS	8-19-15	10-26-15
3 Pierce Co. Sup.	Theft 2	3-5-18	1-4-19
Pierce Co. Sup.	Theft 2	3-6-18	1-4-19
4			(w)

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STATE'S SENTENCING MEMORANDUM - 3

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RCW 9.94A.535 permits the State to request, and this Court to impose, a sentence above the standard sentencing range based on any one, or both of the aggravating circumstances found by the jury. Both aggravating circumstances are set forth in subsection (3) of RCW 9.94A.535, which require the jury to find that said circumstances are present, as they did in this case. An exceptional sentence above the standard range based on aggravating circumstances found by the jury is permitted if there are reasons that justify the sentence in the record. State v. Baird, 83 Wash.App. 477, 486, 922 P.2d 157 (1996).

9 In our case, victim Mr. Melvin Mesick was found by the jury to be particularly 10 vulnerable or incapable of resistance. During the trial, he testified about his health history and the difficulty that he had ambulating. His health issues were the reason that he sought 12 landscaping help in the first place. Mr. Mesick also testified in detail about the difficulty 13 that he had getting in and out of the defendant's vehicles on numerous excursions (related 14 to these crimes) due to these same health issues. The jury was also able to observe Mr. 15 Mesick's demeanor and physical vulnerabilities while testifying and found that Mr. Mesick 16 was more vulnerable to the commission of the crimes of Theft in the First and Second 17 18 Degree than a typical victim of these crimes.

The jury also found that each of the counts were major economic offenses. This finding is also justified by the record in the trial. These crimes involved a complicated scheme in which the defendant built up trust with his victim and then constantly came to his residence soliciting more and more money. There were in excess of forty (40) transactions over an approximately sixty (60) day period and during this time the defendant

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was gone for a three week stretch making this victimization almost daily experience for Mr. Mesick.

In addition to the aggravating factors found by the jury, the Court has the option of imposing an exceptional sentence based on the fact that the defendants prior unscored misdemeanor history results in a sentence that is clearly too lenient, RCW 9.94A.535(2)(b)and/or because the defendant has committed multiple current offenses and his high offender score results in some of the current offenses going unpunished RCW 9.94A.535(2)(c). Both of these aggravators are applicable in our case.

The defendant has forty-six (46) misdemeanor convictions including ten (10) convictions for theft. Unlike some domestic violence or felony driving offenses misdemeanor convictions for theft (or other misdemeanors) are not reflected in the offender score for felony theft convictions. Additionally, because the defendant had twenty (20) felony convictions before this case was filed - if an exceptional sentence is not granted here - there will be no punishment for anything but his first count (leaving counts II and III unpunished as they will all score as a "9").

The defendant's standard sentencing range for Count I (Theft in the First Degree) with an offender score of 9+ is 43-57 months in the Department of Corrections. His sentencing range for Counts II and III (Theft in the Second Degree) is 22-29 months on 20 each count.

The facts of this case as revealed during trial and the defendant's voluminous criminal history justify an exceptional sentence well above the standard range of 43 to 57 months. The State respectfully requests that this Court sentence the defendant to a term of

STATE'S SENTENCING MEMORANDUM - 5

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Ten years (120 months) in the Department of Corrections by sentencing the defendant as follows:

Count I – 60 months consecutive with Count II and concurrent with Count III;
Count II – 60 months consecutive with Count I and concurrent with Count III;
Count III – 60 months concurrent with Counts I and II.
Other conditions: \$500 CVPA, \$200 Costs, \$100 DNA, Restitution, No Contact

with Melvin Mesick for a period of 10 years.

The State asks that the Court make a finding that each of the aggravating factors are valid and that the Court would sentence the defendant to the same sentence if each of the factors were the only factor present.

# III. CONCLUSION:

For the aforementioned reasons, the State respectfully requests that this court sentence this defendant to an exceptional sentence of 120 months in the Department of Corrections.

DATED: December 19, 2019.

MARY ROBNETT Pierce County Prosecuting Attorney

SWEN K. NELSON

Deputy Prosecuting Attorney WSB # 24235

# **APPENDIX C**

October 25 2018 8 31 AM

**KEVIN STOCK** COUNTY CLERK

# SUPERIOR COURT OF WASHINGTON FOR PIERCE COUNTY

STATE OF WASHINGTON,		Plaintiff,	CAUSE NO.	
	VS.	r laintin,	INFORMATION	
			(INF)	
		Defendant.		
DOB: MALE Race: BLACK	DOL#: PCN#: SID#:			
				-

COUNT 1

I, Mark Lindquist, Prosecuting Attorney for Pierce County, in the name and by the authority of the State of Washington, do accuse of the crime of THEFT IN THE FIRST DEGREE, committed as follows:

in the State of Washington, on or between the 1st day of May, 2018 That and the 31st day of May, 2018, did unlawfully, feloniously, and wrongfully obtain or exert unauthorized control over property and/or services other than a firearm or a motor vehicle, belonging to another, of a value exceeding \$5,000, with intent to deprive said owner of such property and/or services, contrary to RCW 9A.56.020(1)(c) and 9A.56.030(1)(a), and the crime was aggravated by the following circumstances: pursuant to RCW 9.94A.535(3) (b), the defendant knew or should have known that the victim of the current offense was particularly vulnerable or incapable of resistance, pursuant to RCW 9.94A.535(3)(d), The current offense was a major economic offense or series of offenses, so identified by a consideration of any of the following factors:(i) The current offense involved multiple victims or multiple incidents per victim; (ii) The current offense involved attempted or actual monetary loss substantially greater than typical for the offense; (iii) The current offense involved a high degree of sophistication or planning or occurred over a lengthy period of time; or (iv) The defendant used his or 31 her position of trust, confidence, or fiduciary responsibility to facilitate the commission of the current offense, and against the peace and dignity of the State of Washington.

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#### COUNT 2

And I, Mark Lindquist, Prosecuting Attorney for Pierce County, in the name and by the authority of the State of of the crime of THEFT IN THE SECOND DEGREE, a Washington, do accuse crime of the same or similar character, and/or a crime based on the same conduct or on a series of acts connected together or constituting parts of a single scheme or plan, and/or so closely connected in respect to time, place and occasion that it would be difficult to separate proof of one charge from proof of the others, committed as follows:

That in the State of Washington, on or between the 1st day of June, 2018 and the 30th day of June, 2018, did unlawfully, feloniously, and wrongfully obtain or exert unauthorized control over property and/or services other than a firearm or a motor vehicle, belonging to another, of a value exceeding \$750, but that does not exceed \$5,000, with intent to deprive said owner of such property and/or services. contrary to RCW 9A.56.020(1)(a) and 9A.56.040(1)(a), and the crime was aggravated by the following circumstances: pursuant to RCW 9.94A.535(3)(b), the defendant knew or should have known that the victim of the current offense was particularly vulnerable or incapable of resistance, pursuant to RCW 9.94A.535(3)(d), The current offense was a major economic offense or series of offenses, so identified by a consideration of any of the following factors:(i) The current offense involved multiple victims or multiple incidents per victim; (ii) The current offense involved attempted or actual monetary loss substantially greater than typical for the offense; (iii) The current offense involved a high degree of sophistication or planning or occurred over a lengthy period of time; or (iv) The defendant used his or her position of trust, confidence, or fiduciary responsibility to facilitate the commission of the current offense, and against the peace and dignity of the State of Washington.

## COUNT 3

And I, Mark Lindquist, Prosecuting Attorney for Pierce County, in the name and by the authority of the State of of the crime of THEFT IN THE SECOND DEGREE, a Washington, do accuse crime of the same or similar character, and/or a crime based on the same conduct or on a series of acts connected together or constituting parts of a single scheme or plan, and/or so closely connected in respect to time, place and occasion that it would be difficult to separate proof of one charge from proof of the others, committed as follows:

That in the State of Washington, on or between the 1st day of July, 2018 and the 31st day of July, 2018, did unlawfully, feloniously, and wrongfully obtain or exert unauthorized control over property and/or services other than a firearm or a motor vehicle, belonging to another, of a value exceeding \$750, but that does not exceed \$5,000, with intent to deprive said owner of such property and/or services, contrary to RCW 9A.56.020(1)(a) and 9A.56.040(1)(a), , and the crime was aggravated by the following 31 circumstances: pursuant to RCW 9.94A.535(3)(b), the defendant knew or should have known that the victim of the current offense was particularly vulnerable or incapable of resistance, pursuant to RCW 9.94A.535(3)(d).

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The current offense was a major economic offense or series of offenses, so identified by a consideration of any of the following factors:(i) The current offense involved multiple victims or multiple incidents per victim; (ii) The current offense involved attempted or actual monetary loss substantially greater than typical for the offense; (iii) The current offense involved a high degree of sophistication or planning or occurred over a lengthy period of time; or (iv) The defendant used his or her position of trust, confidence, or fiduciary responsibility to facilitate the commission of the current offense, and against the peace and dignity of the State of Washington.

DATED: October 25, 2018

PLACE: TACOMA, WA TACOMA POLICE DEPARTMENT  MARK LINDQUIST Pierce County Prosecuting Attorney

/s/ SVEN NELSON SVEN NELSON, WSB# 24235 Deputy Prosecuting Attorney

October 25 2018 8:31 AM

KEVIN STOCK COUNTY CLERK

## SUPERIOR COURT OF WASHINGTON FOR PIERCE COUNTY

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10	STATE OF WASHINGTON,		CAUSE NO.
11 12 13 14	VS.	Plaintiff,	DECLARATION FOR DETERMINATION OF PROBABLE CAUSE (ADPC)
15 16	DOB:	Defendant.	

SVEN NELSON declares under penalty of perjury:

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That in Pierce County, Washington, during the period between the 1st day of May, 2018 and the 31st day of July, 2018, the defendant, did commit the crimes of Theft in the First Degree and Theft in the Second Degree (2 counts). Additionally all counts are aggravated in that the victim was particularly vulnerable or incapable of resistance and that these were major economic offenses or a series of offenses.

22 On 10-16-18, Tacoma Police were contacted by Melvin Mesick regarding elder abuse lawn care 23 fraud. Mesick was first contacted back on May 11, 2018 by who offerred to do some lawn work at Mesick's residence. Mesick (age 75) had always done his own yard work and 24 hedge/tree trimming, but he had injured his knee and was currently using a cane to walk so he 25 decided it was a good idea to hire someone. Eventually, Mesick ended up giving over \$14,000 between May and July 2018. Mesick constantly told law enforcement officers how 26 embarrassed he was and how he could not believe that he let this happen. He also did not want 27 his family to ever find out that he had been scammed in this fashion. Even deducting the work that was partially completed - the amount of Mesick's loss was in excess of \$13,000. 28

Initially, they agreed on a price of \$600 to trim the front hedge on the south side of his property.
 was also going to cut 5 very tall trees down to 10 feet so that Mesick could maintain them. The price for tree trimming was \$1,000. Lastly, Mesick wanted to trim some trees and bushes on the North side of the property that overhung his neighbors yard and agreed to pay him \$800 more for that job.

Two men showed up later to trim the front hedge. They worked hard when they were there but never finished the job. Two different men came to trim two of the trees but never finished that job either. One of the men demanded \$400 from Mesick who told them he had already paid but the man insisted that he needed to pay and the would refund Mesick the \$400. When Mesick later asked to be about his \$400 - the became angry never did reimburse him.

From the beginning, was constantly asking Mesick for extra money for things like tabs for his truck, gas, vehicle parts, etc... Everything Mesick gave him was supposed to be a loan. Total told him that he had money coming up in from other jobs and he would pay him back. At one point showed Mesick a bag of checks and said as soon as he could cash them - he could pay Mesick back. But he never did.

would often get on the phone (when he was with Mesick) and talk to other people about jobs - leading Mesick to think that was getting paid for other jobs soon. One time, handed Mesick a \$300 check supposedly from another client and said that he (could not cash it until the next day, could then asked Mesick to give him \$300 in cash the check as collateral. Mesick gave him cash and the next day could returned and took the check back.

Between May and July, **Constant** cook Mesick to the bank and ATM multiple times to get cash. One time, **Constant** told Mesick that he had to pay insurance for all of his trucks or the police were going to **impound** them. **Constant** then took Mesick to the bank and Mesick withdrew \$1,550 and gave it to **impound** them.

During the month of May 2018, Mesick gave the following amounts to second: Checks totaling \$3208, cash from ATM withdrawals totaling \$2360 and \$800 in cash from an in branch withdrawal for a grand total of \$6,368. Deducting \$800 for the work that was partially completed - the total loss in May was \$5,568 (Theft in the First Degree - Count I).

In the month of June, Mesick's total loss was \$4,025 - which includes checks totaling \$3,725 and ATM withdrawals of \$300 (Theft in the Second Degree - Count II). In July, there were checks in the amount of \$1,225, ATM withdrawals in the amount of \$1,060 and cash from a branch
withdrawal of \$1,550. Additionally, took Mesick to an O'Reilly's Auto Part store where he had Mesick buy \$355.23 worth of merchandise and another time where had Mesick pay for \$66.45 worth of gas at Fred Meyer. Mesick's total loss in July was \$4,256.68 (Theft in the Second Degree - Count III).

Several times made reference to June 5, 2018 as the date when everything would be different but he never explained what he meant. Interestingly, was on community custody through June 5th for a similar scam involving an 81 year old victim. One of the conditions of his community custody prohibited from doing yard work or to offer services unless he was an employee of a licensed business and was authorized by the business to conduct the work.
Detective Schieferdecker checked with the Washington State Department of Revenue and noted that mean did have a business license back in 2005 - but the business is closed. There was nothing on file with the Secretary of State's office.

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4	Around July 19, 2018, Mesick started to panic because his bank account balance was so low. He told that he was not giving him any additional money.
- 1	after that but Mesick would not give him any more money. finally stopped coming by the
5	residence. never completed any of the work and never repaid any of the money.
6	I DECLARE UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF
7	WASHINGTON THAT THE FOREGOING IS TRUE AND CORRECT.
8	DATED: October 25, 2018. PLACE: TACOMA, WA
9	/s/ SVEN NELSON
10	SVEN NELSON, WSB# 24235
11	Deputy Prosecuting Attorney
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# **APPENDIX D**

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PIERCE COUNTY, Cierk By V DEPUTY
SUPERIOR COURT OF WASHINGTON FOR PIERCE COUNTY
O       STATE OF WASHINGTON,         M       Plaintiff,         CAUSE NO.
ORDER ESTABLISHING CONDITIONS Defendant.
Theer 1, Theet 2 22
THE COURT HAVING found probable cause, establishes the following conditions that shall apply pending that in this cause number or until entry of a later order; IT IS HEREBY ORDERED
Release conditions:
Defendant is to be held in custody without bail (no bail hold).
[] Defendant is to be released on personal recognizance.
[] Defendant is to be released upon execution of a surety bond in the amount of \$ or posting of cash in the amount of \$
Conditions that take effect upon release from custody:
[] Defendant is released to the supervision of
[] Defendant is to reside/stay only at this address
[] Travel is restricted to Pierce, King, Thurston, and Kitsap Counties.
[] Defendant is not to drive a motor vehicle without a valid license and insurance.
[] Defendant is to keep in contact with defense attorney.
Conditions that take effect immediately:
[] Defendant is to have no violations of the criminal laws of this state, any other state, any political subdivision of this state or any other state, or the United States, during the period of his/her release.

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Defendant is to playgrounds; ex	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ith minor children (und	er age 18) and is not	to be on school grounds
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Defendant is to	eport to the Pierce	e County jail by	for admin	istrative booking proced
Defendant shall	not possess weapo	ons or firearms.	8	13
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drug users or sel		ossess alconol or non-p	resemption drugs, or	associate with any known
	litions of release a rotective Order	re included in an attach	iment:	v – 8 
Other	* ***			
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			12	

JUDGE JERRY T. COSTELLO I agree and promise to appear before this court or any other place as this court may order upon notice delivered to me at my address stated below or upon notice to my attorney. I agree to appear for any court date set by my attorney

and I give my attorney full authority to set such dates. I understand that my failure to appear for any type of court appearance will be a breach of these conditions of release and a bench warrant may be issued for my arrest. I further agree and promise to keep my attorney or, if I am representing myself, the Office of the Prosecuting Attorneyinformed of any change of either my address or my telephone number.

I have read the above conditions of release and any other conditions of release that may be attached. I agree to follow said conditions and understand that a violation will lead to my arrest. FAILURE TO APPEAR AFTER HAVING BEEN RELEASED ON PERSONAL RECOGNIZANCE OR BAIL IS AN INDEPENDENT CRIME, PUNISHABLE BY 5 YEARS IMPRISONMENT OR \$10,000, OR BOTH (RCW 10.19).

Phone: DEFEND DATE

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## **APPENDIX** E

**KEVIN STOCK** COUNTY CLERK SUPERIOR COURT OF WASHINGTON FOR PIERCE COUNTY STATE OF WASHINGTON. CAUSE NO. Plaintiff, vs. DECLARATION FOR DETERMINATION OF PROBABLE CAUSE (ADPC) Defendant. DOB: SVEN NELSON declares under penalty of perjury: That I am a deputy prosecuting attorney for Pierce County and I am familiar with the police report and/or investigation conducted by the LAKEWOOD POLICE DEPARTMENT, incident number 1806801125; That the police report and/or investigation provided me the following information; That in Pierce County, Washington, during the period between the 3rd day of March, 2018 and the 8th day of March, 2018. the defendant. did commit the crime of Theft in the Second Degree (3 Counts) and each count is aggravated in that the defendant knew or should have known that the victim was particularly vulnerable or incapable of resistance. On 3-3-18, (defendant) contacted Mrs. Grimes (age 90) by knocking on the front door of her residence. He offered to clean her gutters and do some yard work as her yard had overgrown trees and shrubs and her gutters were full of leaves and needles. As they walked around the yard - the defendant told Mrs. Grimes that he had done some work for her neighbors. The defendant said that he would trim her trees and bushes, rake all the leaves and needles, cut out a large tree stump, clean the gutters and get rid of the junk from her driveway - for \$900. Mrs. Grimes agreed on the price and the defendant also offered to remove a big bucket of nails from her property and left with the nails - promising to return in a day or two to do the work. One or two days later (approximately 3-5-18) the defendant returned to the Grimes residence about 3:30 p.m. and told her that he had about 10 minutes to get to the bank before it closed. The defendant asked Mrs. Grimes to pay the \$900 upfront. He was in a hurry and told her to leave the pay to order blank as he would fill it in. Mrs. Grimes wrote out a check for \$900. The defendant returned later that day (or possibly the next day) and indicated that he needed a 2nd check for \$900 as he locked the check and his keys in his vehicle. The defendant told Mrs. Grimes that he needed to get the \$900 immediately so that he could get insurance for working in her yard. He indicated that if she gave him a second check for \$900 he would not cash the first one. Over the next several days, the defendant later obtained two additional checks (one for \$900 and one for \$950). Mrs. Grimes could not recall how how the defendant convinced her to write the checks but remembered him standing very close

DECLARATION FOR DETERMINATION OF PROBABLE CAUSE declaration.rptdesign

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2 3 4	to her (in an intimidating fashion) and at least one time getting down on his knee and staring at her intently as she wrote a check. She said that she felt almost hypnotized into giving him the money he demanded. The defendant never did any work for Mrs. Grimes and she eventually realized that he was not going to complete the work.
5 6 7	Mrs. Grimes went to her bank and learned that four checks had been cashed. Checks Number #3152 and #3153 were cashed for \$900 a piece on 3-5-18 (Theft in the Second Degree - Count 1). Check # 3155 also for \$900 was cashed on 3-6-18 (Theft in the Second Degree - Count 2). Check #3159 for \$950 was cashed on 3-8-18 (Theft in the Second Degree - Count 3).
8	The defendant cashed checks that totaled \$3,650 - which drained Mrs. Grimes account and left her unable to pay her other bills. Mrs. Grimes and her son - identified the defendant from a recent booking photo.
10	The defendant is on probation with the Department of Corrections and one of the conditions is a prohibition on doing any work or employment in landscaping or maintenance without prior authorization from his Community Corrections Officer.
11 12	I DECLARE UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON THAT THE FOREGOING IS TRUE AND CORRECT.
13	DATED: March 23, 2018. PLACE: TACOMA, WA
14	/s/ SVEN NELSON
15	SVEN NELSON, WSB# 24235 Deputy Prosecuting Attorney
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Plaintiff Guilty to Non-Sex Offensi (STTDFG) Guilty to Non-Sex Offensi (STDFG) Guilty to Non-Sex Offensi (Stdef at the optension of the Non-Sex Offensi (Stdef at the optension of the optensi (Stdef at the optension of the optension of the	FILED DEPT 18 IN OPEN COURT SEP - 6 2018 PIERCE COUNTY, CIE By DEPUTY	SEP	0847 STTDFG 09-07-18			51
State of Washington       Plaintiff       Statement of Defendant of Guilty to Non-Sex Offense (STTDFG)         vs.       Defendant       Defendant       Guilty to Non-Sex Offense (STTDFG)         1.       My true name is:		]	iington		•	
Plaintiff       Statement of Defendant of Guilty to Non-Sex Offensity (STTDFG)         I.       My true name is:		No.				
<ul> <li>My true name is:</li> <li>My age is:</li></ul>		Statement of Defendant on Plea Guilty to Non-Sex Offense (STTDFG)	Plaintiff	Vashington	te of Wa	
<ul> <li>2. My age is:</li></ul>			Defendant	January Para		
<ul> <li>2. My age is:</li></ul>						
<ul> <li>3. The last level of education 1 completed was <u>12</u>.</li> <li>4. I Have Been Informed and Fully Understand That: <ul> <li>(a) I have the right to representation by a lawyer and that if I cannot afford to pay one will be provided at no expense to me. My lawyer's name is: Hershman</li> <li>(b) I am charged with the crime(s) of: Theft Second Degree (2 Counts)</li> <li>as set out in the Amended Information, dated, <u>9.6.18</u>(Defendant The elements of <u>1</u> this crime <u>1</u> these crimes are as set out in the Amended Information, dated a copy acknowledge previously receiving and reviewing with my lawyer.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>				true name is:	My tri	1.
<ul> <li>4. I Have Been Informed and Fully Understand That:</li> <li>(a) I have the right to representation by a lawyer and that if I cannot afford to pay one will be provided at no expense to me. My lawyer's name is: Hershman</li> <li>(b) I am charged with the crime(s) of: Theft Second Degree (2 Counts) <ul> <li>as set out in the Amended Information, dated, 9.6.18</li> <li>acknowledge previously receiving and reviewing with my lawyer.</li> <li>(b) The elements of this crime these crimes are as set out in the Amended Information, dated a copy acknowledge previously receiving and reviewing with my lawyer.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		;	1	t		2.
<ul> <li>(a) I have the right to representation by a lawyer and that if I cannot afford to pay one will be provided at no expense to me. My lawyer's name is: Hershman</li> <li>(b) I am charged with the crime(s) of: Theft Second Degree (2 Counts) <ul> <li>as set out in the Amended Information, dated, 9.6.1.8</li> <li>acknowledge previously receiving and reviewing with my lawyer.</li> <li>(b) The elements of this crime these crimes are as set out in the Amended Information, dated a copy acknowledge previously receiving and reviewing with my lawyer.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		2	completed was	last level of education I	The la	3.
<ul> <li>one will be provided at no expense to me. My lawyer's name is: Hershman</li> <li>(b) I am charged with the crime(s) of: Theft Second Degree (2 Counts)</li> <li>as set out in the Amended Information, dated, 9.6.18</li></ul>						
as set out in the Amended Information, dated, 9.6.1.8	(a) I have the right to representation by a lawyer and that if I cannot afford to pay for a lawyer, one will be provided at no expense to me. My lawyer's name				(a)	
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are as set out in the <u>Amended</u> Information, dateda copy acknowledge previously receiving and reviewing with my lawyer.	I hereby int's initials)					
	eby	are as set out in the <u>Amended</u> Information, dateda copy are by acknowledge previously receiving and reviewing with my lawyer.				
N/A Additional counts are addressed in Attachment "B"	un s muals)		al counts are addresse	N/A Addition		
5. I Understand I Have the Following Important Rights, and I Give The	nem Up bv	ortant Rights. and I Give Them Un	e Following Imp	nderstand I Have th	1 Und	5.

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- (a) The right to a speedy and public trial by an impartial jury in the county where the crime was allegedly committed;
- (b) The right to remain silent before and during trial, and the right to refuse to testify against myself;
- (c) The right at trial to hear and question the witnesses who testify against me;
- (d) The right at trial to testify and to have witnesses testify for me. These witnesses can be made to appear at no expense to me;
- (e) The right to be presumed innocent unless the State proves the charge beyond a reasonable doubt or I enter a plea of guilty;
- (f) The right to appeal a finding of guilt after a trial as well as other pretrial motions such as time for trial challenges and suppression issues.

#### 6. In Considering the Consequences of My Guilty Plea, Understand That:

(a) Each crime with which I am charged carries a maximum sentence, a fine, and a **Standard Sentence Range** as follows:

	COUNT NO.	OFFENDER SCORE	STANDARD RANGE ACTUAL CONFINEMENT (not including enhancements)	PLUS Enhancements*	COMMUNITY CUSTODY RANGE (Only applicable for crimes committed on or after July 1, 2000. For crimes committed prior to July 1, 2000, see paragraph 6(f).)	MAXIMUM TERM AND FINE
$\square$	1	9+	22 to 29 months	0	0	5yrs/\$10K
1-	2	9+	22 to 29 months	0	0	5yrs/\$10K
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\*The sentencing enhancement codes are: (RPh) Robbery of a pharmacy, (CSG) Criminal street gang involving minor, (AE) Endangement while attempting to elude. The following enhancements will run consecutively to all other parts of my entire sentence, including other enhancements and other counts: (F) Firearm, (D) Other deadly weapon, (V) VUCSA in protected zone, (JP) Juvenile present, (VH) Vehicular Homicide, *see* RCW 46.61.520, (SM) Sexual Motivation, RCW 9.94A.533(8), (SCF) Sexual conduct with a child for a fee, RCW 9.94A.533(9), (P16) Passenger(s) under age 16.

- (b) The standard sentence range is based on the crime charged and my criminal history. Criminal history includes prior convictions and juvenile adjudications or convictions, whether in this state, in federal court, or elsewhere.
- (c) The prosecuting attorney's statement of my criminal history is attached to this statement. Unless I have attached a different statement, I agree that the prosecuting attorney's statement is correct and complete. If I have attached my own statement, I assert that it is correct and complete. If the prosecutor and I disagree about the computation of the offender score, I understand that this dispute will be resolved by the court at sentencing. I waive any right to challenge the acceptance of my guilty plea on the grounds that my offender score or standard range is lower than what is listed in paragraph 6(a). If I am convicted of any additional crimes between now and the time I am sentenced, I am obligated to tell the sentencing judge about those convictions.

- (d) If I am convicted of any new crimes before sentencing, or if any additional criminal history is discovered, both the standard sentence range and the prosecuting attorney's recommendation may increase. Even so, my plea of guilty to this charge is binding on me. I cannot change my mind if additional criminal history is discovered even though the standard sentencing range and the prosecuting attorney's recommendation increase or a mandatory sentence of life imprisonment without the possibility of parole is required by law.
- (e) In addition to sentencing me to confinement, the judge will order me to pay \$500.00 as a victim's compensation fund assessment and any mandatory fines or penalties that apply to my case. If this crime resulted in injury to any person or damage to or loss of property, the judge will order me to make restitution, unless extraordinary circumstances exist which make restitution inappropriate. The amount of restitution may be up to double my gain or double the victim's loss. The judge may also order that I pay a fine, court costs, attorney frees and the costs of incarceration.

For crimes committed prior-to-July\_1, 2000: In addition-to-sentencing-me-to confinement, the judge-may-order-me-to-serve-up-to-one-year-of-community-custody-if-the total-period-of-confinement-ordered-is-not-more-than-12-months.-If-the-total-period-of confinement-is-more-than-12-months, and-if-this-crime-is-a-drug-offense,-assault-in-the second-degree, assault-of-a-child-in-the-second-degree, or-any-crime-against-a-person-in which-a-specific-finding-was-made that-l-or-an-accomplice-was-armed with-a-deadly weapon, the-judge-will-order-me-to-serve-at-least-one-year-of-community-custody.-If-this crime-is-a-vehicular-homicide,-vehicular-assault, or-a-serious-violent-offense,-the-judge-will order-me-to-serve-at-least-two-years-of-community-custody.-The-actual-period-of community-custody-may-be-longer-than-my-carned-early-release-period.-During-the-period of-community-custody,-I-will-be-under-the-supervision-of-the-Department-of-Gorrections, and-I-will-have-restrictions-and-requirements-placed-upon-me.

**For endmes committed on or after July 1, 2000:** In addition to sentencing me to confinement, under certain circumstances the judge may order me to serve up to one year of community custody if the total period of confinement ordered is not more than 12 months, but only if the crime I have been convicted of falls into one of the offense types listed in the following chart. For the offense of failure to register as a sex offender, regardless of the length of confinement, the judge will sentence me for up to 12 months of community custody. If the total period of confinement ordered is more than 12 months, and if the crime I have been convicted of falls into one of the offense types listed in the following chart, the court will sentence me to community custody for the term established for that offense type unless the judge finds substantial and compelling reasons not to do so. If the period of earned release awarded per RCW 9.94A.728 is longer, that will be the term of my community custody. If the crime I have been convicted of falls into more than one category of offense types listed in the following chart, then the community custody term will be based on the offense type that dictates the longest term of community custody.

OFFENSE TYPE	COMMUNITY CUSTODY TERM		
Serious Violent Offenses as defined by RCW 9.94A.030(45)	36 months		
Violent Offenses as defined by RCW 9.94A.030(54)	18 months		

Statement on Plea of Guilty (Non-Sex Offense) (STTDFG) - Page 3 of 10 CrR 4.2(g) (6/2015)

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Crimes Against Persons as defined by RCW 9.94A.411(2)	12 months
Offenses under Chapter 69.50 or 69.52 RCW (not sentenced under RCW 9.94A.660)	12 months
Offenses involving the unlawful possession of a firearm where the offender is a criminal street gang member or associate	12 months

Certain sentencing alternatives may also include community custody.

During the period of community custody I will be under the supervision of the Department of Corrections, and I will have restrictions and requirements placed upon me, including additional conditions of community custody that may be imposed by the Department of Corrections. My failure to comply with these conditions will render me ineligible for general assistance, RCW 74.04.005(6)(h), and may result in the Department of Corrections transferring me to a more restrictive confinement status or other sanctions.

If I violate the conditions of my community custody, the Department of Corrections may sanction me up to 60 days confinement per violation and/or revoke my earned early release, or the Department of Corrections may impose additional conditions or other stipulated penalties. The court also has the authority to impose sanctions for any violation.

The prosecuting attorney will make the following recommendation to the judge: State recommends Low end of 22 months. \$500/cvpa, \$200/Costs. NCO with complaining witness. State will agree that Defendant can enter his plea and set over sentencing. Restitution paid up front (\$3,600.00)

The prosecutor will recommend as stated in the plea agreement, which is incorporated by reference.

- (h) **The judge does not have to follow anyone's recommendation as to sentence**. The judge must impose a sentence within the standard range unless the judge finds substantial and compelling reasons not to do so. I understand the following regarding exceptional sentences:
  - (*i*) The judge may impose an exceptional sentence below the standard range if the judge finds mitigating circumstances supporting an exceptional sentence.
  - (*ii*) The judge may impose an exceptional sentence above the standard range if 1 am being sentenced for more than one crime and 1 have an offender score of more than nine.
  - (iii) The judge may also impose an exceptional sentence above the standard range if the State and I stipulate that justice is best served by imposition of an exceptional sentence and the judge agrees that an exceptional sentence is consistent with and in furtherance of the interests of justice and the purposes of the Sentencing

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#### Reform Act.

(iv) The judge may also impose an exceptional sentence above the standard range if the State has given notice that it will seek an exceptional sentence, the notice states aggravating circumstances upon which the requested sentence will be based, and facts supporting an exceptional sentence are proven beyond a reasonable doubt to a unanimous jury, to a judge if I waive a jury, or by stipulated facts.

If the court imposes a standard range sentence, then no one may appeal the sentence. If the court imposes an exceptional sentence after a hearing, either the State or I can appeal the sentence.

- (i) If I am not a citizen of the United States, a plea of guilty to an offense punishable as a crime under state law is grounds for deportation, exclusion from admission to the United States, or denial of naturalization pursuant to the laws of the United States.
- (j) I may not possess, own, or have under my control any firearm, and under federal law any firearm or ammunition, unless my right to do so is restored by the court in which I am convicted or the superior court in Washington State where I live, and by a federal court if required. I must immediately surrender any concealed pistol license.
- (k) Loss of voting rights –Acknowledgment, RCW 10.64.140: After conviction of a felony, or entry of a plea of guilty to a felony, your right to vote is immediately revoked and any existing voter registration is cancelled. Pursuant to RCW 29A.08.520, after you have completed all periods of incarceration imposed as a sentence, and after all community custody is completed and you are discharged by the Department of Corrections, your voting rights are automatically restored on a provisional basis. You must then reregister to be permitted to vote.

Failure to pay legal financial obligations, or comply with an agreed upon payment plan for those obligations, can result in your provisional voting right being revoked by the court.

Your right to vote may be fully restored by (i) a certificate of discharge issued by the sentencing court, as provided in RCW 9.94A.637; (ii) a court order issued by the sentencing court restoring the right, as provided in RCA 9.92.066; (iii) a final order of discharge issued by the indeterminate sentence review board, as provided in RCW 9.96.050; or (iv) a certificate of restoration issued by the governor, as provided in RCW 9.96.020.

Voting before the right is either provisionally or fully restored is a class C felony under RCW 29A.84.660.

- (1) **Government assistance may be suspended** during any period of confinement.
- (m) I will be required to have a biological sample collected for purposes of DNA identification analysis. I will be required to pay a \$100.00 DNA collection fee.

Notification Relating to Specific Crimes: If any of the following paragraphs DO NOT APPLY, counsel and the defendant shall strike them out. The defendant and the judge

### shall initial all paragraphs that DO APPLY.

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(n) This offense is a most serious offense or "strike" as defined by RGW-9.94A.030, and if I have at least two-prior convictions for most serious offenses, whether in this state, in federal court, or elsewhere, the crime for which l-am charged carries a mandatory sentence of life imprisonment without the possibility of parole.

/ The-judge-may-sentence-me-as-a-first-time offender-instead-of-giving-a-sentence-within the standard-range if-Lqualify-under-RGW-9.94A.030.—This-sentence-could-include-as much as 90-days'-confinement-and-up-to-one-year-of-community-custody-plus-all-of-the conditions-described in paragraph (e).—Additionally,-the-judge-could-require-me-to-undergo treatment,-to-devote-time-to-a-specific-occupation,-and-to-pursue-a-prescribed-course-of study-or-occupational-training.

(p) The judge-may-sentence-me-under-the-**Parenting-Sentencing-Alternative**-if-l qualify-under-RCW-9.94A.655.-If-l-am-eligible, the judge-may-order-DOC-to-complete either-a-risk-assessment report-or-a-chemical-dependency-screening-report, or-both.-If-the judge-decides-to-impose the Parenting-Sentencing-Alternative, the sentence-will-consist-of +2-months-of-community-custody-and-I-will-be-required-to-comply-with-the-conditions imposed-by-the-court-and-by-DOC.--At-any-time-during-community-custody, the court-may schedule-a-hearing-to-evaluate-my-progress-in-treatment-or-to-determine-if-I-have-violated the-conditions of-community-custody or-impose-sanctions.-If-the court-finds-I-violated-the-conditions-or-requirements of-the sentence-or-I-failed-to-make-satisfactory-progress-in-treatment,-the-court-may-order-me-to serve-a-term-of-total-confinement-within-the-standard-range-for-my-offense.

(q) If this crime-involves kidnapping-involving a-minor, including-unlawful imprisonment-involving a-minor-who-is-not-my-child, l-will-be-required-to-register-where-I reside, study-or-work. The specific registration requirements are set-forth-in-the "Offender Registration" Attachment. These requirements may change at-a-later date. l-am responsible-for-learning-about-any-changes-in-registration-requirements and-for-complying with-the-new-requirements.

(r) If-this-is a crime of domestic-violence, I-may-be-ordered to pay-a domestic violence assessment of up to \$100.00. If-I, or the victim of the offense, have a minor child, the court-may order-me to participate in a domestic-violence perpetrator program approved under-RGW-26.50.150.

If this crime-involves prostitution, or a drug offense associated with hypodermic needles, l-will-be-required to undergo testing for the human-immunodeficiency (HIV/ADS)-virus.

The judge may sentence me under the drug offender sentencing alternative (DOSA) if I qualify under RCW 9.94A.660. If I qualify and the judge is considering a residential chemical dependency treatment-based alternative, the judge may order that I be examined by DOC before deciding to impose a DOSA sentence. If the judge decides to impose a DOSA sentence, it could be either a prison-based alternative or a residential chemical dependency treatment-based alternative.

If the judge imposes the **prison-based alternative**, the sentence will consist of a period of total confinement in a state facility for one-half of the midpoint of the standard range, or 12 months, whichever is greater. During confinement, I will be required to undergo a comprehensive substance abuse assessment and to participate in treatment. The judge will

Statement on Plea of Guilty (Non-Sex Offense) (STTDFG) - Page 6 of 10 CrR 4.2(g) (6/2015)

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also impose a term of community custody of one-half of the midpoint of the standard range.

If the judge imposes the **residential chemical dependency treatment-based alternative**, the sentence will consist of a term of community custody equal to one-half of the midpoint of the standard sentence range or two years, whichever is greater, and I will have to enter and remain in a certified residential chemical dependency treatment program for a period of *three to six months*, as set by the court.

As part of this sentencing alternative, the court is required to schedule a progress hearing during the period of residential chemical dependency treatment and a treatment termination hearing scheduled three months before the expiration of the term of community custody. At either hearing, based upon reports by my treatment provider and the department of corrections on my compliance with treatment and monitoring requirements and recommendations regarding termination from treatment, the judge may modify the conditions of my community custody or order me to serve a term of total continement equal to one-half of the midpoint of the standard sentence range, followed by a term of community custody under RCW 9.94A.701.

During the term of community custody for either sentencing alternative, the judge could prohibit me from using alcohol or controlled substances, require me to submit to urinalysis or other testing to monitor that status, require me to devote time to a specific employment or training, stay out of certain areas, pay \$30.00 per month to offset the cost of monitoring and require other conditions, such as affirmative conditions, and the conditions described in paragraph 6(e). The judge, on his or her own initiative, may order me to appear in court at any time during the period of community custody to evaluate my progress in treatment or to determine if 1 have violated the conditions of the sentence. If the court finds that I have violated the conditions of the sentence or that I have failed to make satisfactory progress in treatment, the court may modify the terms of my community custody or order me to serve a term of total confinement within the standard range.

If I am subject to community custody and the judge finds that I have a **chemical dependency** that has contributed to the offense, the judge may order me to participate in rehabilitative programs or otherwise to perform affirmative conduct reasonably related to the circumstances of the crime for which I am pleading guilty.

(y) If-this-crime-involves-the-manufacture, delivery, or-possession-with-the-intent-to deliver-methamphetamine, including-its-salts, isomers, and salts-of-isomers, or amphetamine, including-its-salts, isomers, and-salts-of-isomers, and if a fine-is-imposed, \$3,000 of-the-fine-may-not-be-suspended, RCW-69.50,401(2)(b).

(w) If this crime involves a violation of the state drug laws, my eligibility-for state and federal food stamps, welfare, and education benefits may be affected. -20 - U.S.C. +1091(r) and -21 - U.S.C. +862a.

(x) I-understand-that-RGW-46.20.285(4)-requires-that-my-driver's-license-be-revoked if-the-judge-finds-I-used-a-motor-vehicle-in-the-commission-of this-felony.

(y) If this-crime-involves-the-offense of-vehicular-homicide-while-under-the-influence of-intoxicating-liquor-or-any-drug, as-defined-by-RCW-46.61.502, committed-on-or-after January 1, -1999, an-additional-two-years-shall-be-added-to-the-presumptive-sentence-for vehicular-homicide-for-each-prior-offense-as-defined-in-RCW-46.61.5055(-14).

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(z) If-l-am-pleading-guilty-to-felony-driving-under-the-influence-of-intoxicating liquor-or-any-drugs,-or-felony-actual-physical-control-of-a-motor-vehicle-while-under the-influence-of-intoxicating-liquor-or-any-drug,-in-addition-to-the-provisions-of-chapter 9.94A-KCW,-l-will-be-required-to-undergo-alcohol-or-chemical-dependency-treatment services-during-incarceration.\_I-will-be-required-to-pay-the-costs-of-treatment-unless-the court finds-that-l-am-indigent.-My-driving-privileges-will-be-suspended,-revoked-ordenied.-Following-the-period-of-suspension,-revocation-or-denial,-I-must-comply-with ignation-interlock-device-requirements.-In-addition-to-any-other-costs-of-the-ignition interlock-device, I will-be-required-to-pay-an-additional;-fee-of-\$20-per-month.

For the crimes of vehicular homicide committed while under the influence of intoxicating liquor, or any drug defined by RCW-46.61.520 or for vehicular assault committed while under the influence of intoxicating liquor, or any drug as defined by RCW-46.61.522, or for any-felony-driving-under the influence (RCW-46.61.502(6)), or felony-physical control under the influence (RCW-46.61.504(6)), the court shall add-12 months to the standard sentence range for each child passenger under the age of 16 who is an occupant in the defendant's vehicle. These enhancements shall be mandatory, shall be served in total confinement, and shall run consecutively to all other sentencing provisions.

For-the-crimes-of-felony-driving-under-the-influence-of-intoxicating-liquor, or-any-drug, for vehicular-homicide-while-under-the-influence-of-intoxicating-liquor, or-any-drug, the court may-order-me-to-reimburse-reasonable-emergency-response-costs-up-to-\$2,500-per-incident.

The crime of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ has a mandatory **minimum** sentence of at-least \_\_\_\_\_\_years of total confinement. This law does not apply to crimes committed on or after July 24, 2005, by a juvenile who was tried as an adult after decline of juvenile court jurisdiction. The law does not allow any reduction of this sentence. This mandatory minimum sentence is not the same as the mandatory sentence of life imprisonment without the possibility of parole described in paragraph 6[n].

I-am-being sentenced for two or more serious violent offenses arising from separate and distinct criminal conduct and the sentences imposed on counts \_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ will run consecutively-unless the judge finds substantial and compelling reasons to do otherwise.

The offense(s)-l-am-pleading-guilty-to-include(s)-a-Violation-of-the-Uniform-Controlled Substances-Act-in-a-protected-zone enhancement-or-manufacture of methamphetamine-when-a-juvenile-was-present in-or-upon-the-premises-of-manufacture enhancement.-I-understand-these-enhancements-are-mandatory-and-that-they-must run consecutively-to-all-other-sentencing-provisions.

The offense(s)-1-am-pleading-guilty-to-include(s) a deadly weapon, firearm, or sexual motivation enhancement. Deadly-weapon, firearm, or sexual-motivation enhancements are mandatory, they-must-be-served-in-total-confinement, and they-must-run-consecutively to any-other-sentence-and-to-any-other-deadly-weapon, firearm, or sexual-motivation enhancements.

(gg) I-an-pleading-guilty-to-(-l-)-unlawful-possession-of-a-firearm(s)-in-the-first-or-second degree-and-(2)-felony-theft-of-a-firearm-or-possession-of-a-stolen-firearm,-I-am required-to-serve-the-sentences-for-these-crimes-consecutively-to-one-another.-If-I-am pleading-guilty-to-unlawful-possession-of-more-than-one-firearm,-I-must-serve-each-of the-sentences-for-unlawful-possession-consecutively-to-each-other.

Statement on Plea of Guilty (Non-Sex Offense) (STTDFG) - Page 8 of 10 CrR 4.2(g) (6/2015) Umay-be-required to register as a felony firearm offender-under-RCW-9.41.330 and RCW 9.41.333. The specific registration requirements are in the "Felony-Firearm Offender Registration". Attachment.

(iii)

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If-I-am-pleading-guilty-to-the-crime-of-unlawful-practices-in-obtaining-assistance-as defined-in-RCW-74.08.334,-no-assistance-payment-shall-be-made-for-at-least-six-months-if this-is-my-first-conviction-and-for-at-least-12-months-if-this-is-my-second-or-subsequent conviction.-This-suspension-of-benefits-will-apply-even-if-1-am-not-incarcerated.-RCW-74.08.290.

(jj) The-judge-may-authorize work-ethic-camp.-To-qualify-for-work-ethic authorization-my-term-of-total confinement-must-be-more-than-twelve-months and-less than-thirty-six-months,-l-cannot-currently-be-either-pending-prosecution-or-serving-a sentence-for-violation-of-the-uniform-controlled-substance-act-and-l-cannot-have-a-current ver-prior-conviction-for-a-sex-or-violent-offense,-RCW-9.94A.690

- 7. I plead guilty to count(s) <u>1</u> as charged in the <u>Amended</u> Information, dated \_\_\_\_\_\_. I have received a copy of that Information and reviewed it with my lawyer.
- 8. I make this plea freely and voluntarily.
- 9. No one has threatened harm of any kind to me or to any other person to cause me to make this plea.
- 10. No person has made promises of any kind to cause me to enter this plea except as set forth in this statement.
- 11. The judge has asked me to state what I did in my own words that makes me guilty of this crime. This is my statement

In Pierce County, Wa., on/about 3.5.18, 3.6.18

Instead of making a statement, I agree that the court may review the police reports and/or a statement of probable cause supplied by the prosecution to establish a factual basis for the plea.

12. My lawyer has explained to me, and we have fully discussed, all of the above paragraphs and the "Offender Registration" and/or "Felony Firearm Offender Registration" Attachment, if applicable. I understand and acknowledge them all. I have been given a copy of this "Statement of Defendant on Plea of Guilty." I have no further questions to ask the judge.

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Statement on Plea of Guilty (Non-Sex Offense) (STTDFG) - Page 9 of 10 CrR 4.2(g) (6/2015)

			IN OPEN COURT
			SEP - 6 2018
			PIERCE COUNTY, Clerk
		I have read and discussed this stat defendant. I believe that the defer	tement with the
Λ		defendant. I believe that the defer	ndant is
//	<	competent and neuv understands.	ne statement.
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Prosecuting Attorney		Defendant's Lawyer	
Sven Nelson	24255	Bryan G. Hershman	14380
Print Name	WSBA No.	Print Name	WSBA No.

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The defendant signed the foregoing statement in open court in the presence of the defendant's lawyer and the undersigned judge. The defendant asserted that [check appropriate box]:

(a) The defendant had previously read the entire statement above and that the defendant understood it in full;

(b) The defendant's lawyer had previously read to him or her the entire statement above and that the defendant understood it in full; or

(c) An interpreter had previously read to the defendant the entire statement above and that the defendant understood it in full. The Interpreter's Declaration is included below.

Interpreter's Declaration: I am a certified or registered interpreter, or have been found otherwise qualified by the court to interpret in the \_\_\_\_\_\_ language, which the defendant understands: I have translated and interpreted this document for the defendant from English into that language. I have no reason to believe that the defendant does not fully understand both the interpretation and the subject matter of this document. I certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of the state of Washington that the foregoing is true and correct.

Signed at (city), (state)	, on (date)
---------------------------	-------------

Interpreter

Print Name

I find the defendant's plea of guilty to be knowingly, intelligently and voluntarily made. Defendant understands the charges and the consequences of the plea. There is a factual basis for the plea. The defendant is guilty as charged.

: 2018 Dated: Corembe Judge S



4. 6. 6. 6 C P P P I [ ] 3. YOU, THE DIRECTOR, ARE COMMANDED to receive the defendant for 2 classification, confinement and placement as ordered in the Judgment and Sentence. (Sentence of confinement or placement not covered by Sections 1 and 2 above). STANLEY J 3 4 By direction of the Honorab 5 Dated: mmmmm با با با با 6 SUPERIC плее "man I vinnen 7 CLERK 8 DEPUTYCLERK 4 J 9 CERTIFIED COPY DELIVERED TO SHERING OF 10 JAN tel 4 2019 By "mannan 11 ,12 STATE OF WASHINGTON 55: 13 County of Pierce N COURT 14 I, Kevin Stock, Clerk of the above entitled Court, do hereby certify that this foregoing 4 2019 15 instrument is a true and correct copy of the original now on file in my office. PIERCE CO IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I hereinto set my 16 Clerk hand and the Seal of Said Court this DEP \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_ 17 KEVIN STOCK, Clerk By:\_\_\_ Deputy n c n --19 KW 20 21 22 23 ·Lu:24 -----25 26 27 28 Office of Prosecuting Attorney 930 Tacoma Avenue'S. Room 946 WARRANT OF COMMITMENT -2 Tacoma, Washington 98402-2171

Telephone: (253) 798-7400

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JUDGMENT AND SENTENCE (JS) (Felony) (7/2007) Page 1 of 13 Office of Prosecuting Attorney 930 Tacoma Avenue S. Room 946 Tacoma, Washington 98402-2171 Telephone: (253) 798-7400  (F) Firearm, (D) Other deadly weapons, (V) VUCSA in a protected zone, (VH) Veh. Horn, See RCW 46.61.520, (JP) Juvenile present, (SM) Sexual Motivation, (SCF) Sexual Conduct with a Child for a Fee. See RCW 9.94A 533(8). (If the crime is a drug offense, include the type of drug in the second column.)

as charged in the AMENDED Information

- [ ] Current offenses encompassing the same criminal conduct and counting as one crime in determining the offender score are (RCW 9.94A.589):
- [ ] Other current convictions listed under different cause numbers used in calculating the offender score are (list offense and cause number):

#### CRIMINAL HISTORY (RCW 9.94A.525): 2.2

	CRIME	DATE OF SENTENCE	SENTENCING COURT	DATE OF CRIME	A or J ADULT JUV	TYPE OF CRIME
1	FTC		DISTRICT COURT 1 (TACOMA)	11-17-1989	A	MISD
2	FTC		DISTRICT COURT I (TACOMA)	11-29-1989	A	MISD
3	FTC		DISTRICT COURT I (TACOMA)	02-13-1990	A	MISD
4	FTC		DISTRICT COURT I (TACOMA)	04-18-1990	A	MISD
5	FTAS	#2]]	DISTRICT COURT I (TACOMA)	11-26-1990	A	MISD
6	NVOL		DISTRICT COURT 1 (TACOMA)	01-10-1991	A	MISD
7	DWLS/FTAS		TACOMA MUNICIPAL COURT	07-16-1991	A	MISD
8	DWLS/FTAS		DISTRICT COURT I (TACOMA)	08-10-1991	A	MISD
9	DWLS/FTAS		TACOMA MUNICIPAL COURT	10-22-1991	A	MISD
10	NVOL		DISTRICT COURT 1 (TACOMA)	02-22-1992	А	MISD
11	DWLS/FTAS		TACOMA MUNICIPAL COURT	06-12-1992	A	MISD
12	DWLS/FTAS		TACOMA MUNICIPAL COURT	07-24-1992	A	MISD
13	THEFT 3		DISTRICT COURT I (TACOMA)	09-16-1992	A	MISD
14	DWLS		TACOMA MUNICIPAL COURT	08-28-1993	A	MISD
15	DWLS		DISTRICT COURT 1 (TACOMA)	11-18-1993	A	MISD
16	DWLS		DISTRICT COURT 1 (TACOMA)	11-22-1993	A	MISD
17	DWLS		DISTRICT COURT I (TACOMA)	11-29-1993	A	MISD
18	DWLS		TACOMA MUNICIPAL COURT	12-01-1993	A	MISD
19	DWLS		DISTRICT COURT 1 (TACOMA)	12-21-1993	A	MISD
20	DWLS		DISTRICT COURT 1 (TACOMA)	07-28-1994	A	MISD
21	CITY LIC VIO		FIRCREST MUNICIPAL COURT	11-20-1995	A	MISD
22	THEFT 3 (2X)		DISTRICT COURT I (TACOMA)	03-27-1996	A	MISD

JUDGMENT AND SENTENCE (JS) (Felony) (7/2007) Page 2 of 13

Office of Prosecuting Attorney 930 Tacoma Avenue S. Room 946 Tacoma, Washington 98402-2171 Telephone: (253) 798-7400

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23	THEFT		DISTRICT COURT 1 (TACOMA)	04-02-1996	A	MISE
34	DWLS		DISTRICT COURT 1 (TACOMA)	04-05-1996	A	MISE
25	DWLS		TACOMA MUNICIPAL COURT	06-13-1996	A	MISE
26	DWLS	·····	TACOMA MUNICIPAL COURT	07-23-1996	A	MISE
27	DWLS		TACOMA MUNICIPAL COURT	08-04-1996	A	MISE
28	THEFT 3		LAKEWOOD MUNI COURT	09-15-1996	A	MISE
29	DWLS		DISTRICT COURT 1 (TACOMA)	09-23-1996	A	MISE
30	DWLS		LAKEWOOD MUNI COURT	10-24-1996	A	MISE
31	DWLS		TACOMA MUNICIPAL COURT	08-25-1997	A	MISI
32	THEFT 3		DISTRICT COURT 1 (TACOMA)	12-05-1997	A	MISE
33	DWLS/FALSE STATEMENTS		DISTRICT COURT I (TACOMA)	12-07-1997	A	MISE
34	DWLS		DISTRICT COURT 1 (TACOMA)	12-26-1998	A	MISE
35	THEFT 3		LAKEWOOD MUNI COURT	02-12-1999	A	MISE
36	DWLS 3		LAKEWOOD MUNI COURT	12-01-1999	A.	MISI
37	DWLS 3		LAKEWOOD MUNI COURT	12-14-1999	A	MIST
38	DWLS 3		LAKEWOOD MUNI COURT	02-21-2000	A	MISI
39	THEFT 3		LAKEWOOD MUNI COURT	06-30-2001	A	MISI
40	THEFT 3	•	LAKEWOOD MUNI COURT	12-15-2004	A	MISI
41	THEFT 3		LAKEWOOD MUNI COURT	06-28-2005	A	MISI
42	CRIM TRSP 1		SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	05-27-2016	A	MISI
43	FAILURE TO OBTAIN BUSINESS LIC		SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	05-27-2016	A	MISI
44	THEFT IN THE SECOND DEGREE	07-22-1993	SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	02-10-1993	A	NV
45	THEFT IN THE SECOND DEGREE	09-16-1993	SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	08-19-1993	A	NV
46	THEFT IN THE SECOND DEGREE	07-08-1999	SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	11-26-1997	A	vи
47	UDCS COCAINE	04-06-2000	SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	02-11-2800	A	NV
48	CONSPUDCS (COCAINE) W/SCHOOL ENHANCEMENT	03-08-2002	SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	09-19-2001	A	NV
49	ESCAPE 2	03-08-2002	SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	09-19-2001	A	NV
50	UPCS COCAINE	02-22-2007	SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	06-26-2005	A	עא
51	THEFT 1	02-20-2007	SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	09-27-2005	A	VИ
52	ORGANIZED CRIME - LEADING	02-20-2007	SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE	09-27-2005	A	NV

JUDGMENT AND SENTENCE (JS) (Felony) (7/2007) Page 3 of 13

Office of Prosecuting Attorney 930 Tacoma Avenue S. Room 946 Tacoma, Washington 98402-2171 Telephone: (253) 798-7400

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53	THEFT 2	02-20-2007	SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	09-27-2005	A	NV
54	THEFT 2	02-20-2007	SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	09-27-2005	A	NV
55	THEFT 2	02-20-2007	SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	09-27-2005	A	NV
56	THEFT 2	02-20-2007	SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	09-27-2005	A	NV
57	THEFT 2	02-20-2087	SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	09-27-2005	A	NV
58	THEFT 2	02-20-2007	SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	09-27-2005	A	NV
59	THEFT 2	02-20-2007	SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	09-27-2005	A	NV
60	UPCS	02-04-2011	SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	04-21-2010	A	NV
61	UPCS		SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE CTY	08-19-2015	A	NV
62	UPCS	10-26-2015	SUPERIOR CT - PIERCE	08-19-2015	A	NV

[] The court finds that the following prior convictions are one offense for purposes of determining the offender score (RCW 9.94A. S25):

2.3 SENTENCING DATA:

COUNT NO.	Offender Score	Seriousness Level	STANDARD RANGE (not including enhancements)	PLUS Enhancements	TOTAL STANDARD RANGE (including onhancomomic)	MAXIMUM TERM
I	9+	I	22-29 MONTHS	NONE	22-29 MONTHS	5 YRS/ \$10,000
п	+9	I	22-29 MONTHS	NONE	22-29 MONTHS	5 YRS/ \$10,000

2.4 [] EXCEPTIONAL SENTENCE. Substantial and compelling reasons exist which justify an exceptional sentence:

[] within [] below the standard range for Count(s)\_\_\_\_\_\_

- [] above the standard range for Count(5)
  - [ ] The defendant and state stipulate that justice is best served by imposition of the exceptional sentence above the standard range and the court finds the exceptional sentence furthers and is consistent with the interests of justice and the purposes of the sentencing reform act.
  - [] Aggravating factors were [] stipulated by the defendant, [] found by the court after the defendant waived jury trial, [] found by jury by special interrogatory.

Findings of fact and conclusions of law are attached in Appendix 2.4. [ ] Jury's special interrogatory is attached. The Prosecuting Attorney [ ] did [ ] did not recommend a similar sentence.

2.5 **ABILITY TO PAY LEGAL FINANCIAL OBLIGATIONS.** The court has considered the total amount owing, the defendant's past, present and future ability to pay legal financial obligations, including the defendant's financial resources and the likelihood that the defendant's status will change. The court finds that the defendant has the ability or likely future ability to pay the legal financial obligations imposed herein. RCW 9.94A.753.

[] The following extraordinary circumstances exist that make restitution inappropriate (RCW 9.94A.753):

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1 M 2 C 3	A The following extraordinary circumstances exist that make payment of nonraandatory legal financial obligations inappropriate:
5 5 5 5	2.6 [] FELONY FIREARM OFFENDER REGISTRATION. The defendant committed a felony firearm offense as defined in RCW 9.41.010.
6	[ ] The court considered the following factors:
	[] the defendant's criminal history.
び 7 ① 。	[ ] whether the defendant has previously been found not guilty by reason of insanity of any offense in this state or elsewhere.
<u>ه</u> 8	[] evidence of the defendant's propensity for violence that would likely endanger persons.
- b L # 9	[] other:
ر) 10 ال	[] The court decided the defendant [] should [] should not register as a felony firearm offender.
d II	III. JUDGMENT
N 12	3.1 The defendant is GUILTY of the Counts and Charges listed in Paragraph 2.1.
N 13	3.2 [] The court DISMISSES Counts [] The defendant is found NOT GUILTY of Counts
eri 14	
UUUU15	IV. SENTENCE AND ORDER IT IS ORDERED:
16	4.1 Defendent shall pay to the Clerk of this Court: (Pierce County Clerk, 930 Tacoma Ave#110, Tacoma WA 98402)
17	IASS CODE RTNRIN \$ 3650. Restitution to: Betty Grines
18	\$ Restitution to:
19	(Name and Addressaddress may be withheld and provided confidentially to Clerk's Office). PCV \$ 500.00 Crime Victim assessment
20	DNA \$ -100.00-DNA Database Fee
21	PUB     \$Court-Appointed Attorney Fees and Defense Costs
u.u.u.21	FRC \$Criminal Filing Fee
22	FCM \$ Fine
23	
24	OTHER LEGAL FINANCIAL OBLIGATIONS (specify below)
	S Other Costs for:
25	S Other Costs for:
26	\$ 4150. TOTAL
ици <b>: 27</b> гргч 28	[] The above total does not include all restitution which may be set by later order of the court. An agreed restitution order may be entered. RCW 9.94A.753. A restitution hearing:
	JUDGMENT AND SENTENCE (JS)       Office of Prosecuting Attorney         930 Tacoma Avenue S. Room 946         (Felony) (7/2007) Page S of 13       Tacuna. Washington 98402-2171         Telephone: (253) 798-7400

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기 (신) 2		[] shall be set by the prosecutor.	
10		[] is scheduled for	
G 3		MRESITTUTION Order Attached Previous y paid	
4			
5		<ol> <li>The Department of Corrections (DOC) or clerk of the court shall immediately issue a Notice of Payroll Deduction RCW 9.94A.7602, RCW 9.94A.760(8).</li> </ol>	
υνου 6 ΓΓΡΕ Ο 7 Ο 8		[X] All payments shall be made in accordance with the policies of the clerk, commencing immediately, unless the court specifically sets forth the rate herein: Not less than \$ per month commencing RCW 9.94.760. If the court does not set the rate herein, the defendant shall report to the clerk's office within 24 hours of the entry of the judgment and sentence to set up a payment plan.	
्) 9		The defendant shall report to the clerk of the court or as directed by the clerk of the court to provide financial and other information as requested. RCW $9.94A.760(7)(b)$	
び、 11		[ ] COSTS OF INCARCERATION. In addition to other costs imposed herein, the court finds that the defendant has or is likely to have the means to pay the costs of incarceration, and the defendant is ordered to pay such costs at the statutory rate. RCW 10.01.160.	
11 C V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V		COLLECTION COSTS The defendant shall pay the costs of services to collect unpaid legal financial obligations per contract or statute. RCW 36.18.190, 9.94A.780 and 19.16.500.	
13		<b>INTEREST</b> The financial obligations imposed in this judgment shall bear interest from the date of the judgment until payment in full, at the rate applicable to civil judgments. RCW 10.82.090	
14		COSTS ON APPEAL An award of costs on appeal against the defendant may be added to the total legal financial obligations. RCW. 10.73.160.	
15	4. Ib	ELECTRONIC MONITORING REIMBURSEMENT. The defendant is ordered to reimburse (name of electronic monitoring agency) at	
16		for the cost of pretrial electronic monitoring in the amount of \$	
17 18 r=r=0	4.2	[X] DNA TESTING. The defendant shall have a blood/biological sample drawn for purposes of DNA identification analysis and the defendant shall fully cooperate in the testing. The appropriate agency, the county or DOC, shall be responsible for obtaining the sample prior to the defendant's release from confinement. RCW 43.43.754.	
19		[] HIV TESTING. The Health Department or designee shall test and counsel the defendant for HIV as soon as possible and the defendant shall fully cooperate in the testing. RCW 70.24.340.	
20	4.3	NO CONTACT	
21		The defendant shall not have contact with <u>Betty</u> Griming (name, DOB) including, but not limited to, personal, verbal, telephonic, written or contact through a third party for <u>years</u> (not to exceed the maximum statutory sentence).	
22 23		[ ] Damestic Violence No-Cantact Order, Antiharassment No-Cantact Order, or Sexual Assault Protection Order is filed with this Judgment and Sentence.	
цци.24 л - л т 25	4.4	OTHER: Property may have been taken into custody in conjunction with this case. Property may be returned to the rightful owner. Any claim for return of such property must be made within 90 days. After 90 days, if you do not make a claim, property may be disposed of according to law.	
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27			
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		Office of Prosecuting Att	0.000
1445 7777		MENT AND SENTENCE (JS) <i>i</i> ) (7/2007) Page 6 of 13 <i>i</i> ) (7/2007) Page 8 of 13 <i>i</i> ) (	oum 946 10 <b>2-2</b> 171

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t.			
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M 2			
mua 3			
4	4.48	Property may have been taken into custody in conjunction with this case. Property may be n	
5		rightful owner. Any claim for return of such property must be made within 90 days unless for agreement in which case no claim may be made. After 90 days, if you do not make a claim,	
, C		be disposed of according to law.	
6	4.4b	BOND IS HEREBY EXONERATED	
ី 7 ៣ 7			
0 0 8	4.5	CONFINEMENT OVER ONE YEAR The defendant is sentenced as follows:	
۵) T		(a) CONFINEMENT. RCW 9.94A 589. Defendent is sentenced to the following term of	total
ицца 9 Поле		confinement in the custody of the Department of Corrections (DOC):	
<sub>ل</sub> ت 10		manths an Count manths an Count	
<del>т</del> п		2,2 months on Count IT months on Count	
N 12			
r-		months on Count months on Count	
13			
14			.~ ~
a L L 8 15		Actual number of months of total confinement ordered is: 22 men Th	2
г <u>г</u> г. 16		(Add mandatory firearm, deadly weapons, and sexual motivation enhancement time to nin c other counts, see Section 2.3, Sentencing Data, above).	insecutively to
17		[ ] The confinement time on Count(s) tontain(s) a mandatory minimum term of	
18		CONSECUTIVE/CONCURRENT SENTENCES. RCW 9.94A 589. All counts shall be	
		concurrently, except for the portion of those counts for which there is a special finding of a deadly weapon, sexual motivation, VUCSA in a protected zone, or manufacture of methamp	
19		juvenile present as set forth above at Section 2.3, and except for the following counts which	
20		can secutively:	
494221		The sentence herein shall run consecutively to all felony sentences in other cause numbers in	nposed prior to
		the commission of the crime(s) being sentenced. The sentence herein shall run concurrently	with felony
22		sentences in other cause numbers imposed after the commission of the crime(s) being senten the following cause numbers. RCW 9.94A.589:	rea except for
23			
24		Confinement shall commence immediately unless otherwise set forth here:	
25			······································
26		(c) Credit for Time Served. The defendant shall receive credit for eligible time served presentencing if that confinement was solely under this cause number. RCW 9.94A 505.	Che jail shall
u - u = 27		compute time served. SC days Subject to DC	$\sim$
r ; · · ·		compute time served. SG days Subject to DC Necal culation of MMus Sanctions, J	Fan
28			,
	TITICI	MENT AND SENTENCE (JS)	Office of Prosecuting Attorney 930 Tacama Alexys S. Room 946
2		(7/2007) Page 7 of 13	930 Tacoma Avenue S. Room 946 Tacoma, Washington 98402-2171 Telephone: (253) 798-7400
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renn 1				14738	
	4.6	[] COMMUNITY P	LACEMENT	(pre 7/1/00 offenses) is ordered as follows:	
3		Count	. for r	nonths;	
4		Count	forr	nonths;	
5		Count	forr	nonths;	
Links 6		[ ] COMMUNITY ( custody see RCW		determine which offenses are eligible for or required	i for community
orrr John 7		The defendant sha	all be an cammi	mity custody for:	
(T)		Count(s)		36 months for Serious Violent Offenses	
1 8 10				18 months for Violent Offenses	
9		Count(s)		12 months (for crimes against a person, drug offen: involving the unlawful possession of a f street gang member or associate)	
្រ ្ ប្រ រ		Note: combined term statutory maximum. H		and community custody for any particular offense ca	nnot exceed the
12 13 14 15 16 17	ä	available for contact w approved education, ed defendant's address or issued prescriptions; ( own, use, or possess fi affirmative acts as req additional conditions i to electronic monitoria are subject to the prior Community custody fi	with the assigned mployment and r employment; ( 5) not unlawful irearms or smm juired by DOC to imposed by DO ng if imposed by r approval of DO for sex offenders rm of the sentem	r community custody, the defendant shall: (1) report d community corrections officer as directed; (2) work /or community restitution (service); (3) notify DOC ( (4) not consume controlled substances except pursuan by possess controlled substances while in community unition; (7) pay supervision fees as determined by D to confirm compliance with the orders of the court; (5 C under RCW 9.94A.704 and .706 and (10) for sex of y DOC. The defendant's residence location and livin OC while in community placement or community custor is not sentenced under RCW 9.94A.712 may be extend the. Violation of community custody imposed for a set	t at DOC- of any change in at to lawfully custody, (6) not OC; (8) perform D abide by any offenses, submit ng arrangements stody. ded for up to the
665518 FFM		The court orders that o	during the perio	d of supervision the defendant shall:	
19		[] consume no alcoho	ol.		
20					
21		[] remain [] within [	] outside of a s	pecified geographical boundary, to wit:	
22		] not serve in any pa ]3 years of age	aid or volunteer	capacity where he or she has control or supervision o	of minors under
23		] participate in the f	ollowing crime-	related treatment or counseling services:	
чсың24 гггр		] undergo an evalua	tion for treatme	nt for [] domestic violence [] substance abuse	
25				gement and fully comply with all recommended treat	ment.
26		2 3		related prohibitions:	
27					<sup>2</sup>
28		[] Other conditions:			
ะ⊎มน ส⇒ก≏		ENT AND SENTENCI (7/2007) Page 8 of 13	E (JS)	:1	Office of Prosecuting Attor 930 Tacoma Avenue S. Roc Tacoma, Washington 9840 Telephone: (253) 798-7400

orney 10m 946 02-2171 Telephone: (253) 798-7400

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1 ∾ 2 ♥) 2		9.94A.7602. Other income-withholding action under RCW 9. RCW 9.94A.760 may be taken without further notice. RCW 9			
	5.4	RESTITUTION HEARING. A Defendant waives any right to be present at any restitution	hearing (sign initials): <u>JRR</u>		
5	5.5	CRIMINAL ENFORCEMENT AND CIVIL COLLECTION Sentence is punishable by up to 60 days of confinement per vi- legal financial obligations are collectible by civil means. RCV	DN. Any violation of this Judgment and olation. Per section 2.5 of this document,		
uuuv 6 <i>rpnn</i> ⊙ 7 ⊙ 8 © 8	5.6	FIREARMS. You must immediately surrender any concest use or possess any firearm unless your right to do so is real shall forward a copy of the defendant's driver's license, identic Department of Licensing along with the date of conviction or	tored by a court of record. (The court clerk ard, or comparable identification to the		
9	5.7	SEX AND KIDNAPPING OFFENDER REGISTRATION	RCW 9A.44.130, 10.01.200.		
ر» 10	t.	N/A	3		
U U U U 12	5.8	[] The court finds that Count is a felony in the comm The clerk of the court is directed to immediately forward an A Licensing, which must revoke the defendant's driver's license	burnet of Court Record to the Department of		
	5.9 If the defendant is or becomes subject to court-ordered mental health or chemical dependency treatment,				
14 15	5.10	OTHER:			
16	G. (4				
17					
÷1	4	DONE IN OPEN COURT and in the presence of the defendant	ut this date: 1/4 (19		
rrr 19		JUDGE	ALAO		
20		Print name	STANDEY J. RUMBAUGH		
21	-	<u> </u>			
22	Print	ty Prosecuting Attorney Attorney for D name: Sven Nelsa Print name:	Schula Ritzmann		
23	WSB	wsb # 2421 - WSB # 34	2583		
u			FILED CD1 IN OPEN COURT		
25					
26 27			( JAN 0 4 2019		
28			PIERCE COUNTY, Clork By DEPUTY		
ылын тара		TENT AND SENTENCE (JS) ) (7/2007) Page 10 of 13	Office of Prosecuting Afformey 930 Tacoma Avenue S. Room 946 Tacoma, Washington 98402-2171 Telephone: (253) 798-7400		







Voting Rights Statement: I addrowledge that I have lost my right to vote because of this felony conviction. If I am registered to vote, my voter registration will be cancelled.

My right to vote is provisionally restored as long as I am not under the authority of DOC (not serving a sentence of confinement in the custody of DOC and not subject to community custody as defined in RCW 9.94A.030). I must re-register before voting. The provisional right to vote may be revoked if I fail to comply with all the terms of my legal financial obligations or an agreement for the payment of legal financial obligations.

My right to vote may be permanently restored by one of the following for each felony conviction: a) a certificate of discharge issued by the sentencing court, RCW 9.94A.637; b) a court order issued by the sentencing court restoring the right, RCW 9.92.066; c) a final order of discharge issued by the indeterminate sentence review board, RCW 9.96.050; or d) a certificate of restoration issued by the governor, RCW 9.96.020. Voting before the right is restored is a class C felony, RCW 29A.84.660. Registering to vote before the right is restored is a class C felony, RCW 29A.84.660.

Defendant's signature:



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(J) (r) 2	CERTIFICATE OF CLERK	
C 3	CAUSE NUMBER of this case:	
4	I, KEVIN STOCK Clerk of this Court, certify that the foregoing is a full, true an Sentence in the above-entitled action now on record in this office.	d carrect copy of the Judgment and
5	WTINESS my hand and seal of the said Superior Court affixed this date	
uuu 6		
υτυ <b>ιο</b> Πακτ Φ 7 Φ	Clerk of said County and State, by:	, Deputy Clerk
ර 8 රූ		
9	IDENTIFICATION OF COURT REPORTER	
(آ) <sup>10</sup>	Court Reporter	
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n he te e	JUDGMENT AND SENTENCE (JS) (Felony) (7/2007) Page 12 of 13	Office of Prosecuting Attorney 930 Tacoma Avenue S. Room 946 Tacoma, Washington 98402-2171
0004 0005		Telephone: (253) 798-7400



## **APPENDIX F**





Case No.

WHEREAS THE UNDERSIGNED Surety has heretofore posted appearance bail bond <u>No. AC100-7072261</u> on 04/13/2018 GUARANTEEING THE PRESENCE of the Defendant in The Superior Court of the State of Washington for Pierce in Cause <u>No.</u> pending in said Court.

AND WHERAS the aforesaid Defendant has accepted a plea of guilty of the charge or charges against him (THEFT 2) in said Cause and that bail was established and remains for Defendant in said Cause in the sum of **Seventy Five Thousand** Dollars, <u>\$75,000.00</u>.

IT IS NOW THEREFORE AGREED that the aforesaid bail bond shall be deemed a Continuing Bond that the terms and conditions thereof are hereby amended by said Surety to guarantee and insure the presence of the Defendant, and to require said Defendant to be and appear in the aforesaid Superior Court, at all such time or times as shall be required by said Court, from the date of conviction through the date of sentencing and returned to custody if so ordered,

no later than

Presented By:

AMERICAN CONTRACTORS INDEMNITY COMPANY

Shawn Cross Aladdin Bail Bonds

Direct: 253-572-1700

755 Tacoma Ave S Ste#1 TACOMA WA 98402 Phone: (253) 572-1700 Fax: (253) 572-4144

• 1	52181598 BW 10-11-18 FILED IN COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE						
11	OCT 11 2018						
2   3	PIERCE COUNTY, WASHINGTON KEVIN STOCK, County Clerk BY						
4							
5	SUPERIOR COURT OF WASHINGTON FOR PIERCE COUNTY						
6							
7	STATE OF WASHINGTON,						
8	Plaintiff, CAUSE NO.						
0	vs. BENCH WARRANT						
9	Defendant. SID NUMBER:						
10	Detendant. SID NOMBER.						
11	BAIL BOND AGENCY: NONE						
	TO ALL PEACE OFFICERS IN THE STATE OF WASHINGTON, GREETINGS:						
12	WHEREAS, an order of court has been entered directing the Clerk of the above entitled court to issue a						
13	warrant for the arrest of the above named defendant						
14	SEX MALE; RACE BLACK; EYES BROWN; WEIGHT 245; HEIGHT 5'11"; DOB POLICE AGENCY: DATE OF CRIME 03/05/18; POLICE AGENCY CASE NO. (1997); POLICE						
15							
16	You are hereby commanded to forthwith arrest the said <b>second second second second second</b> for the crime(s) of THEFT IN THE SECOND DEGREE; THEFT IN THE SECOND DEGREE, said defendant having entered a plea of guilty to these charges and being released on conditions of release that ordered him to maintain law						
17	abiding behavior but he violated such condition when he was charged in Lakewood Municipal Court with two counts of Theft in the Third degree from incidents that occurred on 09-19-18. The defendant's arraignment date is						
18	10-16-18 in Lakewood. Bring said defendant into court to be dealt with according to law. BAIL IS TO BE SET IN OPEN COURT.						
19 20	WITNESS THE HONORABLE <u>Stephanely</u> <u>Arno</u> Judge/Commissioner of the said court and seal thereof affixed						
21	This day of OCTOBER, 2018. KEVIN STOCK Clerk of the Superior Court						
22	By Deputy						
23	This is to certify that I received the within bench warrant on the day of day of, I arrested the within named defendant,						
24	Extradition: Washington Only Shuttle States Only Nationwide Warrant Service Fee \$15/Return Fee \$5/Mileage \$/TOTAL \$ PEACE OFFICER						
25	bs						
	BENCH WARRANT -1 bwfta.dot Office of the Prosecuting Attorney 30 Tacoma Avenue South, Room 946 Tacoma, Washington 98402-2171 Main Office: (253) 798-7400						

E-FILED IN OPEN COURT CDPJ

October 15 2018 1 50 PM

Pierce County Clerk

### SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF PIERCE

STATE OF WASHINGTON,	Plaintiff	No.
¥3.	Defendant	ORDER ESTABLISHING CONDITIONS OF RELEASE PENDING PURSUANT TO CrR 3.2 (orecrp)
Arresting Agency : LAKEWOOD POLICE D	PARTMENT	
Incident Number : Charges		

THEFT IN THE SECOND DEGREE
 THEFT IN THE SECOND DEGREE

THE COURT HAVING found probable cause, establishes the following conditions that shall apply pending in this cause number or until entry of a later order; IT IS HEREBY ORDERED

### Release Conditions:

The defendant is to be held in custody without bail (no bail hold).

Bail issue reserved.

### Conditions that take effect upon release from custody:

### Conditions that take effect immediately:

- Defendant is to have no violations of the criminal laws of this state, any other state, any political subdivision of this state or any other state, or the United States, during the period of his/her release.
- Remain in contact with the defense attorney.

Dated : October 15, 2018.

Electronically Signed By /s/STEPHANIE A AREND JUDGE/COMMISSIONER

I agree and promise to appear before this court or any other place as this court may order upon notice delivered to me at my address stated below. I agree to appear for any court date set by my attorney and I give my attorney full authority to set such dates. I understand that my failure to appear for any type of court appearance will be a breach of these conditions of release and a bench warrant may be issued for my arrest. I further agree and promise to keep my attorney and the office of the Prosecuting Attorney informed of any change of either my address or my telephone number.

I have read the above conditions of release and any other conditions of release that may be attached. I agree to follow said conditions and understand that a violation will lead to my arrest. FAILURE TO APPEAR AFTER HAVING BEEN RELEASED ON PERSONAL RECOGNIZANCE OR BAIL IS AN INDEPENDENT CRIME, PUNISHABLE BY 5 YEARS IMPRISONMENT OR \$10,000 OR BOTH (RCW 10.19).
Address:

Phone: (253) 589-0639

Defendant Refused to Sign.

# **APPENDIX** G



Tacoma, Washington 98402-2171 Main Office (253) 798-7400

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2	<sup>2</sup> And I, GERALD A HORNE, Prosecuting Att	orney aforesaid, do accuse
3	<sup>3</sup> of the crime of ESCAPE IN 7	THE SECOND DEGREE, a crime of the same
4	4 or similar character, and/or a crime based on the same	conduct or on a series of acts connected
5	5 together or constituting parts of a single scheme or pla	an, and/or so closely connected in respect to
6	6 time, place and occasion that it would be difficult to se	eparate proof of one charge from proof of the
7	others, committed as follows	
8		Pierce County, on or about the 19th day of
	September, 2001, did unlawfully and feloniously, hav	ing been charged with a felony or an equivalent
9	Juvenile offense, knowingly escape from custody of en	•
10	$\frac{9A 76 120(1)(b)}{10}$ , and against the peace and dignity of	the State of Washington
11		
12	DATED this 10th day of January, 2002	
13	TIERCE CIT SHERIFF CASE	GERALD A HORNE
14	14 WA02700	Prosecuting Attorney in and for said County and State.
15	pjh	
16	16	By PATRICK HAMMOND
17	17	Deputy Prosecuting Attorney WSB# 23090
18	18	W 3D# 23050
19		
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	AMENDED INFORMATION - 2	Office of Prosecuting Attorney
		930 Tacoma Avenue South, Room Tacoma Weyburgton 98402 217

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e 9		CLN267 3/12/2962 37780165
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	4	16301035 JDSWCD 03-11-02
	5	IN OPEN COURT
	6	IN THE CURERIDE COURT OF THE STATE OF MACHINETON & 2002
	7	MAR AL CIERK
	8	IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF PIERCE
,Γ``	9	STATE OF WASHINGTON, CAUSE NO.
	10	Plaintiff, WARRANT OF COMMITMENT
	11	vs. 1) [ ] County Jail
	12	2) ( Dept. of Corrections 3) [ ] Other - Custody
	13	Defendant. MAR 1 1 2002
	14	THE STATE OF WASHINGTON TO THE DIRECTOR OF ADULT DETENTION OF
	15	PIERCE COUNTY: WHEREAS, Judgment has been pronounced against the defendant in the
	16	Superior Court of the State of Washington for the County of Pierce, that the defendant be punished as specified in the Judgment and
	17	Sentence/Order Modifying/Revoking Probation/Community Supervision, a full and correct copy of which is attached hereto.
	18	[ ] 1. YOU, THE DIRECTOR, ARE COMMANDED to receive the
	19	defendant for classification, confinement and placement as ordered in the Judgment and Sentence.
	20	(Sentence of confinement in Pierce County Jail).
8	21	[X] 2. YOU, THE DIRECTOR, ARE COMMANDED to take and deliver the defendant to the proper officers of the
	22	Department of Corrections; and
	23	YOU, THE PROPER OFFICERS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS, ARE COMMANDED to receive the defendant
	24	for classification, confinement and placement as ordered in the Judgment and Sentence. (Sentence of
	25	confinement in Department of Corrections custody).
· 1	26	
í, f	27	
	28	WARRANT OF COMMITMENT - 1
		Office of Prosecuting Attorney 946 County-City Building Tacoma, Washington 98402-21 Telephone: (253) 798-7400

946 County-City Building Tacoma, Washington 98402-2171 Telephone: (253) 798-7400

CLX227 3/12/2662 37780170 777 1 2 3 YOU, THE DIRECTOR, ARE COMMANDED to receive the Γ ] 3. 4 defendant for classification, confinement and placement as ordered in the Judgment and Sentence. 5 (Sentence of confinement br placement not covered by Sections 1 and 2 above). 1- 11 6 7 of Hon He 51 iO Dated: 3-8-02 8 BOB SAN SOUCIE 9 COUNTY CLERK 10 IN KERIM CLERK daw Radensug 11 By: DEPUT Y CLERK i 12 CERTIFIED COPY DELIVERED TO SHERIFF 13 By the Andensing Deputy FILED Danap 2002 IN OPEN COURT 14 15 STATE OF WASHINGTON, 16 MAR 8 County of Pierce 2002 ) 55: Pierce County Clerk 17 I, Bob San Soucie, Interim Clerk of the above entitled Court, do hereby By 1.1 18 certify that this foregoing instrument DEPUT is a true and correct copy of the 19 original now on file in my office. 20 IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I hereunto set my hand and the Seal of Said Court. 21 DATED: 22 BOB SAN SOUCIE, Interim Clerk \_\_\_\_ Deputy By:\_\_\_ 23 24 25 26 27 28 WARRANT OF COMMITMENT - 2 Office of Prosecuting Attorney 1414 946 County-City Building Tacoma, Washington 98462-2171 Telephone: (253) 798-7400

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1 7	6		FIL	ED 2 T
			DEF	FD COURT
	7	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT	OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON	\$999
	8		HE COUNTY OF PIERCE   MAR	8 2002
	9	IN HIND FOR IT	The COUNTY OF FIERCE	Coviny
	10	STATE OF WASHINGTON,		DEPUTY
	11	Plaintiff,	CHUSE NU.	
l I u	12	vs.	JUDGMENT AND SENTENCE (JS)	
	13		[X] Prison [ ] Jail One year or less	MAD 4 4 2002
			[ ] First Time Offender	MAR 1 1 2002
	14	DOB: DOB:	[ ] Special Sexual Offender Sentencing Alternative	
	15	SID NO.:	[ ] Special Drug Dffender Sentencing Alternative	
	16		[ ] Breaking The Cycle (BTC	)
	17			
6.9	18	Ι.	HEARING	
	19	1.1 A sentencing hearing in this	case was held on <u>3-8-0</u>	2 and
	4	the defendant, the defendant's la	wyer and the (deputy) prose	cuting
	20	attorney were present.		
	21	II.	FINDINGS	
	22	There being no reason why judgmer	t should not be propounced.	the court
	23	FINDS:		
* ° I	24			
	25	2.1 CURRENT OFFENSE(S); The def	endant was found guilty on	1 - 10 - 0 C
	26	ру		
	27	[X] plea [ ] jury-verdict	[ ] bench trial of:	
		JUDGMENT AND SENTENCE (JS)		
	28	(Felony)(6/2000)		1 of 14
				Office of Prosecuting Attorney
о <sup>в</sup> . 1				946 County-City Building Tacoma, Washington 98402-2171 Telephone: (253) 798-7400

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t i p	3	Count No.: Crime:	I Conspiracy to Deliver a controlled substance,	Charge	
	4	RCW:	Code: (J4-C) COCAINE, SCHEDULE II 69.50.407 AND 69.50.401(a)(1)(i)		
	5	Date of Crime: Incident No.:	09/19/01		
	6	Count No.: Críme:	<u>II</u> <u>ESCAPE IN THE SECOND DEGREE,</u> Charge Code: (DD&	)	
	7	RCW: Date of Crime:	9A.76.120(1)(b)	,	
	8	Incident No.:			
1	9	as charged in	the Amended Information.		
	10		<pre>verdict/finding for use of a firearm was retur RCW 9.94A.125, .310.</pre>	ned on	
	11 12	[ ] A special	verdict/finding for use of deadly weapon other was returned on Count(s)RCW 9.94A.125, .31		
	12	[ ] A special	<pre>verdict/finding of sexual motivation was retur RCW 9.94A.127.</pre>		
	14	Substance	verdict/finding for violation of the Uniform ( s Act was returned on Count(s), RCW 69.50.	401 and RC	:W
1	15	feet of t	), taking place in a school, school bus, or with the perimeter of a school grounds or within 1000	) feet of a	1
	16	public pa	is route stop designated by the school district; irk, public transit vehicle, or public transit s	top	
	17	center de	or in, or within 1000 feet of the perimeter of, esignated as a drug-free zone by a local governm	ent	
	18	governmen	r, or in a public housing project designated by it authority as a drug-free zone. verdict/finding that the defendant committed a		
	19	involving	) the manufacture of methamphetamine when a juve in or upon the premises of manufacture was retur	enile was	
	20	Count(s)		440.	
1	21	proximate	ely caused by a person driving a vehicle while use of intoxicating liquor or drug or by the operation	under the	
	22	vehicle i RCW 9.944	In a reckless manner and is therefore a violent A.030.	offense.	
	23	the secor	e involves kidnapping in the first degree, kidna nd degree, or unlawful imprisonment as defined :	in chapter	
	24	minor's p	N, where the victim is a minor and the offender parent. RCW 9A.44.130.		Ĵ
	25	has contr	t finds that the offender has a chemical dependeributed to the offense(s). RCW 9.94A.129.		
	26	[ ] The crime violence.	e charged in Count(s)involve(s) (	iomestic	
	27	JUDGMENT AND S	CENTENCE (18)		
	28	(Felony)(6/200		2 of 1	14
				Office of Prosecuting A 946 County-City Buildir Tacoma, Washington 984 Telephone: (253) 798-7	ng 402-211

946 County-City Building Tacoma, Washington 98402-2171 Telephone: (253) 798-7400

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	2 3 4	[]		as one crim	compassing th ne in determi					
ריר	5 6 7	[]			tions listed offender scor					
	8	2.2	CRIMINAL H for purpos		Prior convict culating the					
	10 11	Crime	2	Date of <u>Sentence</u>	Sentencing <u>(County &amp; S</u>		Date of <u>Crime</u>	Adult <u>or Ju</u>		rime ype
17.	12 13		T 2 T 2 COCAINE	07/22/93 09/16/93 07/08/99 04/06/00	PIERCE PIERCE PIERCE PIERCE		02/10/93 08/19/93 11/26/97 02/11/00	ADULT ADULT		V V
	14 15 16		The defen placement the court	dant commit (adds one finds that or purposes	Y PLACEMENT ted a currer point to sco t the followi s of determin	ore). RC .ng prio	W 9.94A.3 r convict	60 ions ar	e one	
-	17 18	[ ] The following prior convictions are not counted as points but as enhancements pursuant to RCW 46.61.520:								
	19	2.3	SENTENCIN	G DATA:						
	20 21	<u>Count</u>	Offender Score	Serious Level	Standard Range (w/o <u>enhancement)</u>	Plus <u>Enhancem</u>		dard	Maximu <u>Term</u>	
	22 23	I II	8 6	UNRANKED III	0-12 MDS. 22-29 MDS.	NONE NONE		2 MDS. 29 MOS.	20 YRS 5 YRS.	
)⊚ î F	24				deadly weapor See RCW 46.0					
	25 26 27	2.4	exist whi		NTENCE: Subs an exception for Count(s)	al sent		-	[]	below
	28	1	MENT AND S ony)(6/200	ENTENCE (J9 0)	6)					3 of 14
Ē									946 Cour Tacoma,	Prosecuting Attome nty-City Building Washington 98402-2 te: (253) 798-7400

y 946 County-City Building Tacoma, Washington 98402-2171 Telephone: (253) 798-7400

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с - J	2 3		conclusions of law are attached in Appendix 2.4. The Pro Attorney [ ] did [ ] did not recommend a similar sentence	
	4	2.5	ABILITY TO PAY LEGAL FINANCIAL OBLIGATIONS. The court ha	
	5		considered the total amount owing, the defendant's past, and future ability to pay legal financial obligations, in the defendant's financial resources and the likelihood th	ncluding
	6 7		defendant's status will change. The court finds that the has the ability or likely future ability to pay the lega obligations imposed herein. RCW 9.94A.142.	e defendant
۲. ۲. ۱	8		[ ] The following extraordinary circumstances exist that restitution inappropriate (RCW 9.94A.142):	make
	10			
	11	2.6	For violent offenses, most serious offenses, or armed of recommended sentencing agreements or plea agreements are attached [ ] as follows:	
	13			
	14		III. JUDGMENT	
1 C C	15 16	3.1	The defendant is GUILTY of the Counts and Charges listed Paragraph 2.1.	in
	17	3.2	[ ]The Court DISMISSES Count(s) [ ] The defendant NOT GUILTY of Count(s)	is found
	18			
	19		IV. SENTENCE AND ORDER	
	20	ITI	S ORDERED:	
	21	4.1	Defendant shall pay to the Clerk of this Court (Pierce C Clerk, 930 Tacoma Ave #110, Tacoma, WA 98402):	ounty
	22	\$	Restitution to:	
	23	\$	Restitution to:	
1	24	\$	Restitution to:	
Ľ	25		(Name and Address-address may be withheld and provided confidentially	to Clerk's Office).
8	26			
11.1	27			
	28	F4	GMENT AND SENTENCE (JS) Lony)(6/2000)	4 of 14
Ř.				Office of Prosecuting Attorney 946 County-City Building Tacoma, Washington 98402-2171 Telephone: (253) 798-7400

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	2		500°		-	
	3	\$	110 -	Victim assessment		CW 7.68.035
	4	\$		Court costs, including	RCW 9.94A.0 10.01.160,	30, 9.94A.120, 10.46.190
	5			Crisical filing for t		
5	6					
	7			Sheriff service fees \$_ Jury demand fee \$_ Other \$_		
	9	\$	200 2	Fees for court appointed	d attorney R	CW 9.94A.030
	10	\$		Court appointed defense costs		CW 9.94A.030
	11 12	\$	·	Fine RCW 9A.20.021 [ ] due to indigency		onal fine waived CW 69,50.430
	13	\$		Drug enforcement fund of		CW 9.94A.030
	14 15	\$		Crime Lab fee [ ] deferm		ndigency RCW 43.43.690
	16	\$		Extradition costs	F	REW 9.94A.120
	17	\$		Emergency response costs Homicide only, \$1000 maximum		sault, Vehicular RCW 38.52.430
`	18	\$	CIMO	Other costs for:		
	19	\$	810-	TOTAL	F	RCW 9.94A.145
	20	ני		l does not include all ro gations, which may be se		
	21			eed order may be entered		
	22		[ ] shall be s	et by the prosecutor ed for		
	23	[[]]		See attached order.		
1	24	[]]		dered above shall be paid	d jointly and	severally with:
	25					
	26		NAME OF OTHER DEF	ENDANT CAUSE NUMBER	VICTIM NAME	AMDUNT-\$
	27	JUDG	MENT AND SENTEN			
	28	11	ony)(6/2000)			5 of 14
						Office of Prosecuting Attorney 946 County-City Building Tacoma, Washington 98402-2171 Telephone: (253) 798-7400

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	5	د ۲	The Department of Corrections (DOC) may immediately issued	e a Notice
	6	נאז	of Payroll Deduction. RCW 9.94A.200010. All payments shall be made in accordance with the polici	es of the
	7		clerk and on a schedule established by DOC, commencing i	immediately,
	8		unless the court specifically sets forth the rate here: than \$ per month commencing	NOT IESS
121	9	l r c	RCW 9.94A.145. In addition to the other costs imposed herein, the Court	finds that
	10		the defendant has the means to pay for the cost of incar and is ordered to pay such costs at the statutory rate.	
			RCW 9.94A.145.	
	11	[]]	The defendant shall pay the costs of services to collect legal financial obligations. RCW 36.18.190.	: unpaid
	12	נאט	The financial obligations imposed in this judgment shall interest from the date of the judgment until payment in	
	13		the rate applicable to civil judgments. RCW 10.82.090.	An award
	14		of costs on appeal against the defendant may be added to legal financial obligations. RCW 10.73.	) the total
	15	4.2	[ ] HIV TESTING. The health Department or designee sha	all test and
(*)	16		counsel the defendant for HIV as soon as possible a defendant shall fully cooperate in the testing.	
			RCW 70.24.340.	
	17		[] DNA TESTING. The defendant shall have a blood sam for purposes of DNA identification analysis and the	
	18		shall fully cooperate in the testing. The appropri- the county or DOC, shall be responsible for obtain.	
	19		sample prior to the defendant's release from confir	
	20		RCW 43.43.754.	
1.00	21	4.3	The defendant shall not have contact with	ted to,
-	22		(name, DOB) including, but not limi personal, verbal, telephonic, written or contact throug party for years (not to exceed the mai	
			statutory sentence).	
	23		[ ] Domestic Violence Protection Order or Antiharassmen filed with this Judgment and Sentence.	t Urder is
	24	4.4	OTHER:	
	25			
	26			
!!! {	27	4.4(	a) Bond is hereby exonerated.	
	28		MENT AND SENTENCE (JS)	34
		(Fe]	ony)(6/2000)	6 of 14
				Office of Prosecuting Attorney 946 County-City Building Tacoma, Washington 98402-2171 Telephone: (253) 798-7400

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3	4.5 CONFINEMENT OVER ONE YEAR: The defendant is sentenced as follows:
4	(a) CONFINEMENT: RCW 9.94A.400. Defendant is sentenced to the
5	following term of total confinement in the custody of the Department of Corrections (DOC):
6	26 months on Count No. I months on Count No
7	
8	Actual number of months of total confinement ordered is (Add mandatory firearm and deadly weapons enhancement time to run
9	consecutively to other counts, see Section 2.3 above).
10	(b) CONSECUTIVE CONSURRENT SENTENCES. RCW 9.94A.400. All counts shall be served concurrently, except for the portion of those counts for which
11	there is a special finding of a firearm or other deadly weapon as set forth above at Section 2.3, and except for the following counts which
12	shall be served consecutively:
13	
14	The sentence herein shall run consecutively to all felony sentences in other cause numbers that were imposed prior to the commission of the crime(s) being sentenced.
15	The sentence herein shall run concurrently with felony sentences in
16 17	other cause numbers that were imposed subsequent to the commission of the crime(s) being sentenced unless otherwise set forth here.[ ] The sentence herein shall run consecutively to the felony sentence in cause
18	number(s)
19	
20	The sentence herein shall run consecutively to all previously imposed misdemeanor sentences unless otherwise set forth here:
21	
22	Confinement shall commence immediately unless otherwise set forth here:
23	
24	(c) The defendant shall receive <u>credit for time served</u> prior to sentencing if that confinement was solely under this cause number. RCW
25	9.94A.120. The time served shall be computed by the jail unless the credit for time served prior to sentencing is specifically set forth by
26 27	the court:
28	JUDGMENT AND SENTENCE (JS)
20	(Felony)(6/2000) 7 of 14
	Office of Prosecuting Attorney 946 County-City Building Tacoma, Washington 98402-2171 Telephone: (253) 798-7400

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Tacoma, Washington 98402-2171 Telephone: (253) 798-7400

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	CREDIT FOR ANY TIME THAT DEFENDANT DID NOT ALREADY
3	GET CREDIT FOR IN OTHER CAUSES (INCLUDING MUNI &
4	DISTRICT COURT ]
5	<pre>4.6 [ ] COMMUNITY PLACEMENT (pre 7/1/00 offenses) is ordered as follows;</pre>
6	Countformonths; Countformonths;
7	Countformonths;
8	COMMUNITY CUSTODY (post 6/30/00 offenses) is ordered as
9	follows: Countfor a range fromdto2months; Countfor a range fromtomonths;
10	Countfor a range fromtomonths;
11	or for the period of earned release awarded pursuant to RCW 9.94A.150(1)
12	and (2), whichever is longer, and standard mandatory conditions are ordered. [See RCW 9.94A.120 for community placement/custody offenses
13	serious violent offense, second degree assault, any crime against a person with a deadly weapon finding, Chapter 69.50 or 69.52 RCW offense.
14	Community custody follows a term for a sex offense. Use paragraph 4.7 to impose community custody following work ethic camp.]
15	While on community placement or community custody, the defendant shall:
16	<ol> <li>report to and be available for contact with the assigned community corrections officer as directed;</li> <li>work at DOC~approved education,</li> </ol>
17	employment and/or community service; (3) not consume controlled substances except pursuant to lawfully issued prescriptions; (4) not
18	unlawfully possess controlled substances while in community custody; (5) pay supervision fees as determined by DOC; and (6) perform affirmative
19	acts necessary to monitor compliance with the orders of the court as required by DDC. The residence location and living arrangements are
	subject to the prior approval of DOC while in community placement or community custody. Community custody for sex offenders may be extended
20	for up to the statutory maximum term of the sentence. Violation of
21	community custody imposed for a sex offense may result in additional confinement.
22	[ ] The defendant shall not consume any alcohol.
23	[ ] Defendant shall have no contact with: [ ] Defendant shall remain [ ] within [ ] outside of a specified
24	geographical boundary, to-wit:
25	
26	[5] The defendant shall participate in the following crime-related treatment or counseling services: $DRU6 TREATMENT \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$
27	
28	JUDGMENT AND SENTENCE (JS) (Felony)(6/2000)
	Office of Prosecuting Attorney 946 County-City Building Tacoma, Washington 98402-2171 Telephone: (253) 798-7400

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[] The defendant shall undergo an evaluation for treatment for [] domestic violence [] substance abuse [] mental health [] anger management and fully comply with all recommended treatment.

[ ] The defendant shall comply with the following crime-related prohibitions:

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Other conditions may be imposed by the court or DOC during community custody, or are set forth here:

4.7 [] WORK ETHIC CAMP. RCW 9.94A.137, RCW 72.09.410. The court finds that the defendant is eligible and is likely to qualify for work ethic camp and the court recommends that the defendant serve the sentence at a work ethic camp. Upon completion of work ethic camp, the defendant shall be released on community custody for any remaining time of total confinement, subject to the conditions below. Violation of the conditions of community custody may result in a return to total confinement for the balance of the defendant's remaining time of total confinement. The conditions of community custody are stated in Section 4.6.

4.8 OFF LIMITS ORDER (known drug trafficker) RCW 10.66.020. The following areas are off limits to the defendant while under the supervision of the County Jail or Department of Corrections:

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JUDGMENT AND SENTENCE (JS) (Felony)(6/2000)	<b>p</b> of 14

Office of Prosecuting Attorney 946 County-City Building Tacoma, Washington 98402-2171 Telephone: (253) 798-7400

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#### V. NOTICES AND SIGNATURES

5.1. COLLATERAL ATTACK ON JUDGMENT. Any petition or motion for collateral attack on this judgment and sentence, including but not limited to any personal restraint petition, state habeas corpus petition, motion to vacate judgment, motion to withdraw guilty plea, motion for new trial or motion to arrest judgment, must be filed within one year of the final judgment in this matter, except as provided for in RCW 10.73.100. RCW 10.73.090.

5.2 LENGTH OF SUPERVISION. For an offense committed prior to July 1, 2000, the defendant shall remain under the court's jurisdiction and the supervision of the Department of Corrections for a period up to 10 years from the date of sentence or release from confinement, whichever is longer, to assure payment of all legal financial obligations unless the court extends the criminal judgment an additional 10 years. For an offense committed on or after July 1, 2000, the court shall retain jurisdiction over the offender, for the purposes of the offender's compliance with payment of the legal financial obligations, until the obligation is completely satisfied, regardless of the statutory maximum for the crime. RCW 9.94A.145 and RCW 9.94A.120(13).

5.3 NOTICE OF INCOME-WITHHOLDING ACTION. If the court has not ordered an immediate notice of payroll deduction in Section 4.1, you are notified that the Department of Corrections may issue a notice of payroll deduction without notice to you if you are more than 30 days past due in monthly payments in an amount equal to or greater than the amount payable for one month. RCW 9.94A.200010. Other incomewithholding action under RCW 9.94A may be taken without further notice. RCW 9.94A.200030.

#### 5.4. RESTITUTION HEARING.

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[ ] Defendant waives any right to be present at any restitution hearing (defendant's initials):

5.5 Any violation of this Judgment and Sentence is punishable by up to 60 days of confinement per violation. RCW 9.94A.200.

5.6 FIREARMS. You must immediately surrender any concealed pistol license and you may not own, use or possess any firearm unless your right to do so is restored by a court of record. (The court clerk shall forward a copy of the defendant's driver's license, identicard, or comparable identification to the Department of Licensing along with the date of conviction or commitment). RCW 9.41.040, 9.41.047.

#### <sup>25</sup> Cross off if not applicable:

5.7 SEX AND KIDNAPPING OFFENDER REGISTRATION. RCW 9A.44.130, 10.01.200. Because this crime involves a sex offense or kidnapping offense (e.g., kidnapping in the first degree, kidnapping in the second

28 JUDGMENT AND SENTENCE (JS) (Felony)(6/2000)

-10 of 14

Office of Prosecuting Attorney 946 County-City Building Tacoma, Washington 98402-2171 Telephone: (253) 798-7400 degree, or unlawful imprisonment as defined in chapter 9A.40 RCW where the victim is a minor and you are not the minor's parent), you are required to register with the sheriff of the county of the State of Washington where you reside. If you are not a resident of Washington but you are a student in Washington or you are employed in Washington or you carry on a vocation in Washington, you must register with the sheriff of the county of your school, place of employment, or vocation. You must register immediately upon being sentenced unless you are in custody, in which case you must register within 24 hours of your release.

If you leave the state following your sentencing or release from custody but later move back to Washington, you must register within 30 days after moving to this state or within 24 hours after doing so if you are under the jurisdiction of this state's Department of Corrections. If you leave this state following your sentencing or release from custody but later while not a resident of Washington you become employed in Washington, carry out a vocation in Washington, or attend school in Washington, you must register within 30 days after starting school in this state or becoming employed or carrying out a vocation in this state, or within 24 hours after doing so if you are under the jurisdiction of the Department of Corrections.

If you change your residence within a county, you must send written notice of your change of residence to the sheriff within 72 hours of moving. If you change your residence to a new county within this state, you must send written notice of your change of residence to the sheriff of your new county of residence at least 14 days before moving, register with that sheriff within 24 hours of moving and you must give written notice of your change of address to the sheriff of the county where last registered within 10 days of moving. If you move out of Washington State, you must also send written notice within 10 days of moving to the county sheriff with whom you last registered in Washington State.

If you are a resident of Washington and you are admitted to a public or private institution of higher education, you are required to notify the sheriff of the county of your residence of your intent to attend the institution within 10 days of enrolling or by the first business day after arriving at the institution, whichever is earlier.

Even if you lack a fixed residence, you are required to register. Registration must occur within 24 hours of release in the county where you are being supervised if you do not have a residence at the time of your release from custody or within 14 days after ceasing to have a fixed residence. If you enter a different county and stay there for more than 24 hours, you will be required to register in the new county. You must also report in person to the sheriff of the county where you are registered on a weekly basis if you have been classified as a risk

28 JUDGMENT AND SENTENCE (JS) (Felony)(6/2000)

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12 of 14

Office of Prosecuting Attorney 946 County-City Building Tacoma, Washington 98402-2171 Telephone: (253) 798-7409

CLH207 3/12/2002 37780182 777 1 2 level II or III, or on a monthly basis if you have been classified as a 3 risk level I. The lack of a fixed residence is a factor that may be considered in determining a sex offender's risk level. 4 If you move to another state, or if you work, carry on a vocation, or 5 attend school in another state you must register a new address, fingerprints, and photograph with the new state within 10 days after Г 6 establishing residence, or after beginning to work, carry on a vocation, or attend school in the new state. You must also send 7 written notice within 10 days of moving to the new state or to a foreign country to the county sheriff with whom you last registered in 8 Washington State. 9 5.8 OTHER: 10 11 DONE in Court and in the presence of the defendant this date Open r n n 12 13 IDGE 14 15 Deputy Prosecuting Attorney Defendant 16 Print Name: Pr WSB# 2309(1) 17 FILED 2 . ) r IN OPEN COURT 18 19 Defendant 2002 Print name: 20 MAR 8 Pierce County Clerk 21 DEPUT 22 By -23 1 1 24 25 26 27 JUDGMENT AND SENTENCE (JS) 28 (Felony)(6/2000) 12 of 14 Office of Prosecuting Atterney 946 County-City Building Tacoma, Washington 98402-2171

Telephone: (253) 798-7400

	'n		CLN28	7 3/12/2062 37790103
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- r ^	3	CERTI	FICATE OF INTERPRETER	
	4			
	5	Interpreter signature/Print I am a certified interpreter	of, or the court has four	nd me otherwise
	6	qualified to interpret, the the defendant understands. the defendant into that lang		language, which t and Sentence for
	7			
	8	CE	RTIFICATE OF CLERK	
۲ ſ	9	CAUSE NUMBER of this case:		
	10		look of this Court couti	f.,
	11	I, Bob San Soucie, Interim C foregoing is a full, true an in the above-entitled action	d correct copy of the jud	gment and sentence
	12	WITNESS my hand and seal of		
	13	date:		
	14	Clerk of said County and Sta Clerk	te, by:	, Deputy
- 1 <del>7</del> - 101 - 1	15			
	16	IDENTI	FICATION OF DEFENDANT	
	17	SID No.:	Date of Birth:	
	18	(If no SID take fingerprint card f		
	19	FBI No.	Local ID No	
	20	PCN No	Other	
i r e	21	Alias name, SSN, DOB:		
	22	Race:	Ethnicity:	Sex:
	23	[ ] Asian/Pacific Islander [X] Black/African-American	[ ] Hispanic [ ] Non-Hispanic	[X] Male [ ] Female
	24	[ ] Caucasian [ ] Native American		
	25	[] Other:		
	26	tjb		
<i>* •</i> 4	27			
	28	JUDGMENT AND SENTENCE (JS) (Felony)(6/2000)		13 of 14
				Office of Prosecuting Attorney 946 County-City Building Tacoma, Washington 98402-2171 Telephone: (253) 798-7400

		CLN287 3/12/	2032 377801541
ILLI	5		
¢.	1	EINGERPRINTS IN OPEN COURT MAR 8 2002 MAR 8 2002	
l	2	DEFICOUT	
	3	FINGERPRINTS 11 2002	
Ĩ	4	FINGERPRINTS IN OPEN 2002 MAR 2002 MAR 2002 Pierce County Clerk Pierce County Clerk Pierce County Clerk By DEPUTY	
1	5	Right four fingers taken simultaneously By DEPUTY	Alarian and Ala
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	20	I attest that I saw the same defendant who appeared in Court Document affix his or her fingerprints and signature thereto.	on this Interim
	21	Clerk of the Court, BOB SAN SOUCIE: , Deputy Clerk.	
	22	Dated: 7-8-07	
	23	DEFENDANT'S SIGNATURE:	
Ng h r	24	DEFENDANT'S ADDRESS:	
5)	25		
Ē	26	DEFENDANT'S PHONE#:	
<u>*</u> )	27		
E.	28	FINGERPRINTS	14 of 14
1.1.1			Office of Prosecuting Attorney 946 County-City Building
			Tacoma, Washington 98402-2171 Telephone: (253) 798-7400

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# **APPENDIX** H

Logon	fidential-Not for Relea Search		Defendant Case History Person Search Results						Confid	Confidential-Not for Release Logoff Help					
	True Name:						86 C	ases		-	ICH DCH				
A Party	Case Number	Crt	Date	Short Title	DV	Jg	DR	0	CD	w	F	C	BAL		
DEF			09 19/2018		N	D	D		CL						
			09/19/2018		N	D	D								
DEF		PDI	09/13/2018	FL RENEW EXPIRED REG > 2 MTHS	N	D	IA	(	CL						
			09/13/2018	IMPROPER LANE USAGE	Ν	D	IA								
			09/13/2018	IMPROPER PASSING ON RIGHT SIDE	Ν	D	lA								
DEF		PDI	09/13/2018	FAIL TO TRANSFER TITLE W/I 45	Ν	A.M		(	CL	Ν	А				
			00/12/2010	DAY'S	<b>N</b> 1	0									
			09/13/2018	UNLAWFUL OPERATION OF MOTOR VEHICLE	(N	С									
DEF		ткм	09/08/2018	SPEEDING 14 MPH OVER LIMIT (40 OR	N	С					1	А	\$218.00		
001		2.0.0	0,000,2010	U		¢.					1.5		.,210.00		
DEF		LKM	08/28/2018	OP MOT VEH W/OUT INSURANCE	Ν	С					1	А	\$726.00		
			08/28/2018	AVOIDANCE OF INTERSECTION	Ν	С									
DEF		PDI	06/10/2018	SPEEDING 29 MPH OVER LIMIT (OVER	L N	C			CL		А				
			0/ 10 2010												
D.D.C.		ED. (		FAIL TO WEAR SAFETY BELT	N	D	D		~						
DEF		FRM	05/15/2018	SPEEDING 17 MPH OVER LINIT (40 OR U		С		,	CL		А				
			05/15 2018	OP MOT VEH WOUT INSURANCE	N	С									
DEF		LKM		OP MOT VEH WOUT INSURANCE	N	Ċ					1	A	\$707.0		
				IMPROPER LANE USAGE	N	C					116.2				
DEF		PDI		SPEEDING 30 MPH OVER LIMIT (OVER	۲N	AM		(	CL		А				
				40											
			01/28/2018	SPEEDING 15 MPH OVER LIMIT (OVER	2 N	С									
				40											
				FAIL TO WEAR SAFETY BELT	N	NC									
DEF		TMC	12/01/2017	FAIL TO OBEY TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE	Ν	C			CL		A				
DEF		PD1	08/10/2016	NEGLIGENT DRIVING 2ND DEGREE	N	С			CL						
DEF		PDI		OP MOT VEH W/OUT INSURANCE	N	c			CL						
DEF		PDI		SPEEDING 15 MPH OVER LIMIT (40 OR		CD			CL		А				
Din				U											
DEF		PDI	04/28/2016	SPEEDING 20 MPH OVER LIMIT (40 OR	N	С			CL						
				U											
				OP MOT VEH W/OUT INSURANCE	N	C									
DEF		LKM		OP MOT VEH W/OUT INSURANCE	N	С			CL						
DEF		1.1/34		INATTENTIVE DRIVING DWLS 3RD DEGREE	N N	C AM			CL		N				
DEF		LINN		NO DRIVER'S LICENSE ON PERSON	N	C			ιL		14				
DEF		PDI		SPEEDING 10 MPH OVER LINIT (40 OR		C			CL						
DEI			0.0110/2015	U		¢.			C. 2						
			03/18/2015	NO VALID OPER LICENSE WITH	Ν	С									
				VALID ID											
DEF		TMC	11/12/2010	FAIL TO OBEY TRAFFIC CONTROL	Ν	С			CL		Α				
				DEVICE											
				FL RENEW EXPIRED REG <= 2 MTHS	Ν	C									
DEC		1.1/ 1.1		OP MOT VEH W/OU'T INSURANCE	N	('			~						
DEF		LKM		DWLS 3RD DEGREE NO DRIVER'S LICENSE ON PERSON	N	AN C			CL		A				
				FAIL TO TRANSFER TITLE-45 DAYS	N	AN	I								
				FL RENEW EXPIRED REG <= 2 MTHS	N	(°									
DEF		TMC		NEGLIGENT DRIVING 2ND DEGREE	N	AM	I		CL		А				
				EXCEED MAX SPEED SCH/PLGD	N		CE								
				ZN/XWLK											
			05/23/2010	SPEEDING 11 MPH OVER LIMIT (OVER	2	C.									
				40											
DEF		LKM	04/11/2006	SPEEDING 16 MPH OVER LIMIT (40 OR	N	С			CL		А				
			04/11/2006	OP MOT VEH W/OUT INS	N	С									
DEF		ткм	06/28/2005		N	G			CL	Ν					
DEF				NO VALID OPER LICENSE WITH	N	C			CL		А				
				VALID ID											
		LKM	05/06/2005	SPEEDING 16 MPH OVER LIMIT (40 OF	٤N	С			CL		.A				
DEF				L1											
DEF			05/06/2005	NO VALID OPER LICENSE WITH	N	С									
DEF				VALID ID		C			CI						
		1.12.5		NO VALID OPER LICENSE WITH	N	С			CL		A				
DEF		LKM	03/01/2005	VALID ID											
		LKM		VALID ID OP MOT VEH W/OLITINS	N'	C									
		LKM	03/01/2005	OP MOT VEH W/OUT INS	N N	C C									
		LKM	03/01/2005			C C									

AKA	Party	Case Number	Crt	Date	Short Title FAIL TO OBEY TRAFFIC CONTROL LEGEND			DR O	CD	W	- Land	C	BAIE
				02/11/2005	NO VALID OPER LICENSE WITH VALID ID	N	С						
					OP MOT VEH W/OUT INS	Ν	С						
	DEF		LKM		OP MOT VEH W/OUT INS	Ν	С		CL		А		
				01/05/2005	NO VALID OPER LICENSE WITH VALID ID	Ν	С						
	DEF				FAIL TO SECURE LOAD	Ν	С		CL		Ν		
	DEF			12/15/2004		Ν	GD		CL	Ν			
	DEF	na an	LKM	12/10/2004	NO VALID OPER LICENSE WITH VALID ID	Ν	С		CL		A		
					OP MOT VEH W/OUT INS	Ν	C						
	DEF		LKM	11/11/2004	IMPROPER USE/SWITCH ALTERED PLATES	N	C		CL		А		
				11/11/2004	NO VALID OPER LICENSE WITH VALID ID	Ν	С						
				11/11/2004	OP MOT VEH WOUT INS	Ν	С						
	DEF		LKM	09/24/2004	FAIL TO WEAR SAFETY BELT	N	С		CL		А		
				09/24/2004	OP MOT VEH W/OUT INS	Ν	С						
	DEF		LKM	06/30/2001	THEFT THIRD DEGREE	N	G		CL	Ν			
	DEF		LKM	02/21/2000	DWLS 3RD DEGREE	N	G		CL		А		
	DEF		LKM	12/14/1999	DWLS 3RD DEGREE	N	G		CL	Ν	А		
	DEF		LKM	12/01/1999	DWLS 3RD DEGREE	N	G		CL		А		
	DEF		LKM	02/12/1999	THEFT THIRD DEGREE	N	G		CL				
				02/12/1999	GENERAL BUSINESS LICENSE VIOLATION	Ν	DW	XO					
	DEF		וחק	12/26/1998	DWLS 3RD DEGREE	N	G		CL	N	А		
	DEF				MAKE FALSE STIMENT TO PUB SERVANT	N	G		CL	.*	Λ		
	DEF		וחק	12/07:1007	DWLS 3RD DEGREE	N	G		CI				
	DEF								CL	N			
	DEF				THEFT THIRD DEGREE	N	G G		CL	N	N		
	DEF				DWLS 3RD DEGREE	Ν			CL	N	N		
					DWLS 3RD DEGREE		G		CL	N	A		
	DEF				DWLS 3RD DEGREE		G		CL	N	А		
	DEF		LKM		THEFT THIRD DEGREE		G		CL	Ν			
					THEFT THIRD DEGREE		G						
	0.00		5		THEFT THIRD DEGREE		G						
	DEF				DWLS 3RD DEGREE	Ν	G		CL				
	DEF				DWLS 3RD DEGREE	Ν	G		CL	Ν	N		
	DEF				DWLS 3RD DEGREE		G		CL				
	DEF				DWLS 3RD DEGREE		G		CL	Ν	А		
	DEF	12	PDI		THEFT THIRD DEGREE		G		CL	Ν			
					THEFT THIRD DEGREE		D	SO					
					THEFT THIRD DEGREE		D	SO					
					THEFT THIRD DEGREE		D	S					
	DEF		PDI		THEFT THIRD DEGREE		G		CL	N			
					THEFT THIRD DEGREE		G						
	DEF		FRM		THEFT THIRD DEGREE	Ν	D	D	CL.	N			
					CITY LICENSE VIOLATION	Ν	G						
	DEF				DWLS 3RD DEGREE	Ν	G		CL	N	N		
	DEF				DWLS 3RD DEGREE	Ν	G		CL	Ν	А		
	DEF				DWLS 3RD DEGREE	Ν	G		CL	Ν	А		
	DEF		TMC	12/01/1993	DWLS 3RD DEGREE		G		CL	N	А		
	DEF				DWLS 3RD DEGREE	Ν	G		CL.	Ν	А		
	DEF				DWLS 3RD DEGREE	N	G		C.L	Ν	А		
	DEF				DWI.S 3RD DEGREE	Ν	G		CL	N	А		
	DEF		TMC	08/28/1993	DWLS IST DEGREE		G		CL.		А		
	DEF				THEFT THIRD DEGREE		G		CL	N			
	DEF		TMC	07/24/1992	DRIVE W/LIC SUSP/REVOKED-3RD DEGREE		G		CL	N	N		
				07/24/1992	FTR/FTA/FTP-TWO OR MORE VIOLATIONS		G						
	DEF		TMC	06/12/1992	DRIVE W/LIC SUSP/REVOKED-IST DEGREE		G		CL	N	N		
				06/12/1992	FTR/FTA/FTP-TWO OR MORE VIOLATIONS		G						
	DEF		PDI	02/22/1992	NO VALID DRIVERS LICENSE	Ν	BF		CL	Ν	N		
	DEF		TMC	10/22/1991	DRIVE W/LIC SUSP/REVOKED-3RD DEGREE		G		CL				
				10/22/1991	FTR/FTA/FTP-TWO OR MORE VIOLATIONS		G						
	DEF		PD1	08/10/1991	DWLS 2ND DEGREE	N	.AM		CL	N	N		
					DWLS 3RD DEGREE	N	G						
					FTR AFTER WRITTEN PROMISE TO	N	G						
					APP								

AKA	Party DEF	Case Number	Crt TMC	Date 07/16/1991	Short Title FTR/FTA/FTP-TWO OR MORE	ĐV	Jg G	DR	0	CD CL	w	F	C	BAL
				07/16/1991	VIOLATIONS DRIVE WHILE LIC		G							
	DEF		PDI	01/10/1991	SUSPENDED/REVOKED NO VALID DRIVERS LICENSE	N	BF			CL	N	N		
	D Li				FTR AFTER WRITTEN PROMISE TO	N	D					(2)70		
	DEF		PDI	11/26 1990	APP FTR AFTER WRITTEN PROMISE TO APP	N	BF			CL	Ν	N		
	DEF				FAIL TO COMPLY - 2 OR MORE FTAS	Ν	BF			CL	N	N		
	DEF DEF				FAIL TO COMPLY - 2 OR MORE FTAS FAIL TO COMPLY - 2 OR MORE FTAS	NN	G G			CL CL	N N	N N		
	DEF				FAIL TO COMPLY - 2 OR MORE FTAS	N	G			CL	N	N		
	DEF		S27	05/01/2018	THEFT-I OVER \$5K (NOT FIREARNI) THEFT LOST MISDLVRD PROPERTY ENC SENTENCE-VCT VUL/INCAP RESISTNC EXC SENTENCE-MAJOR ECON OFFENSE	Ν	G		A	СМ				\$12,729.31
				06/01/2018	THEFT-2 \$750-\$5000 NOT FIREARM/VEH	N	G							
					THEFT-OBTAIN CONTROL OF PROPERTY									
					EXC SENTENCE-VCT VUL/INCAP RESISTINC									
					EXC SENTENCE-MAJOR ECON OFFENSE									
				07/01/2018	THEFT-2 \$750-\$5000 NOT FIREARM/VEH	Ν	G							
					THEFT-OBTAIN CONTROL OF PROPERTY									
					EXC SENTENCE-VCT VUL/INCAP RESISTNC									
					EXC SENTENCE-MAJOR ECON OFFENSE									
	DEF		S27	03/05/2018	THEFT-2 \$750-\$5000 NOT	Ν	G		A	CM	Ν		L	\$4,837.30
					FIREARM/VEH THEFT-OBTAIN CONTROL OF PROPERTY									
				03/06/2018	THEFT-2 \$750-\$5000 NOT FIREARM/VEH	N	G							
					THEFT-OBTAIN CONTROL OF PROPERTY									
	DEF		S27		OTHER NON-CHARGE CRIMINAL TRESPASS FIRST DEGREE		G G		Е	CM			А	\$905.36
	DEF		S27		CONT SUB-POSSESS NO	N	G			CM	N		А	\$1,056.49
	DEF		S27	04/21/2010	PRESCRIPTION CONT SUB-POSSESS NO	N	G			СМ			А	\$10,744.47
	DEF		S27		PRESCRIPTION THEFT-I OVER \$5K (NOT FIREARM)		NG			СМ	N		~	310,777777
					THEFT-DEFINITION/DEFENSE EXCEPTIONAL SENTENCE GUIDELINES									
	DEF		S27	09/27/2005	THEFT-1 OVER \$1500 (NOT FIREARM)	Ν	G			СМ			Δ	\$82,083 75
				07/19/2004	THEFT-DEFINITION/DEFENSE THEFT-2 \$250-\$1500(NOT FIREARM) THEFT-DEFINITION/DEFENSE	N	G							
				08/19/2004	THEFT-DEFINITION/DEFENSE THEFT-2 \$250-\$1500(NOT FIREARM) THEFT-DEFINITION/DEFENSE	Ν	G							
				09/07/2004	THEFT-2 \$250-\$1500(NOT FIREARM) THEFT-DEFINITION/DEFENSE	Ν	G							
				12/22/2004	THEFT-2 \$250-\$1500(NOT FIREARM) THEFT-DEFINITION/DEFENSE	Ν	G							
				02/15/2005	THEFT-2 \$250-\$1500(NOT FIREARM) THEFT-DEFINITION/DEFENSE	Ν	G							
				08/13/2005	THEFT-2 \$250-\$1500(NOT FIREARM) THEFT-DEFINITION/DEFENSE	Ν	G							
				08/15/2005	THEFT-2 \$250-\$1500(NOT FIREARM) THEFT-DEFINITION/DEFENSE	N	G							
	DEE		6.27		ORGANIZED CRIME-LEADING	N	G			<u></u>				00 / / 0 / 0
	DEF		S27	V0/20/2005	CONT SUB-POSSESS NO PRESCRIPTION OFFENDER SCORE-UNDER COMM	N	G			СМ	N		A	\$2,663.89
	DUE		0.27	00/10 200	PLCMENT		-			0				
	DEF		S27	09/19/2001	CONT SUBST VIOL - SECTION (A) CONSPIRE TO VIOLATE CONT SUBS	Ν	G			СМ			А	\$2,186,15

AKA Party	Case Number	Crt	Date 09/19/2001	Short Fitle ESCAPE 2ND DEGREE		Jg G	DR	Ö	CĐ	w	Ł	C	BAL.
DEF		S27	02:09:2000	CONT SUBST VIOL - SECTION (A)	N	G			CM			А	\$1,638.98
DEF		S27	11-26/1997	THEFT-2 (NOT FIREARM)	N	G			CM	Ν		А	\$4.359.39
				THEFT-DEFINITION/DEFENSE									
DEF		S27	08/19/1993	THEFT-2 (NOT FIREARM)		G			CM	N		Α	\$1,132.58
				THEFT-DEFINITION/DEFENSE									
DEF		S27	02/10/1993	THEFT-2 (NOT FIREARM)		G			СМ	N			\$2,086.24
		_		THEFT-DEFINITION/DEFENSE									
Logon	Search	P	Person Searc	th Results							1.05	<u>20ff</u>	Help

#### Person Warrants Tab<sup>1</sup>

The **Warrants** tab displays the current warrant status and prior warrant activity **for an individual.** 

#### Warrant Status Codes

The Warrant Code for a case appears under the W column in the Individual Case History.

Α	FTA Adjudicated
Ι	Issued
0	Ordered
Μ	Warrant activity on Superior Court case with multiple defendants
N	Past Activity (includes FTA canceled; warrant recalled, quashed, expired, served, or canceled before issuance).
*	Archived Case (does NOT indicate past FTA or warrant activity on archived case).
#	Imported from Non-JIS Court
Blank	No FTA activity

#### **Superior Court Cases**

Warrant information is extracted from the SCOMIS case **Docket** based on warrant Docket Codes.

The message **No Warrants Found** displays if the selected case has no warrant Docket Codes entered in SCOMIS.

#### **Courts of Limited Jurisdiction Cases**

The message **No Warrants Found** displays if the selected case has:

- No warrant activity.
- Been archived.
- Been imported from a non-JIS court (e.g., Seattle Municipal).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> <u>https://jabstraininglink.courts.wa.gov/JabsWeb/helpPages/whnjs.htm</u>

#### Case FTAs Tab<sup>2</sup>

The **Case FTAs** tab (Failure to Appear or Respond) displays current FTA status and prior FTA activity **for the case** selected in the top frame (highlighted in yellow).

The **Case FTA** tab applies only to cases filed in courts of limited jurisdiction. The **Case FTA** tab does not display when a superior court case is selected.

The message **No FTAs found for this case** displays if the case has:

- No FTA activity.
- Been archived.
- Been imported from a non-JIS court (e.g., Seattle Municipal).

#### **FTA Status Codes**

The FTA Status Code for a case appears under the **F** column in the **Individual Case History**.

Α	FTA Adjudicated
Ι	Issued
0	Ordered
М	Warrant activity on Superior Court case with multiple defendants
N	Past Activity (includes FTA canceled; quashed, expired, served, or canceled before issuance).
*	Archived Case (does NOT indicate past FTA activity on archived case).
#	Imported from Non-JIS Court
Blank	No FTA activity

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> https://jabstraininglink.courts.wa.gov/JabsWeb/helpPages/whnjs.htm

## **APPENDIX** I

JAY INSLEE Governor



STATE OF WASHINGTON OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR P.O. Box 40002 • Olympia, Washington 98504-0002 • (360) 902-4111 • www.governor.wa.gov

#### PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR AMENDING PROCLAMATION 20-05

20-50 Reducing Prison Population

WHEREAS, on February 29, 2020, I issued Proclamation 20-05, proclaiming a State of Emergency for all counties throughout Washington State as a result of the coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) outbreak in the United States and confirmed person-to-person spread of COVID-19 in Washington State; and

WHEREAS, as a result of the continued worldwide spread of COVID-19, its significant progression in Washington State, and the high risk it poses to our most vulnerable populations, I have subsequently issued amendatory Proclamations 20-06 through 20-49, exercising my emergency powers under RCW 43.06.220 by prohibiting certain activities and waiving and suspending specified laws and regulations; and

WHEREAS, the COVID-19 disease, caused by a virus that spreads easily from person to person which may result in serious illness or death and has been classified by the World Health Organization as a worldwide pandemic, has broadly spread throughout Washington State, significantly increasing the threat of serious associated health risks statewide; and

WHEREAS, the COVID-19 pandemic has resulted in the requirement to practice safe distancing as described by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and the Washington State Department of Health to avoid contracting the virus; and

WHEREAS, although the Department of Corrections has taken aggressive action to mitigate the risk of COVID-19, current statutory barriers limit the Department's ability to respond swiftly to the COVID-19 emergency, including the ability to achieve safe distancing for individuals incarcerated in correctional facilities, by quickly reducing, where possible, the current population of incarcerated individuals at Washington State correctional facilities, a barrier that has become more challenging because there are currently correctional facility staff and incarcerated individuals who have become infected with COVID-19; and

WHEREAS, on March 30, 2020, to reduce the incarcerated population in Washington, I issued Emergency Proclamation 20-35, which removes a requirement to arrest and incarcerate certain individuals who have violated the terms of their community supervision. The Department of Corrections is also now using its administrative authority to release individuals incarcerated on past violations.

WHEREAS, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention reports that groups at higher risk of severe illness or death from COVID-19 are those over 65 years of age, and people of any age who have certain chronic underlying health conditions; and

WHEREAS, the worldwide COVID-19 pandemic and its progression in Washington State continue to threaten the life and health of our people as well as the economy of Washington State, and remain a public disaster affecting life, health, property or the public peace; and

WHEREAS, the Washington State Department of Health continues to maintain a Public Health Incident Management Team in coordination with the State Emergency Operations Center and other supporting state agencies to manage the public health aspects of the incident; and

WHEREAS, the Washington State Military Department Emergency Management Division, through the State Emergency Operations Center, continues coordinating resources across state government to support the Department of Health and local health officials in alleviating the impacts to people, property, and infrastructure, and continues coordinating with the Department of Health in assessing the impacts and long-term effects of the incident on Washington State and its people.

**NOW, THEREFORE**, I, Jay Inslee, Governor of the state of Washington, as a result of the above-noted situation, and under Chapters 38.08, 38.52 and 43.06 RCW, do hereby proclaim that a State of Emergency continues to exist in all counties of Washington State, that Proclamation 20-05 and all amendments thereto remain in effect, and that Proclamation 20-05 is amended to waive or suspend specified statutes that prevent, hinder or delay necessary action in coping with the unprecedented demands being placed on our health care system by the COVID-19 pandemic and to prohibit certain activities to assist in relieving these demands on our health care system. and to help preserve and maintain life, health, property or the public peace by granting the governor greater authority to more broadly and efficiently wield his clemency authority to reduce the prison population.

I again direct that the plans and procedures of the *Washington State Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan* be implemented throughout state government. State agencies and departments are directed to continue utilizing state resources and doing everything reasonably possible to support implementation of the *Washington State Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan* and to assist affected political subdivisions in an effort to respond to and recover from the COVID-19 pandemic.

I continue to order into active state service the organized militia of Washington State to include the National Guard and the State Guard, or such part thereof as may be necessary in the opinion of The Adjutant General to address the circumstances described above, to perform such duties as directed by competent authority of the Washington State Military Department in addressing the outbreak. Additionally, I continue to direct the Department of Health, the Washington State Military Department Emergency Management Division, and other agencies to identify and provide appropriate personnel for conducting necessary and ongoing incident related assessments. **FURTHERMORE**, based on the above situation and under the provisions of RCW 43.06.220(2)(g), I also find that strict compliance with the following statutory and regulatory obligations or limitations will risk reducing the availability of essential services and prevent, hinder, or delay the response to the COVID-19 pandemic State of Emergency under Proclamation 20-05, and that the portion or language of each statutory and regulatory provision specified below is hereby waived and suspended, except as otherwise provided herein, until 11:59 PM on May 15, 2020:

- 1. RCW 10.01.120 only the following: ", upon the petition of the person convicted,"
- 2. RCW 9.94A.565(1) only the following: "on an individual case-by-case basis"
- 3. RCW 9.94A.728(1)(d) only the following: ", upon recommendation from the clemency and pardons board,"
- 4. RCW 72.09.710(1)
- 5. RCW 72.09.712(1), (2)
- 6. RCW 9.94A.729(5)(b) only the following: "that includes an approved residence and living arrangement. All offenders with community custody terms eligible for release to community custody in lieu of earned release shall provide an approved residence and living arrangement prior to release to the community"
- 7. RCW 9.94A.729(5)(c) only the following: ", including proposed residence location"
- 8. RCW 9.94A.733(1) the following only: "No more than the final six months of" and "However, an offender may not participate in the graduated reentry program under this section unless he or she has served at least twelve months in total confinement in a state correctional facility."
- 9. RCW 9.94A.733(2) the following only: "and must assist the offender's transition from confinement to the community."
- 10. RCW 9.94A.734(4)(a)
- 11. RCW 9.94A.736(2)(c) the following only: "through in-person contact"
- 12. RCW 9.94A.728(1)(c)(iii)
- 13. RCW 9.94A.728(1)(e) the following only: "No more than the final twelve months of"
- 14. RCW 9.94A.728(1)(f) the following only: "No more than the final six months of"
- 15. RCW 72.66.036
- 16. RCW 72.09.270(8)(a), (b), (c)

FURTHERMORE, though this emergency proclamation waives certain statutory notification requirement provisions, for individuals whose releases otherwise would have required the Department of Corrections to provide community or victim/witness notifications, the Department of Corrections must still make reasonable efforts to provide notification to the relevant parties at least 48 hours in advance of the individual's release from custody.

FURTHERMORE, I direct the Department of Corrections to continue to explore actions to identify other incarcerated individuals for potential release through Rapid Reentry, furlough, commutation, or emergency medical release, as eligible and needed.

Nothing in this proclamation is intended or may be relied upon to create a right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law by any person.

Violators of this of this order may be subject to criminal penalties pursuant to RCW 43.06.220(5).

Signed and sealed with the official seal of the state of Washington on this 15th day of April, A.D., Two Thousand and Twenty at Olympia, Washington.

By:

/s/ Jay Inslee, Governor

BY THE GOVERNOR:

/s/

Secretary of State

# Appendix III

#### IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON FOR PIERCE COUNTY

#### STATE OF WASHINGON,

Plaintiff/Respondent,

v.

Defendant/Appellant.



REPLY IN MOTION FOR RELEASE TO STAY SENTENCE PENDING RESOLUTION OF APPEAL

I. <u>ARGUMENT IN REPLY TO PROSECUTION'S OPPOSITION TO</u> <u>RELEASE ON BOND OR PERSONAL RECOGNIZANCE AND</u> <u>STAY OF SENTENCE PENDING APPEAL</u>

convictions for theft should not be a death

sentence. But if he is infected with COVID-19 while incarcerated, that

may very well be the result. Due to the nature of the virus and

health, is at a high risk of serious illness or death from

the virus. And while he is incarcerated, his risk of infection is substantial.

About a dozen inmates and several staff members at the Monroe

Correctional Complex where is housed have tested positive for

the virus.<sup>1</sup> Given these circumstances, and because conditions of release

are adequate to ensure the safety of the community, this Court should

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup><u>https://www.doc.wa.gov/news/covid-19.htm#status</u> (last accessed April 20, 2020).

order his sentence stayed while he exercises his state constitutional right to appeal.

The prosecution opposes **and the prosecution** incorrectly contends that **and the problem** is not at a high risk of death or serious illness from COVID-19. **Control** is in his mid-50s. He suffers from high blood pressure and takes medication for this condition. He is also an African American, and black Americans have suffered disproportionately from COVID-19.<sup>2</sup> In a letter, the Department of Corrections has acknowledged that **control** is in the high risk category.<sup>3</sup>

The prosecution opposes **and the motion**, contending that a preponderance of the evidence shows that **and the motion** "is likely to flee or to pose a danger to the safety of any other person or the community if the judgment is stayed." RCW 9.95.062(1)

The evidence does not show this. Any risk of flight is minimal. has a supportive wife and a place to stay. His ties are in Washington State. That the has a nearly 20-year-old conviction for

<sup>2</sup> <u>https://www.npr.org/sections/health-shots/2020/04/18/835563340/whos-</u> hit-hardest-by-covid-19-why-obesity-stress-and-race-all-matter.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> is sending counsel a copy of this letter. Counsel will file a copy of this letter once he receives it.

escape in the second degree under RCW 9A.76.120 does not establish that he is likely to flee if released.

The prosecution also does not show that **security** is such a risk to the community that bond or personal recognizance should be denied. His criminal history is one of non-violent offenses. That **security** has convictions for theft and drug possession does not establish he poses a risk of danger to the safety of the community. Any risk is properly mitigated with conditions of release. If **security** violates these conditions, his release can be revoked.

The prosecution also contends that the "delay resulting from the stay will unduly diminish the deterrent effect of the punishment." RCW 9.95.062(1)(b). If a stay is granted and **second** is unsuccessful in his appeal, he will have to serve the remainder of his sentence. He has already served a portion of that sentence. This has a deterrent effect. Release pending appeal will not unduly diminish the deterrent effect. Indeed, a conditional release will have a deterrent effect against unlawful behavior because if **second** violates the conditions of release, the stay may be revoked. The prosecution has not shown by a preponderance of the evidence that RCW 9.95.062(1)(b) applies.

Further, the statutory criteria cannot be read in a vacuum. As the Massachusetts Supreme Court has reasoned, "[i]n these extraordinary
times, a judge deciding whether to grant a stay should consider not only the risk <u>to others</u> if the defendant were to be released and reoffend, but also the health risk <u>to the defendant</u> if the defendant were to remain in custody." <u>Christie v. Commonwealth</u>, 484 Mass. 397, \_\_, 2020 WL 154877 at \*3 (2020). "In evaluating this risk, a judge should consider both the <u>general</u> risk associated with preventing COVID-19 transmission and minimizing its spread in correctional institutions to inmates and prison staff and the <u>specific</u> risk to the defendant, in view of his or her age and existing medical conditions, that would heighten the chance of death or serious illness if the defendant were to contract the virus." <u>Id.</u>

As for the risk of the virus spreading in the Department of Corrections' facilities, efforts to halt the spread of the virus have already failed in Monroe, where **control** is housed. To be sure, efforts are being taken by the Department of Corrections to mitigate the risk of transmission. But a significant risk remains. Were it otherwise, the Washington Supreme Court would not have ordered the Governor and the Department of Corrections to explain what measures are being taken.<sup>4</sup> And the governor would not have issued its emergency order that is leading to the release of some individuals in custody.<sup>5</sup>

Misusing statistics, the prosecution implies that the incarcerated are actually safer than the general population from being infected by COVID-19. State's Response at 10. This is misleading given that there has not been adequate testing. Further, the proper inquiry is whether the risk of infection would decrease if **Section** is at home rather than in custody. At home, **Section** interaction with other people would be minimal. In prison, social distancing is impossible. While incarcerated, **Section** must interact with staff and other inmates in confined spaces. And staff members and inmates at the facility where **Section** is housed have been infected.

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http://www.courts.wa.gov/content/publicUpload/Supreme%20Court%200 rders/983178%20Public%20Order%20Motion%20041020.pdf <sup>5</sup> https://www.governor.wa.gov/sites/default/files/COVID-19%20-%20Commutation%20Order%204.15.20%20%28tmp%29.pdf?utm\_mediu m=email&utm\_source=govdelivery.

For these reasons, a stay is warranted while it is litigates his appeal. If successful in his appeal, will not have unnecessarily served his sentence. Even if unsuccessful, the risk from COVID-19 in prisons will likely be greatly diminished once the appeal is resolved.

#### II. CONCLUSION

asks that this Court stay his sentence and grant his release on personal recognizance or bond with the necessary conditions. Respectfully submitted this 20th day of April, 2020.

that Sachel

Richard W. Lechich – WSBA #43296 Washington Appellate Project – #91052 Attorney for

#### DECLARATION OF FILING AND MAILING OR DELIVERY

The undersigned certifies under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Washington that on the below date, the original of the document to which this declaration is affixed/attached was filed in the **Pierce County Superior Court Clerk's Office**, and a true copy was mailed with first-class postage prepaid or otherwise caused to be delivered to the following attorney(s) or party/parties of record at their regular office or residence address as listed on ACORDS:

☆ respondent Kristie Barham, Pierce County Prosecuting Attorney [PCpatcecf@co.pierce.wa.us]

appellant

other party

MARIA ANA ARRANZA RILEY, Legal Assistant

Date: April 20, 2020

Washington Appellate Project 1511 Third Avenue, Suite 610 Seattle, Washington 98101 Phone (206) 587-2711 Fax (206) 587-2710

# Appendix IV

#### IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON FOR PIERCE COUNTY

STATE OF WASHINGON	I, )	NI.
Plaintiff/Respondent,	)	No. (CoA No.
V.	)	EVIDENCE IN SUPPORT
	)	OF MOTION FOR APPEAL BOND
Defendant/Appellant.	) )	

As represented in his reply in support of setting an appeal bond,

attached is a copy of the document from the Department of Corrections,

dated April 4, 2020, showing that has "been identified as

someone at increased risk for getting Covid 19."

Respectfully submitted this 28th day of April, 2020.

that Sachel

Richard W. Lechich – WSBA #43296 Washington Appellate Project – #91052 Attorney for

Attn: Rich Lechic	h				1 × 1	RECE
Thanks For I stay safe a	working on my site nd healthy.	uation.	bu are q	ppreciate	2d.	APR 2 8 2020
Correction washington sta	of			Н	EALTHS	
	<u>o use the 3-part NCR form to</u>					
LAST NAME		FI	RST NAME			
DOC NI	FACILITY MCC-WS	SR		UNIT/CELL		
	HEALTH SERVI led if any information is entere rk/bunk change, religious diets	d below exce	pt for: simple	prescription r		, non-medical
TYPE OF RESPONSE						
MEDICAL	DENTAL	1		] MENTAL H	IEALTH	
Schedule within	days/weeks/months	Next :	available sic	k call	🗌 No vi	sit required
You have been identitic consider the following	fied as someone at increa g:	sed risk fo	r getting Co	ovid 19. It is	s recommei	nded that you

- A) Encourage self-quarantine in cell
- B) Wear a surgical mask if leaving cell
- C) Perform frequent hand hygiene
- D) Perform frequent cleaning of cell throughout the day

□ Thighly discourage the use of bleach as this can exacerbate conditions for those patients with underlying lung disease

E) Avoid contact of high-touch surfaces

F) Limit movement in the facility

G) Social distancing (stay at least 6 feet from others) should be maintained during Day Room, Yard, Gym, Dining Halls, Religious Services, Pill Line, and other areas where the incarcerated population congregates.

Medical only has enough masks to issue to EXTREMELY high risk patient at this time. You are not one of those patients. If medical gets more masks, they will be distributed with an HSR, as supply allows. Please kite me, if you have any further questions.

RESPONDER typed name and signature	DATE
Jennifer Ross PA-C	04/09/2020
PRESCRIPTIONS MUST BE WRITTEN ON DOC 13-435 PRIMARY ENCOUNTER REF	PORT (PER) OR IN CIPS

Distribution: ORIGINAL – Health Record, COPY – Offender State law (RCW 70.02) and/or federal regulations (42 CFR Part 2) prohibit disclosure of this information without the specific written consent of the person to whom it pertains, or as otherwise permitted by law.

#### DECLARATION OF FILING AND MAILING OR DELIVERY

The undersigned certifies under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Washington that on the below date, the original of the document to which this declaration is affixed/attached was filed in the **Pierce County Superior Court Clerk's Office**, and a true copy was mailed with first-class postage prepaid or otherwise caused to be delivered to the following attorney(s) or party/parties of record at their regular office or residence address as listed on ACORDS:

respondent Kristie Barham, Pierce County Prosecuting Attorney [PCpatcecf@co.pierce.wa.us]

appellant appellant

other party

Int

MARIA ANA ARRANZA RILEY, Legal Assistant

Date: April 28, 2020

Washington Appellate Project 1511 Third Avenue, Suite 610 Seattle, Washington 98101 Phone (206) 587-2711 Fax (206) 587-2710

#### **Maria Riley**

From: Sent: To: Subject: SUPERIOR COURT <PCCLKLINX@piercecountywa.gov> Tuesday, April 28, 2020 4:16 PM Maria Riley; SUPERIOR COURT Filing Notification

Thank you. Your documents have been submitted to the Pierce County Clerks Office.

Case: STATE OF WASHINGTON vs

The date and time of this submission was 04/28/2020 4:15 PM

The following Filing(s) were successfully submitted:

- Motion

THIS E-MAIL IS PRIVILEGED AND/OR CONFIDENTIAL AND INTENDED ONLY FOR THE LISTED RECIPIENT. IF YOU RECEIVED THIS E-MAIL IN ERROR OR THROUGH UNAUTHORIZED INTERCEPT, PLEASE REPLY TO THIS EMAIL, AND THEN DELETE THIS E-MAIL.

## Appendix V



25 || not consider grounds not stated in the motion. Orsi, 41 Wn. App. at 247. Declarations and

STATE'S MOTION TO STRIKE EVIDENCE IMPROPERLY RAISED FOR THE FIRST TIME IN THE REPLY Page 1 1 other supporting papers and information relied on must be identified in the body of the
2 motion and served with the motion:

*Identification of Evidence*. When a motion is supported by affidavits or other papers, it shall specify the papers to be used by the moving party.

CR 7(b)(4); *see* CR 6(d) (when a motion is supported by affidavit, the affidavit shall be served with the motion).

A reply brief should be limited to issues contained within the response brief. *See* Pierce County Superior Court Local Rule (PCLR) 7(a)(6) (referring to a reply brief as papers in "strict reply"). "An issue raised and argued for the first time in a reply brief is too late to warrant consideration." *Cowiche Canyon Conservancy v. Bosley*, 118 Wn.2d 801, 809, 828 P.2d 549 (1992). A reply brief is not the forum to raise new issues because there is no opportunity for the opposing party to respond. *See Dykstra v. County of Skagit*, 97 Wn. App. 670, 676, 985 P.2d 424 (1999).

The Defendant's motion did not include any facts regarding his medical condition. See Motion and Order for Release (filed April 10, 2020). The motion included only vague references to risks, in general, for older individuals and for individuals with underlying medical conditions. The motion included no information specific to the Defendant's individual circumstances. The State filed its response—the only opportunity under the court rules for responding to the motion—based on the facts and arguments relied on by the Defendant in his motion. See PCLR 7(a)(5).

Now, for the first time in his reply, the Defendant claims that he suffers from high blood pressure and takes medication for this condition and that the Department of Corrections (DOC) has acknowledged in a letter that he is in a "high risk category." Reply

STATE'S MOTION TO STRIKE EVIDENCE IMPROPERLY RAISED FOR THE FIRST TIME IN THE REPLY

Page 2

Office of Prosecuting Attorney 930 Tacoma Avenue South, Room 946 Tacoma, Washington 98402-2171 Main Office: (253) 798-7400

in Motion for Release at 2 (filed April 20, 2020).<sup>1</sup> Although the Defendant raised these 1 2 claims for the first time in his reply brief, he still did not provide any affidavits or other 3 supporting documentation. Rather, the Defendant indicated that he would subsequently file this DOC letter once it was received. Reply at 2, n.3. Eight days after the reply was filed, the 4 5 Defendant submitted a pleading titled "Evidence in Support of Motion for Appeal Bond," 6 which included the DOC letter referenced in his reply. Not only does the Defendant continue 7 to provide no supporting evidence of any documented medical condition, including his 8 allegation that he suffers from high blood pressure, but DOC does not indicate that he is at 9 "high" risk as the Defendant previously asserted. Rather, the letter indicates that he is at an 10 "increased risk" and includes specific recommendations to deal with that risk.

11 The Defendant is attempting to add new facts and new arguments that he failed to 12 properly raise in his motion and that the State has no opportunity in which to respond. A 13 defendant cannot remain silent as to facts and evidence that support a motion, wait for the State to file a response, and then assert the true basis for the motion for the first time in the 14 15 reply. This is improper. Under CR 7(b) and Orsi, this Court should not consider grounds not stated in the Defendant's motion. See Orsi, 41 Wn. App. at 247. The Defendant has impinged 16 17 on the State's ability to respond to his claims, and the only fair remedy is to strike the new 18 evidence that is improperly submitted to this Court and not consider it.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Although the Defendant's reply was filed on April 20, 2020, the State was not served with a copy of the reply and only learned of the reply when the Defendant electronically served the State with a copy of the evidence in support of the reply, which was filed on April 28, 2020. Although the declaration of service references an email address for electronic filing, the State was not served with the reply electronically, or by email, and was informed on April 30th that the reply was mailed to our office. To date, our office has not received this reply in the mail. The information in this footnote is included only to explain the timing of the State's filing of this motion to strike.

1					
2	II. <u>CONCLUSION</u>				
3	For the foregoing reasons, the State respectfully requests that this Court strike the				
4	evidence improperly raised by the Defendant for the first time in the reply as there is no				
5	opportunity under the court rules for the State to respond.				
6	RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED this 30th day of April, 2020.				
7	MARY E. ROBNETT				
8	Pierce County Prosecuting Attorney				
9	s/ Kristie Barham				
10	KRISTIE BARHAM, WSB #32764 OID 91121				
11	Deputy Prosecuting Attorney Pierce County Prosecutor's Office				
12	930 Tacoma Ave. S., Rm 946 Tacoma, WA 98402-2171				
13	Telephone: (253) 798-6746 kristie.barham@piercecountywa.gov				
14					
15	Certificate of Service: The undersigned certifies that on this day she delivered by E-file to the				
16	attorney of record for the defendant/appellant true and correct copies of the document to which this certificate is attached. This statement is certified to be true and correct under penalty of perjury of the laws of the State of				
17	Washington. Signed at Tacoma, Washington on the date below. 4/30/20 S/ Therese Kahn				
18	Date Signature				
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	STATE'S MOTION TO STRIKE EVIDENCE IMPROPERLY RAISED FOR THE FIRST TIME IN THE REPLY Page 4Office of Prosecuting Attorney 930 Tacoma Avenue South, Room 946 Tacoma, Washington 98402-2171 Main Office: (253) 798-7400				

## Appendix VI

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5	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF WA	SHINGTON, COUNTY OF PIERCE		
6	STATE OF WASHINGTON,	Cause No:		
7	Plaintiff,	ORDER DENYING MOTION FOR A STAY OF SENTENCE AND FOR RELEASE		
8	vs.	CENTENCE AND FOR RELEASE		
9				
10	Defendant.			
11	The Court has considered Defendant's motion, the State's response and Defendant's reply and			
12	all attachments to these documents. The Court has considered all authorities submitted, including			
13	Defendant's additional authority, <u>State v. Portomene</u> . The Court has also considered the evidence			
14	presented at trial and at Defendant's sentencing hearing.			
15	The undersigned Judge has been ordered by the Presiding Judge of Pierce County Superior			
16	Court to remain away from the Courthouse and to only work remotely, in an effort to ensure availability of			
17	judicial officers who are free of infection from COVID 19 in the event that any judicial officers working at			
18	the courthouse become infected. For this reason, and because the Court considers itself fully advised by			
19	the thorough briefing of the parties, the Court now waives oral argument on Defendant's motion under			
20	PCLR 7(a)(10).			
21	The Court has focused on RCW 9.95.062(1),	as urged by both parties. After considering the		
22	evidence described above, the Court now FINDS by a preponderance of the evidence:			
23	1. Defendant poses a serious risk to the safety of members of the community within the meaning			
24	of RCW 9.95.062(1)(a) if he were to be released on b	oond or on his own recognizance.		
25				

Defendant committed felonies that caused demonstrable and substantial financial and emotional
 harm in the present case, despite specific and direct orders from his supervising Community Corrections
 Officer that he stay away from any landscaping "work." Defendant made concerted efforts to hide his
 activities from his Community Corrections Officer.

5 For many years Defendant has repeatedly ignored court orders and directives of Department of
6 Corrections authorities when he is not physically incarcerated.

The Court has no confidence whatsoever that Defendant would follow and obey conditions of a sentencing stay and conditions of release. The Court has ample grounds to believe and does believe that Defendant would, at his earliest opportunity, again prey upon an elderly and vulnerable member of the community. Defendant has repeatedly shown that if he is not physically incapacitated, he is pursuing criminal schemes and designs.

2. A Stay of sentence will create significant delay and this delay will unduly diminish the deterrent effect of the punishment, within the meaning of RCW 9.95.062(1)(b).

The evidence before the Court demonstrates that the only way to deter Defendant from
committing crimes is physical incarceration. Staying Defendant's sentence would deliver a message to
Defendant exactly opposite of what this Court intended by its judgment and sentence. An order releasing
Defendant would be perceived by Defendant as an acknowledgement that his convictions at trial were
probably without due process of law and/or his crimes were less serious than this Court tried to express
by its judgment and sentence.

Incarceration specifically deters this Defendant from continuing his criminal career. Restoring
Defendant's freedom, for whatever reason, will only serve to embolden Defendant to believe that he is
free to resume the criminal lifestyle he has continuously pursued except when he is incarcerated. Simply
put, Defendant has no respect for the law and for the rights of others.

1	The Court further FINDS:		
2	3. Defendant has failed to prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the State of		
3	Washington has failed in its constitutional duty to appropriately provide for Defendant's safety and		
4	welfare. This Court is satisfied that the Department of Corrections is continuing to use all appropriate and		
5	reasonable means to protect all persons committed to its custody and care. The Defendant has not		
6	proved otherwise and is not entitled to any remedy.		
7	Accordingly, because Defendant has failed in his proof and because of the findings made under		
8	RCW 9.95.062(1), the Court now DENIES Defendant's motion. IT IS SO ORDERED.		
9			
10	Dated this 1 <sup>st</sup> day of May, 2020.		
11	Jerry Costelli		
12	Judge Jerry Costello		
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## Appendix VII

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5	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF WA	SHINGTON, COUNTY OF PIERCE	
6	STATE OF WASHINGTON,	Cause No:	
7	Plaintiff,	ORDER DENYING MOTION TO STRIKE	
8	vs.		
9			
10	Defendant.		
11	The Court has considered the State's motion asking the Court to strike those portions of		
12	Defendant's reply brief which introduce material and evidence not raised in Defendant's initial motion.		
13	The Court will not require a response from Defendant and waives oral argument under		
14	PCLR 7(a)(10). The motion to strike is DENIED.		
15			
16	DATED this 1st day of May, 2020.		
17		Jerry Costate	
18		Judge Jerry Costello	
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## Appendix VIII

STATE OF WASHINGON,	)	
STITL OF WISHINGON,	)	Trial No.
Plaintiff/Respondent,	)	CoA No.
	)	
V.	)	Declaration of
	) —	
	)	
Defendant/Appellant.	)	

declares the following and that if called as a witness he would testify that:

- 1. I am a 53-year-old African American male. My date of birth is
- 2. I am incarcerated at the Monroe Correctional Complex-WA State Reformatory. I am appealing my convictions.
- 3. Among my health conditions, I suffer from high blood pressure and take medication to address this condition.
- 4. I also have medical complications from past injuries and currently suffer joint pain and severe foot problems. I have extensive dental-care and eye-care needs. Among other medications, I take pain medications.
- 5. Healthcare staff from the Department of Corrections have identified me as being at an increased risk from COVID-19.
- 6. My conditions of confinement increase my risk. It is overcrowded and there is virtually no social distancing.
- 7. If granted an appeal bond, I would abide by any conditions of release during the pendency of my appeal.
- 8. I am married and have a supportive wife who lives in Pierce County. If released, I would reside with her.

The foregoing is true and correct to the best of my knowledge

DATED this 27 day of May, 2020

## Appendix IX

## Washington State Court of Appeals Division Two



950 Broadway, Suite 300, Tacoma, Washington 98402-4454 Derek Byrne, Clerk/Administrator (253) 593-2970 (253) 593-2806 (Fax) General Orders, Calendar Dates, and General Information at http://www.courts.wa.gov/courts **OFFICE HOURS**: 9-12, 1-4.

June 8, 2020

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CASE #: State of Washington, Respondent v. Appellant

Counsel:

On the above date, this court entered the following notation ruling:

### A RULING BY COMMISSIONER SCHMIDT:

The motion to stay sentence or for conditional release pending appeal is denied. Given the Appellant's extensive criminal history, the delay resulting from the stay would reduce the deterrent effect of the sentence. RCW 9.95.062(1)(b). His physical condition does not place him at such increased risk of Covid-19 infection as to warrant release pending appeal.

Appellant is granted an extension of time to and including July 1, 2020, to file the Appellant's Opening Brief.

Very truly yours,

Derek M. Byrne Court Clerk

## Appendix X

The purpose of this guidance document is to allow the Washington State Department of Corrections (DOC) to better respond to the emerging COVID-19 outbreak. This document covers screening, assessment, testing and infection control of patients housed in Washington DOC facilities.

### VIEW GUIDELINE UPDATES

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#### Screening

- 1) **Patients presenting with symptoms prior to Health Services contact**: Direct the patient to immediately don a surgical mask and place them in an isolated area and contact Health Services.
- 2) Intersystem intakes (Patient arriving from other than a DOC facility): All intersystem intakes coming into DOC facilities will have a temperature taken and will be asked the two screening questions listed below as a. and b. If any of the three screening items are positive the patient should immediately don a surgical mask and be place in an isolated area.
  - a) Intersystem intakes originating from the community, such as patients from community custody field offices, work release, or community custody violators in jails will be screened prior to transport. If the patient screens positive they should be transported by staff in PPE including an N95 mask per the **Transportation of patients with suspected or confirmed COVID-19 disease** section below.
- 3) **Patients presenting with symptoms in Health Services:** Patients with symptoms concerning for COVID-19 should immediately don a surgical mask and be placed in an isolated area.
- 4) Intrasystem intakes (Patients transferring to another DOC facility): All intrasystem intakes should have a temperature taken prior to boarding and upon exiting the transport bus. If the patient has temperature greater than 100.4F immediately direct the patient to don a surgical mask, place them in an isolated area, and contact health services.
- 5) Active screening of staff: All staff entering DOC facilities will be screened for signs and symptoms of COVID-19 with questions and a temperature check. Staff screening positive will not be allowed entry to the facility and will have follow up through the secondary staff screening process.
- 6) Active screening of patients prior to entering Health Services: All patients entering Health Services areas for scheduled or unscheduled care will be screened for signs and symptoms of COVID-19 with questions and a temperature check. Patients screening positive will immediately don a surgical mask and be placed in an isolated area for evaluation according to the Health Services Evaluation section below.

### **Health Services Evaluation**

- 1) Any health care provider making contact with patients referred from the screening section above should don personal protective equipment listed below *before* the evaluation:
  - a) Fit-tested N95 mask
  - b) Gloves
  - c) Eye protection defined as goggles or face shield
  - d) Gown
  - e) If not fit tested use PAPR instead of N95
- For instructions on proper donning and doffing of PPE see the following <u>video</u> and/or <u>document</u>. The purpose of this video is to demonstrate proper donning and doffing of PPE. For detailed guidance regarding

appropriate PPE for each clinical situation see the <u>PPE matrix</u> or the <u>Infection Control and Prevention</u> section of this document.

- 3) Nurse performs a clinical assessment, including temperature check, and asks the following 2 screening questions:
  - a) Do you have a fever **OR** any <u>new</u> cough, shortness of breath, sore throat, diarrhea, or loss of taste/smell?
  - b) Did you have contact with someone with possible COVID-19 in the previous 14 days?
- 4) If the answer to either screening questions is yes, or temperature is greater than 100.4F, notify a healthcare practitioner for further assessment:
  - a) If a practitioner is available onsite they will assess the patient clinically and decide whether symptoms are compatible with COVID-19 disease. If yes proceed to step C.
  - b) If no practitioner is onsite the nurse will discuss the patient's case with the practitioner.
  - c) All patients screening positive for symptoms or fever who are placed in isolation should be tested for COVID-19 disease as described in the Testing Procedure section below.
  - d) The practitioner will determine the following:
    - i) Level of care based on acuity
      - (1) To emergency department for severely ill patients
      - (2) To a negative pressure room for any non-severely ill patient if one is available and the patient requires IPU level care, under airborne medical isolation precautions. Facilities may establish alternative isolation units with 24 hour nursing coverage which are an acceptable alternatives for patients requiring this level of medical care.
      - (3) Living unit medical isolation with contact and droplet precautions for patients with mild illness.
        - (a) Patients isolated in a living unit with suspected or confirmed COVID-19 will have nursing assessments and vital signs at least every shift
    - ii) Patients remaining in the facility will have the following diagnostic workup:
      - (1) During influenza season (September through the end of March) perform rapid influenza testing
      - (2) Perform COVID-19 testing according to the Testing Procedure section below
        - (a) If the initial COVID-19 test is negative AND it is influenza season (September through the end of March) send a viral respiratory panel (Interpath # 2910) along with the second COVID-19 test
      - (3) Consider other diagnostic testing as clinically appropriate, i.e. chest x ray for community acquired pneumonia
    - iii) In the event that the patient is unable to be tested but for whom clinical suspicion remains, the patient should be isolated for presumptive COVID-19 disease.

#### **Testing Procedure**

- 1) Sample collection and testing:
  - a) Upper respiratory samples appropriate for COVID-19 testing can include any of the following. Patient collected nasal anterior and mid-turbinate samples should be preferred in settings where N95 masks are in short supply. All sampling techniques require synthetic tipped swabs, such as dacron, nylon, or polyester, without wooden handles:
    - i) Nasopharyngeal (NP) swab:
      - (1) NP swab sample collection is considered an aerosol generating procedure that requires the clinician to wear full PPE including an N95 mask.
      - (2) Perform NP swab on both sides of the nasopharynx, with either one swab or two depending on composition of testing kit and swab availability
      - (3) Please review the following nasopharyngeal swab sample collection guidance:
        - (a) NP swab is clinician collected only
        - (b) NP swab guidance document
        - (c) <u>NP swab demonstration video</u>
    - ii) Nasal mid-turbinate swab:
      - (1) Nasal mid-turbinate swab can be clinician or patient collected.
      - (2) Use a flocked tapered swab. Tilt patient's head back 70 degrees. While gently rotating the swab, insert swab less than one inch (about 2 cm) into nostril (until resistance is met at turbinates). Rotate the swab several times against nasal wall and repeat in other nostril using the same swab.
    - iii) Anterior nares specimen swab:
      - (1) Anterior nares specimen swab can be clinician or patient collected.
      - (2) Using a flocked or spun polyester swab, insert the swab at least 1 cm (0.5 inch) inside the nares and firmly sample the nasal membrane by rotating the swab and leaving in place for 10 to 15 seconds. Sample both nares with same swab.
  - b) There are currently three options for COVID-19 testing:
    - i) Washington State DOH/public health laboratory:
      - (1) Refer to <u>Washington DOH COVID-19 Specimen Collection and Submission Instructions</u> for guidance on collecting, submitting, and shipping of test samples.
      - (2) When the decision is made to test patients for COVID-19 use the following lab testing equipment:
        - (a) Nasal swab (any of the 3 described above) in viral transport media testing tube is the preferred testing sample in all patients. Use only synthetic sterile swabs.

- (b) Test sputum **if easily available** using a sterile specimen cup. Do not induce sputum in patients who are not producing sputum.
- (3) Use the <u>Washington State DOH Sample Submission Form</u> to submit test samples to the state DOH lab.
- (4) Write the provided PUI# on the submitter section of the submission form.
- (5) Send samples via Federal Express pickup using supplied packaging that complies with the IATA/DOT regulations for shipping category B biological substances. Laboratory personnel can review the following <u>guidance</u> for more shipping information about shipping samples through Federal Express. Shipping labels will be provided for both testing laboratories.
- ii) Interpath Laboratory:
  - (1) Testing through Interpath can be accomplished according to the instructions below. Testing through Interpath does not require specialized supplies for packaging and shipping as samples are picked up through the established Interpath lab courier.
    - (a) Order COVID-19 PCR testing as an unlisted test
    - (b) Preferred specimen: Nasal Swab (any of the 3 described above) in Viral Transport Media
    - (c) Alternate specimen: Nasal Swab (any of the 3 described above) in Sterile Tube w/Saline
    - (d) Preferred submission: Nasal Swab (any of the 3 described above) in Viral Transport Media
      - (i) Submitted frozen
    - (e) Alternate submission: 1 mL Nasal Swab(any of the 3 described above) in Sterile Tube w/Saline
    - (f) Submitted frozen
    - (g) Handling: State Patient Address
    - (h) Rejection criteria: Calcium alginate swabs or swabs with wooden shafts
    - (i) Stability:
      - (i) Ambient: Unacceptable
      - (ii) Refrigerated: 3 Day(s)
      - (iii) Frozen: 2 Month(s)
      - (iv) Incubated: Unacceptable
- iii) University of Washington Virology Lab:
  - (1) Use the following testing instructions and the linked UW Virology COVID-19 test requisition.
  - (2) Send samples via Federal Express pickup using supplied packaging that complies with the IATA/DOT regulations for shipping category B biological substances. Laboratory personnel can review the following <u>guidance</u> for more shipping information about shipping samples through Federal Express. Shipping labels will be provided for both testing laboratories.
- 2) Notify facility Infection Prevent Nurse, Facility Medical Director, and Health Services Manager

#### Patients at High Risk for Severe COVID-19

- Patients with underlying conditions and those with advanced age are at higher risk for severe disease and complications if they acquire COVID-19. Patients with the following conditions should be considered at high risk:
  - a) Aged 50 years or older\*\*
  - b) COPD or moderate to severe asthma
  - c) Cardiovascular disease including hypertension
  - d) Patients who are immunosuppressed based on diagnosis or due to medication
  - e) Cancer
  - f) Morbid obesity (BMI >40)
  - g) Diabetes, particularly if poorly controlled
  - h) Chronic kidney disease including those with ESRD on dialysis
  - i) Hepatic cirrhosis
  - j) Pregnancy or the immediate post-partum period
- 2) The following recommendations should be made for patients identified as high risk :
  - a) Wear issued face covering when out of cell or when within 6 feet of others
  - b) Perform frequent hand hygiene
  - c) Perform frequent cleaning of cell throughout the day
    - i) Highly <u>discourage</u> the use of bleach as this can exacerbate conditions for those patients with underlying lung disease
  - d) Avoid contact of high-touch surfaces
  - e) Limit movement in the facility
  - f) Social distancing (stay at least 6 feet from others) should be maintained during Day Room, Yard, Gym, Dining Halls, Religious Services, Pill Line, and other areas where the incarcerated population congregates.
- \*\* National Institute of Corrections recognizes that incarcerated population ages 50 and above are considered elderly

#### **Clinical Care of Patients with Suspected or Confirmed COVID-19**

- 1) Triage for appropriate care setting of suspected or confirmed COVID-19 patients:
  - a) COVID-19 can display a very wide range of disease severity, from asymptomatic and mild upper respiratory symptoms to severe lower respiratory tract disease with ARDS and multiple organ failure. Therefore triage to the appropriate care setting and subsequent monitoring are important aspects of clinical care for patients with COVID-19.
  - b) Risk factors for severe disease and mortality include the following:
    - i) Lung disease including COPD and asthma
    - ii) Cardiovascular disease including hypertension and cardiomyopathy

- iii) Diabetes
- iv) Immunosuppression due to diagnosis or medication
  - (1) History of Transplant
  - (2) HIV with CD4 <200 or detectable viral load
  - (3) Immune modulators or immunosuppressive medications including corticosteroid treatment at the equivalent of 20 mg of oral prednisone or more daily
- v) Cancer
- vi) Chronic kidney disease
- vii) Cirrhosis
- viii) Age 50 years old or greater
- c) Patients with one or more of the risk factors above should be considered at high risk for clinical deterioration and should be monitored closely regardless of initial care setting.
- d) Patients with confirmed or suspected COVID-19 disease can be triaged into the following groups based on the clinical evaluation:
  - i) Mild disease: Patients with mild disease may have fever, cough, upper respiratory tract symptoms, myalgias, and fatigue without significant dyspnea or hypoxia (oxygen saturation 96% or greater).
  - ii) Moderate to severe disease: Patients with significant dyspnea, hypoxia (oxygen saturation less than 96%) or other clinical evidence for severe disease should be triaged to a higher level of care.
    - (1) If hypoxia is mild (92-95% on room air) and the patient is otherwise clinically stable admission to an inpatient unit or other unit with 24 hour nursing coverage, with on-site diagnostic evaluation may be considered:
      - (a) In addition to the diagnostic testing described in the Health Services Evaluation section above, at a minimum perform a chest x ray and the following lab studies:
        - (i) CBC with differential
        - (ii) CMP
        - (iii) CRP
        - (iv) LDH (Interpath #1018)
        - (v) INR
        - (vi) D-dimer (Interpath #2657)
        - (vii) Creatine kinase (CK) (Interpath #1015) and troponin (Interpath #2688)
        - (viii) lactic acid (Interpath #2092)
      - (b) Patients in this group with risk factors for severe disease are at high risk for rapid clinical deterioration. Consider emergency department evaluation as indicated based on clinical judgement.
    - (2) If hypoxia is severe (inability to maintain oxygen saturation above 95% on 4L supplemental O2 or greater) or there is other clinical evidence of severe disease, including sepsis, cardiac

complications, or coagulopathy, the patient should be transferred to the emergency department for further diagnostic evaluation and treatment.

## 2) Treatment and monitoring of outpatients with suspected or confirmed COVID-19 and mild disease as defined above:

- a) Treatment for patients with mild disease is supportive:
  - Patients with mild disease will be isolated in a living unit and will have nursing assessments every shift. Signs of clinical deterioration that should provoke transfer to a higher level of care or further diagnostic assessment include:
    - (1) Hypoxia with oxygen saturation less than 96% on room air
    - (2) Development of significant dyspnea
    - (3) Inability to tolerate oral intake
    - (4) Clinical evidence for sepsis, cardiac complications, or coagulopathy.
  - ii) Supportive care can include oral hydration, anti-emetics if indicated, and analgesics/antipyretics:
    - (1) Prefer acetaminophen for fever and myalgias
    - (2) Anecdotal reports initially suggested NSAIDs may have been associated with worsening COVID-19 disease in some patients. Currently there is no evidence to support either harm or safety for use of NSAIDs in patients with confirmed or suspected COVID-19. In the face of this uncertainty acetaminophen should be used preferentially for pain and fever in this patient group, however NSAIDs can be used intermittently based on clinical judgement on a case by case basis if no contraindications are present.
    - (3) Nebulized treatments should not be used as they may aerosolize virus. If bronchodilator treatment is needed metered dose inhalers can be used.
  - iii) For patients in the mild disease category be aware that early experience with COVID-19 cases suggests the potential for clinical deterioration **five to ten days after illness onset**, including the onset of respiratory failure, sepsis, and cardiac complications.
  - iv) There are no data to suggest a link between ACE inhibitors and ARBs with worse COVID-19 outcomes. These medications should be continued unless the clinical picture warrants holding them (ex. hypotension).

#### 3) Treatment and monitoring of the COVID-19 patient admitted to an inpatient unit or similar setting:

- Patients initially triaged to an inpatient unit care setting or another unit with 24 hour nursing coverage, or admitted to one after return from an emergency department evaluation or hospitalization for COVID-19:
  - i) Admit to negative pressure room with airborne medical isolation precautions if available
  - ii) Until further evidence for benefit and safety is available anti-viral agents are not recommended.
  - iii) Supportive care ordered as described above for patients with mild illness
  - iv) Supplemental oxygen by nasal cannula if patient is dyspneic or O2 saturation is less than 96% on room air.

- v) Close monitoring for clinical deterioration including worsening hypoxia, with awareness of the potential for severe disease to develop 5-10 days after illness onset.
- vi) Clinical factors that should provoke consideration for transfer to a higher level of care:
  - (1) Need for greater than 2L supplemental oxygen to maintain saturation above 92%
  - (2) Bilateral infiltrates on chest x ray suggesting moderate to severe pneumonia
  - (3) Elevated D Dimer > 1000 ng/ml
  - (4) Elevated CRP > 100
  - (5) LDH >245
  - (6) CPK > 2x ULN
  - (7) Abnormal/elevated troponin
  - (8) Elevated AST and ALT
  - (9) Significant lymphopenia or neutrophilia:
    - (a) Calculate absolute neutrophil to absolute lymphocyte ratio: if 3.0 or greater the patient should be considered at high risk for clinical deterioration **OR**
    - (b) Absolute lymphocyte count <0.8
  - (10)Lactate > 4
  - (11)New creatinine elevation
  - (12)Other clinical findings based on clinical judgement of medical team
- vii) Consider monitoring diagnostic studies recommended above through the course of illness until clear clinical improvement is seen.
- viii) Patient may transfer back to living unit medical isolation for the remainder of the medical isolation period after clinical improvement is seen and the risk for deterioration has passed.
- 4) For questions or consultation regarding management of patients with suspected or confirmed COVID-19 call the DOC COVID medical duty officer phone: 564-999-1845

### Infection Control and Prevention

- 1) Definitions:
  - a) Medical isolation: Separating a symptomatic patient with a concern for a communicable disease from other patients.
  - b) Quarantine: Separating asymptomatic patients who have been exposed to a communicable disease from other patients.

- c) Cohort: Grouping patients infected with or exposed to the same agent together. Isolated and quarantined patients should NOT be cohorted together.
- 2) All incarcerated individuals in facilities, including work releases, will wear DOC provided mandatory routine face coverings.
- 3) PPE <u>must</u> be changed between EVERY patient in isolation or quarantine any time there is close contact except in the following situations:
  - a) Regional Care Facilities and tiers, units or pods of isolation units where ALL patients have a confirmed positive result for COVID-19:
    - i) It is not necessary to change eye protection, mask/respirator, and gown between each patient.
    - ii) Hand hygiene and new gloves are still needed between each patient. This can be achieved by double gloving, removing the outer gloves, disinfecting the inner gloves, and putting on a new outer gloves between patients.
    - iii) All PPE should be changed if visibly soiled.

#### 4) Asymptomatic patients testing positive for COVID-19:

- a) follow the following infection control procedure:
  - (1) Place in medical isolation for 14 days from the date of the positive test if the patient remains asymptomatic
  - (2) If the patient subsequently becomes symptomatic, follow the isolation criteria in Medical Isolation section below
  - (3) After the isolation period is complete the patient should enter post-isolation convalescent housing for 7 days.

#### 5) Medical isolation:

- a) Medical isolation is applied to those patient newly identified as having an influenza-like illness or other symptoms potentially caused by COVID-19.
- b) As soon as staff become aware that a symptomatic patient is suspected or confirmed as a COVID-19 case, staff should direct the patient to put on a surgical mask until the patient can be isolated.
  - i) Each housing unit and Shift Commander's office will maintain a supply of surgical masks
  - ii) Surgical masks will be made available in clinic waiting rooms
  - iii) Staff will work to isolate the patient and notify medical if they are identified outside the clinic
- c) If the patient is off the living unit at the time COVID-19 symptoms are noted, staff working with the patient will notify the applicable housing unit that they are sending the patient back for single cell confinement until the patient can be assessed by medical
  - i) If a single room is not immediately available, confine the patient at least 6 feet away from others until they have been evaluated by medical
- d) If the patient is already in the living unit, isolate the patient in their cell and notify medical
- e) Droplet Precautions will be initiated

- i) Droplet Precaution Medical isolation signs will be hung outside the room at cell front
- ii) Proper PPE will be available outside the medical isolation cell or somewhere easily accessible
- iii) All staff must wash hands with soap and water or with alcohol sanitizer prior to entering a patient's cell and removing gloves.

#### f) **PPE for medical isolation**:

- i) In the following situations PPE will be comprised of an N95 mask, eye protection, gown, and gloves:
  - (1) Patients with suspected or lab confirmed COVID-19 while symptomatic with cough or sneezing.
  - (2) While performing diagnostic nasopharyngeal swab sample collection or any other potentially aerosol generating procedures.
- ii) In the following situations PPE will be comprised of a **surgical mask, eye protection, gown, and gloves:** 
  - (1) When speaking with a symptomatic patient from outside of a medical isolation cell with an open door. Speaking to a patient from outside a medical isolation cell with the door closed does not require PPE other than general use face covering.
  - (2) Any patient who has tested negative for COVID-19 but remains in medical isolation and continues to be symptomatic
  - (3) Patients with suspected or lab confirmed COVID-19 without cough or sneezing.
- iii) All staff must wash hands with soap and water or with alcohol sanitizer after leaving a patient's cell and removing gloves.
- iv) A trash bin and bag, hand sanitizer, and gloves should be available immediatelyoutside the cell or unit to assist staff in proper doffing of PPE.
- g) Medical isolation of patients with suspected or confirmed COVID-19
  - i) Custody will work with medical staff to determine the best location to house patients on medical isolation status.
  - ii) If single cell not available, it is acceptable to cohort patients with COVID-19 together if they both/all have lab confirmed disease and are not thought to have other communicable diseases concurrently (i.e. influenza or another viral respiratory disease).
  - iii) Symptomatic isolated patients must be housed separately from asymptomatic exposed patients (quarantined).
  - iv) If possible avoid isolating patients with suspected or confirmed COVID-19 in cells with open bars.
- h) As a general rule, isolated patients will not be allowed out of the cell unless security or medical needs require it
  - i) If an isolated patient needs to be out of their cell, they will don a surgical mask during the necessary movement
- ii) Staff will ensure that the patient goes where directed by communication between the sending and receiving area staff
- iii) Any pill line medications will be delivered by medical staff unless medical staff determines the need for a different protocol

#### Clinical management of medical isolation patients:

- i) Patients isolated in a living unit with suspected or confirmed COVID-19 will have nursing assessments and vital signs at least every shift, with referral to a practitioner as clinically indicated.
- ii) Medical practitioners should document an assessment on patients in medical isolation for confirmed or suspected COVID-19 each business day until they are asymptomatic for 24 hours.
- iii) Patients with laboratory confirmed COVID-19, or who were not tested but are suspicious for COVID-19, will remain in medical isolation until they have been asymptomatic for 14 days.
- iv) Patients who tested negative for COVID-19 will remain in medical isolation until:
  - (1) they have been asymptomatic for 14 days, unless they have a documented or confirmed alternative diagnosis that explains their symptoms, such as in the following examples:
    - (a) Mild respiratory illness with a positive influenza test
    - (b) Fever explained by infection at another site, such as UTI or cellulitis

#### OR

- (2) they have been asymptomatic for at least 72 hours and have tested negative for COVID-19 twice with at least 48 hours between tests
- v) Patients isolated for suspected or confirmed COVID-19 disease who become asymptomatic:
  - (1) After an isolated patient is asymptomatic for 24 hours the intensity of monitoring can be decreased to once daily temperature and symptom checks at cell front. Patients with recurrence of symptoms should be evaluated by a medical practitioner.
  - (2) Recommended PPE for these asymptomatic medical isolation nursing checks will include surgical mask, gown, and gloves.
- vi) Unless transfer to a setting for a higher level of medical care is required, all medical care should be delivered in the patient's medical isolation cell.

#### 6) Quarantine:

- Patients who are asymptomatic but have been in close contact with confirmed or suspected COVID-19 patients should be guarantined.
- b) Close contacts of patients who test negative for COVID-19 may only be released from quarantine if the associated symptomatic patient tests negative for COVID-19 on two tests at least 48 hours apart:

- i) If repeat testing is not available close contacts of patients testing negative once for COVID-19 may be released from quarantine 14 days after their last contact with the symptomatic patient per the Medical Isolation section above.
- c) Close contacts of patients who test positive for COVID-19 will remain in quarantine 14 days after the last exposure to the patient.
- d) Quarantined patients can be housed alone or cohorted with other quarantined patients from the same exposure.
  - i) If a quarantined patient develops symptoms of COVID-19, they will be immediately removed from quarantine if they were housed with other asymptomatic patients, and placed into medical isolation.
     If cohorted with other asymptomatic patients the quarantine period for those patients will be reset to day 0 of 14.
  - ii) If the symptomatic patient lived in dormitory-style housing, consider quarantining an entire dorm or wing of a housing unit, especially if multiple cases occur.
- e) **PPE for staff interacting with quarantined patients**:
  - (1) Staff performing tier checks in open dorm style housing units should remain 6 feet away and have patients sit on their beds. PPE worn during these tier checks includes **gloves**.
  - (2) Staff performing nursing or medical assessments on quarantined patients requiring close contact including in open dorm style housing units, should don the following PPE: **surgical mask, gown, eye protection and gloves.**
  - (3) Staff interacting with quarantined patients in units with barred cells WITHOUT contact and staying at least 6 feet away do not require PPE other than a **routine face covering**.
  - (4) Staff performing a temperature check through a closed cell door with an open cuff port should don the following PPE: **surgical mask, eye protection, and gloves**.
- f) Staff performing nursing assessments of patients in quarantine should do so by discussing development of symptoms and perform temperature check at the cell front after donning PPE outlined above.
- g) Disposable thermometers should be used by patients if available. If multi-use thermometers must be used they should be disinfected in between patients.
- h) If the patient develops symptoms or fever a full assessment should be done by entering the cell in PPE appropriate for symptomatic patients including full PPE with N95 mask.
- i) Patients in quarantine should don a **surgical mask** anytime they leave their cell.
- j) Patients in quarantine will be assessed twice daily by nursing staff. The assessment will include a temperature check and monitoring for development of any symptoms. If the patient develops symptoms while in quarantine they will be assessed by a medical practitioner per Health Services Evaluation section step #3.
  - i) For stand-alone camps Health Services staff will determine scheduling to accommodate assessment of quarantined patients 7 days per week.

- k) Any pill line medications will be delivered to the quarantined patient by medical staffunless medical staff determines the need for different protocol.
- I) A trash bin and bag, hand sanitizer, and gloves should be available immediately outside the cell or unit to assist staff in proper doffing of PPE.
- m) Unless transfer to a setting for a higher level of medical care is required, all medical care should be delivered in the patient's quarantine cell.
- n) Signage indicating that the quarantine cells are under droplet precautions will be hung at the unit or tier level.

#### 7) Facility management of isolated/quarantined patients:

- a) If possible, cluster cases in medical isolation within in a single location/wing within the facility to help streamline ongoing assessments and delivery of services to the affected population
- b) If patients need to be isolated/quarantined in a living unit, allowances will be made to accommodate patients in this location
  - i) Television, playing cards and/or other recreational activities will be provided
  - ii) There will be no cost to the patient for the duration of their stay
- c) All patients placed in medical isolation/quarantine will be issued hygiene kits and new clothing as needed
- d) Provision of health care
  - i) Routine health care will be provided at cell front.
  - ii) Medications will be given at cell front
  - iii) Insulin and other diabetic services will be given at cell front
  - iv) Routine mental health services will be provided at cell front
  - v) Emergency medical needs will be assessed immediately by medical personnel, as required. Patient will be transported as deemed necessary if a higher level of medical care than can be delivered in the unit is required. There is not a medical indication for restraints during transport. Patient will don a surgical mask if it is not contraindicated.
- e) Meals will be provided by Food Services and delivered to the cell.
  - i) The Unit staff will notify Food Services at the beginning of each shift the number of meals that are needed
  - ii) **Gloves** will be worn when picking up used trays
- f) Education Programs will be suspended

#### g) Phone Use in Medical Isolation:

- i) Phone Use in Medical Isolation for Areas WITH In-Cell Phone Use:
  - (1) Allow one 10-minute phone call every 7 days while on isolation, unless otherwise authorized

- (2) Staff shall don appropriate PPE:
  - (a) Symptomatic patients with presumed or confirmed COVID-19: **N95 respirator, eye protection, gown, and gloves**
  - (b) Asymptomatic patients with presumed or confirmed COVID-19: surgical mask, eye protection, gown and gloves
- (3) Staff shall cover the phone handset with a plastic sleeve and use tape/bands to cinch both ends to enclose the entire handset
- (4) Patient will wear a surgical mask, if they are medically able to do so
- (5) Staff shall pass the handset of the phone to the patient via the cuff port or an opening of the door if necessary
- (6) Staff shall have the patient wash his/her hands immediately after using the phone
- (7) Staff shall carefully remove the plastic sleeve from the phone and dispose of it in the garbage container
- (8) Staff shall remove PPE appropriately and then sanitize or wash hands as per protocol
- (9) Staff shall spray disinfectant over the entire phone, let it sit for 10 min., and put on new gloves before wiping it off

#### ii) Phone Use in Medical Isolation for Areas WITHOUT In-Cell Phone Use:

- (1) Facility will designate staff member to make weekly status update phone calls to person identified by patient
- (2) When a patient is placed into medical isolation, he/she shall be asked to provide the name and telephone number of a person for a weekly phone call, which will be provided to the designated staff person making the call
- (3) Designated staff will verify no current restrictions on contact exist prior to making call
- (4) Designated staff will make call to identified person to notify of placement into medical isolation, as well as a weekly call to update on status
- (5) Designated staff will note the call by placing a chrono in OMNI

#### h) Showers in Medical Isolation:

i) Patients in Medical Isolation will be allowed to maintain personal hygiene including showers according to the following:

- (1) Patients should be offered 1 shower per week starting after day 7 in isolation.
- (2) These patients can be rotated, and must remain at least 6 feet apart.
- (3) The patients must wear a surgical mask at all times while out of their cell.
- (4) PPE for unit staff having close contact with patients:
  - (a) N95 mask, disposable gown, gloves, and eye protection
- (5) The showers will need to be disinfected according to the manufacture's guidelines after each shower.
- (6) PPE for staff or incarcerated individuals cleaning showers used by patients in Medical Isolation:
  - (a) surgical mask, disposable gown, gloves and eye protection

#### 8) Post-isolation convalescent housing:

- Patients testing positive for COVID-19 may continue to shed virus after the isolation period is complete. To prevent potential spread of COVID-19 disease from patients in this phase they will be cohorted to together in less restrictive living arrangements than isolation or quarantine housing.
- b) The period of post-isolation convalescent housing will be 7 days, after which the patient can return to their usual housing unit.
- c) Post-isolation housing patients do not require routine medical monitoring but should have access to acute care through a sick call process.
- d) If routine medical care is required by post-isolation patients it should be delivered in the housing unit if possible.
- e) **PPE for staff in interacting with post-isolation patients**:
  - (1) For staff in close contact including medical assessments don a surgical mask, gown, and gloves
  - (2) Staff not in close contact do not require PPE other than a **routine face covering**.

#### 9) Routine Pre-procedure COVID-19 Testing:

- a) Community health care providers may require routine COVID-19 testing of asymptomatic patients prior to surgical or other procedures.
  - i) Patients may be housed in their usual housing units without special quarantine or isolation procedures while awaiting test results.
  - ii) Staff interacting with these patients may do so without additional PPE other than a **routine face covering.**
  - iii) Patients testing positive should follow <u>guidance</u> above regarding asymptomatic COVID positive patients.

#### 10) Intersystem Transfer Separation:

- a) Intersystem transfer separation can include individuals entering or exiting DOC custody that require separation from the general population to reduce the potential risk of COVID spread
- b) Intake separation:

- i) This section applies to all intersystem intakes into DOC facilities, including:
  - (1) Community custody violators
  - (2) Patients arriving from county jails or other detention facilities
  - (3) Work release and GRE returns
- ii) Patients in these categories should be separated from the general population at the receiving facility for 14 days after arrival
- iii) Patients arriving together at the facility on the same day can be cohorted together
- iv) Additional PPE, other than a **routine face covering**, is not needed when interacting with asymptomatic patients in intake separation status.
- v) If a patient in routine intake separation becomes symptomatic they should enter Medical Isolation, and the remaining intake cohort should be placed in quarantine for 14 days.

#### c) Separation Prior to Work Release Transfer:

- i) For facilities with active COVID-19 cases:
  - (1) For patients eligible for transfer to work release, prior to finalizing their transfer orders, notify the COVID medical duty officer to discuss the need for separation prior to transfer.
  - (2) Depending on the extent of potential transmission within the facility, a decision may be made to initiate transfer separation prior to work release transfer.
    - (a) The purpose of transfer separation is to separate individuals awaiting work release transfer from the rest of the population for a period of 14 days
    - (b) Patients in transfer separation can be housed together
    - (c) Additional PPE, other than a **routine face covering**, is not necessary for staff interacting with patients on transfer separation.

#### 11) **Protective Separation**

- a) Housing units with a high concentration of individuals at high risk for severe COVID-19 may be placed on protective separation status in order to reduce the risk of introduction and transmission of virus.
  - i) At the current time the following units are on protective separation status:
    - (1) CRCC-Sage
    - (2) AHCC K unit
  - ii) Special direction to staff working on protective separation units:
    - (1) Only necessary and assigned staff should have access to this unit
    - (2) Staff must wash hands before entering and exiting the unit
    - (3) Staff will remove and store their routine face covering and don a new surgical mask prior to entering the unit.

- (4) No staff interacting with quarantined and isolated individuals should be entering these units during their assigned shift
- iii) Special direction to incarcerated individuals living on special units:
  - (1) Individuals are restricted to their living unit
  - (2) Patients are provided a routine face covering for use at all times
  - (3) Patients are restricted from eating in main chow halls and meals are delivered to the living unit
  - (4) Individuals shall be given pill line at their cells
  - (5) Individuals should be allowed to self-quarantine if they choose

#### 12) PPE Requirements for Prisons and Work Release Staff:

- a) **Tyvek suites** are not considered appropriate PPE for the purpose of this guideline and should not be used when contacting patients with suspected or confirmed COVID-19 or those on quarantine.
- b) Contact with asymptomatic individuals who are not on medical isolation or quarantine:
  - i) **Gloves** (follow normal practice)
- c) Contact with individuals on medical isolation (symptomatic):
  - i) In the following situations N95 mask, eye protection, gown, and gloves should be worn:
    - (1) Contact with incarcerated individuals with suspected or lab confirmed COVID-19 while symptomatic (cough or sneezing).
  - ii) In the following situations surgical mask, eye protection, gown, and gloves should be worn:
    - (1) When speaking with a symptomatic patient from outside of an medical isolation cell
    - (2) Any contact with a patient who has tested negative for COVID-19 but remains on medical isolation
    - (3) Any contact with incarcerated individuals with suspected or lab confirmed COVID-19 without cough or sneezing.
  - iii) In the following situations PPE will be comprised of **gloves**:
    - (1) Passing items through a closed door cuff port and NO face to face contact
    - (2) If possible, avoid medical isolation in cells with open bars
- d) Contact with quarantined (asymptomatic) individuals:
  - i) Open bay units:
    - (1) Close contact (ex. Temp check): surgical mask, gown, gloves, eye protection
    - (2) No close contact (example walking through unit): gloves

- ii) Dayroom/or other close quarters:
  - (1) Close contact (within 6 feet): surgical mask, gown, gloves, eye protection
  - (2) No close contact (example walking through unit): gloves
- iii) Pat searches:
  - (1) Surgical mask, gown, gloves (for every person pat searched), eye protection
- iv) Closed door cells with *cuff port*:
  - (1) Passing items through cuff port and NO face to face contact: gloves only
  - (2) No contact at all (talking through the door): No PPE required
  - (3) Close contact: surgical mask, gloves, eye protection
- v) Bar cells:
  - (1) Close contact (ex. temp check): surgical mask, gown, gloves, and eye protection
- e) Staff active screening of patients or staff at entry into facilities, health services, or other :
  - i) Active screening without use of a protective barrier:
    - (1) Surgical mask, gown, gloves and eye protection
    - (2) When an active screener should change PPE: If a facility active screener comes within 6 feet of a staff member or patient that screens positive PPE should be removed and discarded, hand hygiene should be performed, and new PPE should be donned prior to resumption of screening.
  - ii) Active screening while using protective barrier:
    - (1) PPE should consist of gloves and routine facemask/covering
    - (2) The screener should stand behind the protective barrier. Temperature should be taken by reaching around the barrier. The screener should ensure they are positioned so that the barrier blocks any potential respiratory droplets from the screened individual. If no contact was made between the screener and the screened individual gloves do not need to be changed between screenings, unless they are visibly soiled or torn.

#### 13) Environmental Cleaning

- a) Enhanced frequency of cleaning and disinfection procedures of high touch surfaces is recommended for COVID-19 in healthcare settings, including those patient-care areas in which aerosol-generating procedures are performed.
- b) Disinfectant must be:
  - i) EPA-approved as a hospital/healthcare or broad spectrum disinfectant
  - ii) Contain quaternary ammonium
- c) Management of laundry:
  - i) Laundry from medical isolation or quarantine patients and cells will be placed in yellow bags and transported in rice bags. Contents should be washed/treated as infectious laundry.
- d) Food service management:

- i) Meals for isolated and quarantined patients should be served in disposable clamshells. If trays are used staff should wear gloves and wash hands before and after handling.
- e) Medical waste from medical isolation and quarantined cells can be discarded using the regular waste disposal process.
- f) Any individuals involved in cleaning rooms occupied by isolated suspected or confirmed COVID-19 cases, including DOC staff and employed incarcerated individuals, should wear the following PPE: surgical mask, gown, eye protection and gloves.
- g) Any individuals involved in handling laundry and food services items of patients in medical isolation or quarantine, without entering the cell, should wear the following PPE:
  - i) Gown and gloves
- h) Rooms occupied by quarantined patients who are moved prior to the complete 14 day period, should be similarly cleaned only by individuals wearing the following PPE: surgical mask, gown, eye protection and gloves.
- 14) All staff working in DOC locations must wear an approved face covering while on duty.
- 15) Recommended personal protective equipment for both Health Services and Prisons/Work Release staff is summarized in the linked <u>PPE matrix</u>.

#### **Reuse of N95 Respirators:**

Supplies of N95 respirators are in increased demand creating critical shortages during infectious diseases outbreaks. Existing CDC guidelines recommend a combination of approaches to conserve supplies while safeguarding health care workers in such circumstances. In these situations, existing guidelines recommend:

- Minimizing the number of individuals who need to use respiratory protection
- Using alternatives to N95 respirators where feasible
- Implementing practices allowing reuse of N95 respirators when acceptable during encounters with multiple patients

#### 1) Reuse of N95 respirators:

- a) Re-use can occur under the following conditions:
  - i) N95 respirators must only be used by a single individual and should never be shared
  - ii) Use a full face shield that covers entire extent of N95 respirator and/or surgical mask over an N95 to reduce surface contamination of the respirator. For aerosol generating procedures, both a face shield and surgical mask are necessary for re-use.
  - iii) Keep used respirator in a clean dry paper bag between uses
  - iv) Write your name on the bag and elastic straps of the N95 so that the owner is clearly identified (Do not write on the actual mask)
  - v) Use a new paper bag each time the respirator is removed
- b) Always use clean gloves when donning a used N95 respirator and performing a user seal check.
- c) Perform hand hygiene over gloves before touching or adjusting the respirator as necessary

- d) Discard gloved after the N95 is donned and any adjustments are made to ensure the respirator is sitting comfortably on your face with a good seal.
- e) Perform hand hygiene. Anytime one touches the N95, perform hand hygiene again.
- 2) Do NOT reuse and DISCARD N95 respirators if:
  - a) The N95 respirator becomes visibly soiled with blood, respiratory or nasal secretions, or other bodily fluids
  - b) The N95 respirator becomes visibly damaged or difficult to breathe through
  - c) The straps are stretched out so they no longer provide enough tension for the respirator to seal to the face
  - d) The nosepiece or other fit enhancements are broken
  - e) If the inside of the respirator is touched inadvertently
  - f) The respirator was used during an aerosol generating procedure, except when the respirator is protected by a surgical mask as described below.

#### 3) Donning and Doffing of N95 respirator:

- a) Donning a **NEW** N95 respirator:
  - i) Perform hand hygiene
  - ii) Remove routine face covering
  - iii) Perform hand hygiene
  - iv) Don gown
  - v) Don gloves
  - vi) Don a new, fit-tested N95 respirator and adjust as necessary
  - vii) Don a full face shield ensuring it fully covers both eyes and respirator
  - viii) Perform patient care activities
- b) Donning a **USED** N95 respirator:
  - i) Perform hand hygiene
  - ii) Remove routine face covering
  - iii) Perform hand hygiene
  - iv) Don gloves
  - v) Remove the used N95 respirator from the paper bag by the straps
  - vi) Don the respirator without touching the front of the mask
  - vii) Sanitize gloves and adjust the mask for comfort and to ensure a good face seal
  - viii) Remove gloves and perform hand hygiene
  - ix) Don gown, new gloves, and full face shield
- c) Doffing an N95 respirator:
  - i) When finished with patient care prior to leaving isolation area, remove gown and gloves and discard
  - ii) Perform hand hygiene
  - iii) Don new gloves
  - iv) Leave isolation area
  - v) Immediately outside isolation area, remove gloves
  - vi) Perform hand hygiene
  - vii) Put on new gloves
  - viii) Remove face mask by touching only the ear pieces
  - ix) Remove respirator touching only the straps

- x) Place respirator in a new, clean paper bag labeled with the user's name
- xi) Remove gloves
- xii) Perform hand hygiene
- xiii) Put back on routine use mask

#### **Release of Patients into the Community**

- Patients in medical isolation: For any patient with suspected or confirmed COVID-19 disease in medical isolation who is releasing from a DOC facility, the Health Services Manager, Infection Prevention Nurse and Facility Medical Director will have a conference call with the COVID-19 medical duty officer (564-999-1845) prior to release for discussion of release planning.
- 2) Patients in quarantine: Upon release from DOC custody while on quarantine status, patients will be provided a surgical mask and will be directed to self-quarantine in their place of residence until the remainder of their 14 day quarantine period. Direction should be given that they should immediately report to their CCO via phone to arrange future reporting requirements.

#### Transportation of Patients with Suspected or Confirmed COVID-19 Disease

- This section refers to transportation of patients under Washington DOC jurisdiction to or between DOC facilities who are confirmed or suspected (by a licensed medical provider) to have COVID-19 disease. This includes community custody violators, work release/GRE returns, and patients currently housed in DOC facilities.
- 2) No patient with confirmed COVID-19 disease will be transported into or between DOC facilities without approval of the CMO in consultation with the COVID-19 EOC.
- 3) For any patients with confirmed or suspected (by a licensed medical provider) COVID-19 disease being transported into or between DOC facilities custody officers, community custody officers, or other DOC staff in close contact with the patient, will don the following personal protective equipment:
  - a) A pair of disposable examination gloves
  - b) Disposable medical isolation gown
  - c) Any NIOSH-approved particulate respirator (i.e., N-95 or higher-level respirator)
  - d) Eye protection
  - e) If unable to wear a disposable gown or coveralls because it limits access to duty belt and gear, ensure duty belt and gear are disinfected after contact with individual.
- 4) The transport vehicle will be cleaned and disinfected after use.
- 5) For any patients on quarantine for contact with a suspected or confirmed COVID-19 case DOC staff will don the following PPE:
  - a) A pair of disposable examination gloves
  - b) Disposable medical isolation gown
  - c) Surgical mask

## **Contact Tracing and Case Reporting**

- 1) Cases of suspected and confirmed COVID-19 will be thoroughly investigated by the Infection Prevention Nurse (IPN):
  - a) Review the patient's cell and living unit location, job, classes, etc. to determine who could have been exposed and needs to be quarantined.
  - b) If in the course of the contact tracing it is apparent that DOC staff may have had close contact with the confirmed or suspected COVID-19 case the IPN will send an email with case details to the following Occupational Health email address: <a href="mailto:DOCoccupationalhealthandwellness@DOC1.WA.GOV">DOCoccupationalhealthandwellness@DOC1.WA.GOV</a>
  - c) The decision to classify a contact as close or high risk and requiring quarantine will be a clinical decision by the IPN taking into consideration the guidance described here. IPNs should strongly consider consultation with a DOC Infectious Disease physician or local/state public health departments if any uncertainty exists regarding how to classify a contact with a suspected or confirmed COVID-19 case.
  - d) A close, or high risk, contact with potential COVID-19 cases will be defined as follows for the purpose of this guideline:
    - i) Being within approximately 6 feet of a person with confirmed or suspected COVID-19 for a prolonged period of time, defined as at least several minutes. Examples include caring for or visiting the patient or sitting within 6 feet of the patient in a healthcare waiting room.
    - ii) Having unprotected direct contact with infectious secretions or excretions of the patient (e.g., being coughed on, touching used tissues with a bare hand).
  - e) Contact not considered close or high risk include briefly entering the patient room without having direct contact with the patient or their secretions/excretions, brief conversation with a patient who was not wearing a facemask.
  - f) Mitigating and exacerbating factors should be considered in determination of contact risk. For example a suspected or confirmed COVID-19 case will be more likely to transmit disease if they are actively coughing during the contact, and less likely if they are wearing a facemask.
  - g) Report the need to isolate a patient and the need to quarantine other patient/s as indicated to the Health Care Manager or designee who will then notify the Superintendent at the facility, Facility Medical Director, and HeadquartersEOC.
  - h) Enter the information about the case of suspected/confirmed COVID-19 and the information about the exposed patients on the <u>Influenza like illness log</u>.
  - The results of contact investigations will be communicated to the Facility Medical Director, HSM, and facility Human Resources who will help ensure that people who have been exposed are identified, notified, and all appropriate infection control measures are put in place to reduce transmission (masking, quarantine, cohorting etc.)

- All COVID-19 test results for DOC patients should be reported via phone to the COVID medical duty officer (phone 564-999-1845), FMD, IPN, and facility COVID incident command post immediately upon receipt from the testing lab.
  - a) Notification of positive COVID tests should also be sent to the following email address: <u>doccovid19cases@doc1.wa.gov</u>.
  - b) The IPN will update the contact investigation and review medical isolation/quarantine status of the tested and exposed patients after receipt of test results.
  - c) Occupational Nurse Consultants will, in communication with the IPN, review the case for potential close contacts among DOC staff.

## Guideline Update Log

03/06/2020: Under Heath Services Evaluation, section 3.iii, added subsection 3 to include criteria for isolating patients who are suspected COVID-19 who cannot be tested.

Under Infection control and Prevention section C.5, d. "COVID-19 patients will not be isolated in an IPU, unless they require IPU level of medical care." was deleted.

Under Infection control and Prevention section C.9 added.

Section Transportation of patients with suspected or confirmed COVID-19 disease added.

03/09/2020: Section Contact Tracking and Case Reporting added

Section Health Services Evaluation 3.3.2 changed to reflect updated DOH and CDC testingguidance

03/11/2020: Section Health Services Evaluation part 2 added instruction for donning and doffing PPE. Section Contact Tracking and Case Reporting added guidance and definitions for determining risk of contact with suspected or confirmed COVID 19 cases.

Section Contact Tracking and Case Reporting changed COVID-19 log to Influenza-like illness log.

- 03/12/2020: Section Health Services Evaluation part 5 Testing Procedure updated
- 03/13/2020: Section Testing Procedure information regarding testing through Interpath labs
- 03/17/2020: Section Screening Intrasystem Intakes changed to require temperature screening at both boarding and exiting the transport bus.

Section Health Services Evaluation 3A (screening question #1) changed from AND to OR

Section Infection Control and Prevention changed to reflect updated PPE requirements for staff evaluating quarantined patients

03/18/2020: Section Infection Control and Prevention changed the duration of medical isolation recommended Section Testing Procedure, deleted #3 regarding Interpath Labs, as they are no longer performing

Section Health Services Evaluation added information regarding when to order COVID testing in the context of influenza test results

- 03/19/2020: Section Infection Control and Prevention, changed criteria for use of N95 mask when in contact with isolated patients.
- 03/20/2020: Section Infection Control and Prevention, changed monitoring of isolated patients after they become asymptomatic to once daily at cell front
- 03/25/2020: Section Patients at High Risk for Severe COVID-19 added

**COVID** testing

Section Infection Control and Prevention added statement regarding release from quarantine requirements

Section Health Services Evaluation added pharyngitis to screening questions

Section Infection Control and Prevention, added PPE Requirements for Prisons and Work Release Staff

03/27/2020: Section Testing Procedure- deleted reference to need for PUI number and approval prior to sending COVID tests to the Washington DOH public health lab

Section Release of Patients into the Community added direction for patients on quarantine status at the time of release

04/03/2020: Section Testing Procedure added NP swab demonstration video

Section Infection Control and Prevention added eye protection to PPE needed for evaluation of quarantined patients

Section Infection Control and Prevention, PPE for Work Release and Prisons Staff, added criteria for changing PPE for screeners

04/07/2020: Section Clinical Care of Patients with Suspected or Confirmed COVID-19 added

Section Screening added statements about active screening of staff and patients

Section Infection Control and Prevention changed waste disposal from biohazard red bag/bin to regular trash bins.

04/15/2020: All sections changed 'isolation' to 'medical isolation'

Section Clinical Care of Patients with Suspected or Confirmed COVID-19 added recommendation to use metered dose inhalers instead of nebulizers for administration of bronchodilators.

Section Infection Control and Prevention added link to recommended <u>PPE matrix</u>.

Section Release of Patients in the Community changed notification for patients releasing who are on medical isolation

Section Clinical Care of Patients with Suspected or Confirmed COVID-19 changed criteria for starting supplemental oxygen to less than 96% on room air

Section Testing Procedure added back Interpath Laboratory as they have resumed COVID-19 testing

Section Testing Procedure added statement to perform NP swabs of both sides of the nasopharynx

04/21/2020: Section Infection Control and Prevention added statement that Tyvek suites are not appropriate PPE for this purpose and should not be used.

Section Infection Control and Prevention added statement that quarantined patients must don a surgical mask anytime they leave their cells.

Section Infection Control and Prevention added statement regarding all staff wearing approved face coverings while on duty.

Section Patients at High Risk for Severe Covid-19 changed interventions for high risk and very high risk patients

Section Contact Tracing and Case Reporting changed positive COVID test result reporting to include COVID medical duty officer and COVID cases email box.

Section Health Services Evaluation added diarrhea and loss of taste/smell to screening questions.

Section Infection Control and Prevention added statement regarding droplet precaution signs in quarantine units

Section Infection Control and Prevention added subsections h. and i. regarding phone use in medical isolation

4/24/20 Section Infection Control and Prevention subsection PPE requirements for Prisons and Work Release Staff added use instructions and PPE for staff using barriers during active screening

Section Health Services Evaluation linked PPE video

Section Testing Procedure added information regarding anterior nasal and nasal mid-turbinate swab sample collection

Section Health Services Evaluation eliminated influenza testing and added statement regarding testing for influenza during influenza season

5/6/20 Section Testing Procedure added statement that patient collected nasal swabs should be preferred if N95 masks are in short supply and removed preference for NP swabs in all testing situations

Section Infection Prevention and Control added statement regarding mandatory use of routine face coverings by incarcerated individuals.

Section Health Services Evaluation added statement that all patients entering isolation will be tested for COVID-19.

Section Infection Control and Prevention added subsection Post-isolation Convalescent Housing

Section Infection Control and Prevention added two negative tests at least 48 hours apart as new criteria for release from isolation and associated quarantine

Section Infection Control and Prevention added subsection Routine Pre-procedure COVID-19 Testing

Section Patients at High Risk for COVID-19 Disease deleted 'very high risk' section

Section Infection Control and Prevention added subsection Asymptomatic Patients Testing Positive for COVID-19

Section Infection Control and Prevention added subsection Showers in Medical Isolation

Section Infection Control and Prevention added subsection Routine Intake Separation

Section Infection Control and Prevention added subsection Protective Isolation Prior to Work Release Transfer

5/15/20 Section Infection Control and Prevention added information for each care situation regarding when to change PPE

Section Infection Control and Prevention added subsection Protective Separation

Section Reuse of N95 Respirators added

Section Health Services Evaluation changed testing criteria for viral respiratory panel

Section Infection Control and Prevention subsections Routine Intake Separation and Separation Prior to Work Release Transfer were combined into Intersystem Transfer Separation and the period of pre-work release separation was changed to 14 days

# Appendix XI

## Prison & Work Release Visitation & Social Outings are suspended until further notice.

<u>Governors Proclamation Open Public Meetings Act and Public Records Act:</u> The Department of <u>Corrections is only processing public records requests via email and through the online electronic request portal.</u>

# COVID-19 Information

If you have questions about COVID-19 or the state's response generally, please visit the <u>Washington</u> <u>State Coronavirus (COVID-19) Response website</u>.

- <u>About</u>
- <u>Confirmed Cases</u>
- <u>Regional Care Facilities</u>
- Testing, Isolation & Quarantine
- <u>Significant Events Timeline</u> (Formerly known as Daily Situation Report)
- <u>Frequently Asked Questions</u> (Population Reduction Efforts has moved to FAQs)
- <u>Resources</u>

# About

The health and safety of our staff, those in our care, and the community is our top priority.

The Department of Corrections began supporting Department of Health (DOH) response to COVID-19 on February 9, 2020 by providing members of the agency Department Incident Management Team (DIMT). An advanced contingency planning team launched on February 28, 2020 to support the agency response. The department officially opened its Emergency Operations Center (EOC) at Headquarters in response to COVID-19, including representatives from health services staff, on March 2, 2020.

# **Confirmed Cases**

A confirmed case is counted at the facility where the case was confirmed. After confirmation, an individual may be transported to another correctional facility to receive appropriate level of care.

## Department of Corrections COVID-19 Confirmed Cases

(Current as of Friday, June 19, 2020. Numbers are updated Monday-Friday, except for holidays.)

\*Self-Reported, \*\*Confirmed cases includes contractor staff, \*\*\*Based on location where individual tested positive for COVID-19

Location

Staff Incarcerated Confirmed\* Confirmed

Location	Staff Confirmed*	Incarcerated Individual Confirmed
Headquarters (TUM5, Airport Office, CI Headquarters, ISRB, SWRBO, SWR Performance Center, Maple Lane)	1	N/A
Mill Creek Regional Performance Center	8	N/A
Prisons		
Airway Heights Corrections Center	2	0
Cedar Creek Corrections Center	0	0
Clallam Bay Corrections Center**	1	0
Coyote Ridge Corrections Center	40	96
Larch Corrections Center	0	0
Mission Creek Corrections Center for Women	0	0
Monroe Correctional Complex	10	19
Olympic Corrections Center	0	0
Stafford Creek Corrections Center	0	0
Washington Corrections Center	2	1
Washington Corrections Center for Women	0	0
Washington State Penitentiary	2	1
<b>Other Location***</b> (Based on location where individual tested positive for COVID-19)		
County Jail	0	0
Community Medical Center	0	1
Work Release		
Ahtanum View Work Release	2	0
Bellingham Work Release	0	0
Bishop Lewis Work Release	0	0
Brownstone Work Release	0	0
Eleanor Chase House Work Release	0	0
Helen B. Ratcliff Work Release	0	0
Longview Work Release	0	0
Olympia Work Release	0	0

Location	Staff Confirmed*	Incarcerated Individual Confirmed
Peninsula Work Release**	2	0
Progress House Work Release	0	0
Reynolds Work Release	2	7
Tri-Cities Work Release	0	1
Community Corrections		
Community Corrections Section 1	0	N/A
Community Corrections Section 2	3	N/A
Community Corrections Section 3	0	N/A
Community Corrections Section 4	0	N/A
Community Corrections Section 5	0	N/A
Community Corrections Section 6	6	N/A
Community Corrections Section 7	0	N/A

# **Regional Care Facilities**

The Washington Department of Corrections (DOC) is taking deliberate steps to continue to mitigate the spread of infection to the incarcerated population, staff and general public.

Suitable locations, referred to as a Regional Care Facility (RCF), were previously identified by department leaders and key stakeholders, including local facility subject matter experts. These RCF's would safely and comfortably house incarcerated individuals who have tested positive for COVID-19 and may require more comprehensive medical attention and physical isolation from healthy populations, but do not require hospitalization. Should an infected individual's medical conditions or needs become severe, the department and agency medical personnel will work collaboratively with hospital partners to provide the necessary medical care.

(Current as of Friday, June 19, 2020. Numbers are updated Monday-Friday, except for <u>holidays</u>) Incarcerated individuals from the Confirmed Cases chart are transported, when necessary, to one of the regional care facilities listed below.

## **Regional Care Facility**

## Incarcerated Individuals Housed

18

Airway Heights Corrections Center

# Testing, Isolation & Quarantine

Current as of Friday, June 19, 2020. Numbers are updated Monday-Friday, except for holidays.

•	nong Incarcerated House ng is conducted based on the		
	Testing, and Infection	on Control Guideline 🏂	
Number of Tests	Number of Negative	Number of Positive	Number of Pending Lat
Number of Tests Completed	Number of Negative Results	Number of Positive Results	Number of Pending Lab Results

	nong Incarcerated Population
<b>Isolation:</b> separating a symptomatic patient with a co	oncern for a communicable disease from other patients.
	who are not showing symptoms yet have been exposed a contagious disease.
Enderal guaranting and isolation currently apply to	the following diseases: cholera; diphtheria; infectious
tuberculosis; plague; smallpox; yellow fever; viral emergent flu viruses that are causing, or have th	hemorrhagic fevers; influenza caused by new or re- e potential to cause, a pandemic; and severe acute hich may include COVID-19).
tuberculosis; plague; smallpox; yellow fever; viral emergent flu viruses that are causing, or have th	hemorrhagic fevers; influenza caused by new or re- e potential to cause, a pandemic; and severe acute

## Resources

## News & Announcements

- <u>Significant Events Timeline</u> (Formerly known as the Daily Situation Report) (updated daily, Monday-Friday)
- PRESS RELEASE: First Incarcerated Individual in Washington Dies of COVID-19 (posted 06/18/2020)
- PRESS RELEASE: Coyote Ridge Corrections Center Medium Security Complex on restricted movement to contain COVID-19 (posted 06/11/2020)

- PRESS RELEASE: First Washington Corrections Line of Duty Death from COVID-19 (posted 05/18/2020)
- <u>Governor Proclamation 20-28.2: Open Public Meetings Act and Public Records Act</u> (posted 05/05/2020)
- <u>PRESS RELEASE: Corrections Announces Upcoming Transfer of Individuals Back to the</u> <u>Community</u> (posted 04/16/2020)
- Governor Proclamation 20-50: Reducing Prison Population 1/15/2020)
- <u>Governor's Emergency Commutation Order</u> (posted 04/15/2020)
- <u>PRESS RELEASE: Department of Corrections Continues to Take Necessary Steps to Protect</u> <u>Health of Incarcerated</u> (posted 04/13/2020)
- Inslee announces strategies for reducing the number of individuals incarcerated to address
  <u>COVID-19 in DOC system</u> (posted 04/13/2020)
- PRESS RELEASE: Disturbance at Monroe Correctional Complex Under Control (posted 04/08/2020)
- <u>PRESS RELEASE: Additional Positive COVID-19 Tests for Incarcerated Individuals within Monroe</u> <u>Correctional Complex</u> (posted 04/07/2020)
- <u>PRESS RELEASE: First Positive COVID-19 Test for Incarcerated Individual within Washington</u> <u>State Correctional Facility</u> (posted 04/05/2020)
- PRESS RELEASE: Issuance of N95 Respirators to Correctional Staff (posted 04/03/2020)
- <u>PRESS RELEASE: Corrections launches Rapid Staff Hiring to fill immediate needs for correctional</u> <u>officers</u> (posted 03/30/2020)
- <u>Governor Proclamation 20-35: Department Of Corrections Community Custody Violations</u> (posted 03/30/2020)
  - Orden del Gobernador 20-35: Departamento de Correccionales Violación de la Libertad Condicional (posted 03/30/2020)
- A Stitch in Time Saves Lives (posted 03/30/2020)
- <u>PRESS RELEASE: Incarcerated Patient at Snohomish County Medical Center Tests Positive for</u> <u>COVID-19</u> (posted 03/28/2020)
- <u>PRESS RELEASE: Community Corrections Division reduces some supervision in response to</u> <u>COVID-19</u> (posted 03/24/2020)
- <u>Governor Proclamation 20-28: Open Public Meetings Act and Public Records Act</u> (posted 03/24/2020)
- DOC working to assist in protective gown shortage (posted 03/21/2020)
- <u>PRESS RELEASE: Department of Corrections negotiates free calls and reduced digital costs for</u> <u>incarcerated population</u> (posted 03/20/2020)
- PRESS RELEASE: Third Confirmed Case of COVID-19 reported by Corrections Employee (posted 03/18/2020)
- <u>PRESS RELEASE: Second Department of Corrections Employee Tests Positive for COVID-19</u> (posted 03/14/2020)
- PRESS RELEASE: First Department of Corrections Employee Tests Positive for COVID-19 (posted 03/13/2020)
- PRESS RELEASE: DOC Suspending Visitation, Limiting Other Events (posted 03/12/2020)
- Public Alerts & Notices

# Department Employee Resources

## COVID-19 Job Aids

- <u>Checklist for COVID-19 Symptomatic Prison Patients</u> (posted 05/26/2020)
- <u>Checklist for COVID-19 Symptomatic Work Release Patients</u> (posted 05/28/2020)
- <u>COVID-19 Releasing from Isolation to the Community Checklist</u> (posted 04/24/2020, updated 04/27/2020)
- Secondary Screening vs. Staff Mapping Job Aid 12 (posted 05/07/2020)
- DOC COVID-19 Leave Guidance Job Aid 12 (posted 05/21/2020)
- WA State DOC COVID-19 Active Screening Questionnaire (posted 03/30/2020, updated 05/08/2020)
- WA State DOC COVID-19 Mental Health/Psychiatry Response Guideline 1/24/2020)
- WA State DOC COVID-19 Mapping Guidelines 范 (posted 04/08/2020, updated 04/23/2020)
- WA State DOC COVID-19 PPE Matrix 1/12 (posted 04/10/2020, updated 06/08/2020)
- WA State DOC COVID-19 Screening, Testing, and Infection Control Guideline (posted 03/25/2020, updated 05/15/2020)

## All Staff Memos & Messages

Memos and messages are organized with newest/most recent messages at the top of the list.

## June 2020

- First incarcerated patient dies of COVID-19 12 (posted 06/18/2020)
- <u>Governor announces cancellation of some state employee raises and need for furloughs</u> (posted 06/17/2020)
- Safe Start Corrections 1/2 (posted 06/10/2020)
- COVID-19 HR Updates and Reminders 1/2 (posted 06/01/2020)

## May 2020

- Assistance: Medical Assistant-Certified and Nursing Assistant-Certified 1/2020)
- Updated Proper Use of Face Coverings and Masks 12 (posted 05/22/2020)
- First Line of Duty Death from COVID-19 12 (posted 05/18/2020)
- Proper Use of Face Coverings and Masks 1/2 (posted 05/18/2020)
- Prison Population Reduction Efforts **1** (posted 05/15/2020)
- <u>Governor's Directive 20-05, Freezing Hiring, Personal Services Contracts and Equipment</u> <u>Purchases</u> (posted 05/13/2020)
- Employee Self-Service (ESS) is Being Replaced by MyPortal on May 16, 2020 12 (posted 05/11/2020)
- Fraudulent Unemployment Claims 1/2020
- Expanded Families First COVID-19 Leave and Leave Review Following Secondary Screening (posted 05/07/2020)
- Honoring Correctional Educators during National Teacher Appreciation Week (posted 05/07/2020)
- Final Phase of Rapid Reentry Program 🔁 (posted 05/06/2020)
- Nurses Month 2020: You Make a Difference 1/12 (posted 05/06/2020)
- National Correctional Officers and Employees Week 2 (posted 05/06/2020)

- Annual Agency Award Nominees 🔁 (posted 05/01/2020)
- Extension of Governor Inslee's Stay at Home Order 2 (posted 05/01/2020)

## April 2020

- Establishment of Regional Care Facilities 🔁 (posted 04/30/2020)
- Annual In-Service Online Training 🔁 (posted 04/28/2020)
- Mandatory LMS Training Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) 1/2 (posted 04/24/2020)
- Proper Use of PPE for COVID-19 Video 1/18/2020)
- Upcoming Transfer of Individuals Back to the Community 1/2 (posted 04/16/2020)
- Updated DOC COVID-19 PPE Matrix Memo № (posted 04/14/2020)
- Revised Return to Work Process Letter 🔁 (posted 04/14/2020)
- Employees at Higher Risk for Severe Illness (Proclamation) 1/2 (posted 04/14/2020)
- Families First Coronavirus Response Act (FFCRA) Resources 1/2 (posted 04/10/2020)
- Employees at Higher Risk for Severe Illness 1/2 (posted 04/10/2020)
- Mandatory Use of Face Coverings All DOC Locations <sup>™</sup>
  (posted 04/10/2020)
- Families First Coronavirus Response Act (FFCRA) Resources 🔁 (posted 04/10/2020)
  - DOC 03-113 Families First Coronavirus Response Act Approval Request 12
- <u>COVID-19 Mapping Guidelines</u> 1 (posted 04/08/2020)
- First Positive COVID-19 Test for Incarcerated Individual within Washington State Correctional <u>Facility</u><sup>1</sup> (posted 04/05/2020)
- Voluntary N95 Respirator General Use № (posted 04/03/2020)
- Expansion of FMLA and Sick Leave Due to the Federal Families First Coronavirus Response Act (FFCRA) 1 (posted 04/02/2020)
- Updated Employee PPE Protocols for Patients on Isolation or Quarantine 🔁 (posted 04/01/2020)

## March 2020

- Screening Follow Up 🔁 (posted 03/31/2020)
  - Active Screening Questionnaire 5
- <u>Active Screening Administrative Leave Approval</u> (posted 03/31/2020)
- <u>Rapid Staff Hiring</u> <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> (posted 03/30/2020)
- Employee PPE Protocols for Patients on Isolation or Quarantine 1/2 (posted 03/27/2020)
- EPA Approved COVID-19 Cleaning & Sanitizing Products 1/2 (posted 03/27/2020)
- Expanded List of Cancelled Instructor-Led Trainings 1 (posted 03/26/2020)
- Sustainability and Environmental Awards Postponement 🔁 (posted 03/26/2020)
- Annual Agency Awards Recipients & Corrections Pride 1/25/2020)
- DOC Policy 420.380 Drug/Alcohol Testing 🔁 (posted 03/24/2020)
- Governor Inslee's Stay Home Stay Healthy Proclamation 🔁 (posted 03/23/2020)
- Governor Inslee's Stay Home Stay Healthy Proclamation 🔁 (posted 03/23/2020)
- Secondary Screening Implementation 1/2020)
- <u>Secretary Message: COVID-19</u> (posted 03/21/2020)
- Information Technology (IT) Remote Access 1/2 (posted 03/20/2020)
- Screening Protocol and Use of Administrative Leave 1/2 (posted 03/18/2020)
- Expanded List of Cancelled Instructor-led Trainings 1/12 (posted 03/18/2020)

- <u>All COVID-19 Resources</u> (posted 03/17/2020)
- Encouraging Telework for Eligible Employees 🔁 (posted 03/15/2020)
- UPDATED Enhanced Screening Process: DOC Response to COVID-19 12 (posted 03/15/2020)
- 2nd DOC case, Enhanced Screening, Telework 1/2 (posted 03/15/2020)
- Department of Corrections Suspending Some Annual In-service Classes 1/2 (posted 03/13/2020)

### Additional Resources

Additional resources for department staff regarding employee assistance, teleworking, leave, and wellness.

- COVID-19 Corrections Staff Frequently Asked Questions 12 (updated 04/07/2020)
- COVID-19 Cybersecurity Awareness 1/2 (posted 03/18/2020)
- COVID-19 Leave Usage Matrix 🔁
- DOC 03-113 Families First Coronavirus Response Act Approval Request
- <u>Employee Assistance Program: Coping with Stress During an Infectious Disease Outbreak</u> (posted 03/23/2020)
- Employee Telework Guidance Frequently Asked Questions 1/2 (posted 04/08/2020)
- Ergonomics: Comfortable seated posture at the computer 🔁
- Ergonomics for Home Offices
- <u>Ergonomics Telework Self-Assessment</u> 1/2
- NETEC: Personal Protective Equipment for COVID-19
- Washington State Educational School Districts Meals and Childcare Information **1** (posted 03/18/2020)
- World Health Organization: Coping with stress during the 2019-nCoV outbreak (posted 03/23/2020)

## **Recommended Resources**

- Centers for Disease Control (CDC)
- <u>Centers for Disease Control: Get Your Home Ready</u>
- <u>COVID-19 Educational Materials</u>
- <u>Cumulative counts of COVID-19 cases by U.S. state over time</u>
- Department of Health (DOH)
- Johns Hopkins University & Medicine Coronavirus COVID-19 Global Cases
- <u>KING5: Washington State prisons take measures to keep coronavirus away</u>
- TVW: Inside Olympia Special Interview Austin Jenkins interview with Secretary Sinclair
- Tracking the Coronavirus Contagion
- Washington State Coronavirus Response (COVID-19)
- Washington State COVID-19 Cases by County
- <u>Washington State Local Health Departments and Districts</u>
- World Health Organization (WHO)

#### DECLARATION OF FILING AND MAILING OR DELIVERY

The undersigned certifies under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Washington that on the below date, the original of the document to which this declaration is affixed/attached, was filed in the **Court of Appeals** – **Division Two** under **Case No.** and a true copy was mailed with first-class postage prepaid or otherwise caused to be delivered by other courtapproved means to the following attorney(s) or party/parties of record at their regular office / residence / e-mail address as listed on ACORDS / WSBA website:

 $\square$ 

respondent Kristie Barham, DPA [PCpatcecf@co.pierce.wa.us] [kristie.barham@piercecountywa.gov] Pierce County Prosecutor's Office



Attorney for other party



appellant

fort

MARIA ANA ARRANZA RILEY, Legal Assistant Washington Appellate Project Date: June 22, 2020

## WASHINGTON APPELLATE PROJECT

## June 22, 2020 - 2:45 PM

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